

**Report on “Group Presentation on Impact of Covid-19 on Macro-Economic Variables Held on 24.05.2021-29.05.2021**

<b>Date of Event</b>	24.05.2021-29.05.2021
<b>Name and Type of Event</b>	Presentation on Impact of Covid-19 on Macro-Economic Variables
<b>Conducted by</b>	Sudeshna Sarkar
<b>No. Of Participant</b>	23

**Presentation on Impact of Covid-19 on Macro-Economic Variables**

On 24th May, 2021 the students of B.Com of ARKA JAIN UNIVERSITY gave a Group Presentation on Impact of Covid-19 on Macro-Economic Variables. Students were divided into several groups so that they can work together as a team and present their views. Each student had to speak on an issue and at the end of the presentation had to face a question – answer round by the others. The theme was pertinent with the modules in the curriculum. The presentation group wise continued for a week and students were given feedback, instructed to incorporate some changes and upload it in Slide share Account.

Outcome: The Group presentation helped to develop teamwork. Students developed a better understanding of the concept and could relate the theoretical knowledge with the practical one.

## Poster of the Event

**ARKA JAIN  
UNIVERSITY**

**SCHOOL OF COMMERCE  
AND MANAGEMENT**

PRESENTS



**Impact of COVID-19 on  
Macroeconomics Variables  
of Indian Economy**

**Convener,  
SUDESHNA SARKAR**  
e-mail:  
sudesnasarkar@arkaajainuniversity.ac.in

DATE- 24th May -26th May,2021  
VENUE- ZOOMLINK:  
<https://us06web.zoom.us/j/49479567967>  
pwd=akYAM1B5eTtlUeR1J0e298Q0x9K29Sut99

## Screenshot:


**FINANCIAL MARKET**

A financial market is a marketplace, where creation and trading of financial assets such as shares, debentures, bonds, derivatives, currencies, etc. take place. It plays a crucial role in allocating limited resources, in the country's economy. It acts as an intermediary between the savers and investors by mobilizing funds between them.


If we talk about stock market that includes Sensex and Nifty, has seen so much volatility before pandemic and during this pandemic. Nifty and Sensex shows the consuming capacity of people of India and the current volatility indicates that how the consuming capacity of ordinary people are effected during this lockdown.

In 2019, the Nifty clocked a 12 percent gain, while the Sensex advanced 14.4 percent. Among the sectoral indices, the Nifty Bank rose 18 percent. The Nifty Realty and Finance advanced 28 percent and 25 percent, respectively.

The 2020 Stock Market Crash was a major and sudden global stock market crash that began on 20 February 2020 and ended on 7 April. The crash caused a short-lived bear market, and in April 2020 global stock markets re-entered a bull market, though U.S. market indices did not return to January 2020 levels until November 2020. The crash signalled the beginning of the COVID-19 recession. The 2020 stock market crash followed a decade of economic prosperity and sustained global growth after recovery from the financial crisis of 2007–2009. Global unemployment was at its lowest in history. However, in 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic, the most impactful pandemic since the Spanish flu, began, decimating the economy. And as mentioned in the introduction, the stock market has already seen bull and bear in the early months of 2021 and will face more volatility because of this current situation.



Average growth rate in 2019  
compared to 2010



In April 2020, because of the sudden lockdown amidst the pandemic, Nifty fell to its lowest and further volatility was seen. It ends with major crashes.

