

Syllabus of Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Semester-I-II-III-IV-V-VI-VII-VIII for Batch (2020-24)

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G ARKA JAIN University Jharkhand

Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-I

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	A	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	A	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	A	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	A	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	A	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	A	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	А	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	A	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SCHEME OF THE STUDY SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER-IV

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Internship / Industrial Training/Vocational Training (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

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S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
	Elective IV								
1	Air and Noise Pollution and Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management								
	Elective V								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Prestressed Concrete								
	Open Elective II								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

SEMESTER VII

SEMESTER VIII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
	Elective VI								
1	Bridge Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Ground Water Engineering								
	Elective VII								
2	Railway Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Traffic Engineering and Management	TLC	5	5	100	70	20	5	5
	Open Elective III								
3	Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior								
	Open Elective IV								
4	Civil Engineering Design-I	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Geographic Information Systems and Science								
	Practical								
5	Major Project	PROJ	8	16	200	140	60	0	0
6	Extra- Curricular/ Co- Curricular Activity	PROJ	0	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		20	28	700	490	170	20	20

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment - Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4-year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points; eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4]. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels, railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

PROGRAM ARTICULATION MATRIX

SEM	COURSECODE	PRO	GRA	M OU	TCOM	AES A	ND P	ROGE	RAM S	SPECI	FIC O	UTCO	OMES				
	COURSECODE	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
	Engineering Chemistry-BTE22011	1		1		1	1						1		1		
	Engineering Mathematics–I-BTE21001	2			1		1					1	1	1		1	
	Basic Electrical Engineering-BTE21003	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1				1	1	
	Engineering Mechanics-BTE22009	1		1				1					1				1
Ι	Engineering Chemistry Lab-BTE22015	1			1	1											1
	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab-BTE21005	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1
	Engineering Mechanics Lab-BTE22013	1		1				1					1				1
	Engineering Graphics & Design-BTE21004	1				1				1		1		1	1		1
	Engineering Physics-BTE22010	1	2	2	2	1					1		2		1		1
	Engineering Mathematics –II-BTE22008		2	1	1	2			2							1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving-BTE212159	1	1		1			1									
	English for Communication-BTE22370	1	1	1			1				2		1				1
II	Constitution of India-BTE25095																
	Engineering physics Lab-BTE21261			2	2	1		1							1	1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab-BTE21262																
	Workshop Practices-BTE22267	1	1	1	1		1						1				
	Engineering Mathematics –III-BTE23022	3	2	2		1									2		1
	Biology for Engineers-BTE23018	3	2	1	1						2	1	1	3	2	1	1
	Surveying & Geomatics-BTE23272	3	3	3	3						3	3	3	3	2	1	2
	Mechanics of Solid-BTE23021	3	3	3	3	1	1	1		1	4	1	3	3	3	1	2
III	Introduction to Civil Engineering-BTE23273	3	2	3	1	3	6					1	2	3	3	2	1
	Environmental Science-BTE24085	3	3	3	3	3	2					3	3	3	2	1	1
	Surveying & Geomatics Lab-BTE23274	2	3	3	3	1		1			2		1	3	1	3	3
	Mechanics of Solid Lab-BTE23025	2	3	3	2	1		1					1	3		2	
	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing- BTE23275	3	2	2	2	2	1			1	1		1	3	2	2	2

	Material Testing & Evaluation-BTE24280	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	2	3	0
	Engineering Geology-BTE24055	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	3	2
	Fluid Mechanics-BTE24080	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	1
	Structural Analysis – I-BTE24057	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	2
	Geotechnical Engineering – I-BTE24056	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	2
IV	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact- BTE24059	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2
	Material Testing & Evaluation Lab-DIP24388	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	2	1
	Engineering Geology Lab-BTE24062	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	3	2
	Geotechnical Engineering Lab-BTE24063	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	2
	Fluid Mechanics Lab-BTE24086	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	3	2
	Hydraulic Engineering-BTE25089	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1			2	3	3	1	1
	Structural Analysis II-BTE25090	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	Ī	1			2	2	3	1	
	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering- BTE25091	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	1	1	1		2	3	3	1	1
	Environmental Engineering-I-BTE25092	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	1	2
v	Open Elective IHumanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics-DIP25373				1	1	3	1	3	3	3	2	2	1		3	3
•	Organizational Behavior-BTE24060				2		3	1	3	3	3	0	2			3	3
	Disaster Preparedness & Planning-BTE25298	2	1	0	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	0	3	2	2	1	3
	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge- BTE25299	1	1	0	2	1	2	1	3	3	3	0	3	1	2	0	3
	Hydraulic Engineering Lab-BTE25096	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	2	3	3	1	1
	Structural Analysis II Lab-BTE25097	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	3	1	0
	Internship / Industrial Training/Vocational Training (3-4 week)-BTE25285																
	Construction Engineering & Management- BTE26126	3	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	2
	Transportation Engineering-I-BTE25093	3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	3	3	3	2	1	1	3
	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing- BTE26127	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	2	2
VI	Elective I Rock Mechanics-BTE26315	3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	2	1	1
	Foundation Engineering-BTE26316	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	3	2	1
	Elective II	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	3

	Environmental Engineering II-BTE26130		T	Τ	T	T	T	Τ	1								
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System- BTE26317	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	3
	Elective III Design of Steel Structure-BTE26134	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	2	2	1
'	Earthquake Engineering-BTE26318	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	3	3	3	3
'	Design of Concrete Structures-I-BTE26319	3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	3	3	3
'	Transportation Engineering I Lab-BTE25098	3	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	1	1	3
	Elective IV Air and Noise Pollution and Control-BTE27341	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management- BTE27342	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
	Elective V Design of Concrete Structure – II-BTE27343	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	1
'	Prestressed Concrete-BTE27344	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	1
VII	Open Elective II Metro System & Engineering-BTE27345	3	2	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	1
'	History of Science & Engineering-BTE27346	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	1	2
	River Engineering-BTE27347	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2
	Minor Project-BTE27348	$\boxed{}$															
	Industrial Training(Summer Internship -4-6 Week)- BTE27349																
	Elective VI Bridge Engineering-BTE28365	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	3	3	2	1
'	Ground Water Engineering-BTE28389	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	1	0	2	3	2	2	1
	Elective VII Railway Engineering-BTE28366	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	0	2	2	1	3	3	2	3	2
VIII	Traffic Engineering and Management-BTE28367	2	3	3	2	1	2	1	0	1	2	0	2	2	3	1	2
VIII	Open Elective III Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication- BTE25386	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	1	2	0	1	3	3
	Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior-BTE26387	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	3	3	3	0	2	0	0	3	3
!	Open Elective IV Civil Engineering Design-I-BTE28368	2	2	2	0	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	1	3	2
	Geographic Information Systems and Science- BTE28369	3	3	2	3	3	2	0	0	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	2

AJU-B.Tech. in Civil Engineering - Syllabus w.e.f Batch 2020												
Major Project-BTE28364												
Extra- Curricular/ Co-Curricular Activity- BTE28390												

Subject: Engineering Chemistry

Code:BTE22011 3 Credits | Semester 1

A. Introduction:

Following are the objectives of this course:

- To understand the Concepts of chemical bonding.
- To know the importance of the Periodic Table of the Elements, how it came to be, and its role in organizing chemical information.
- To learn about the basic concepts of Spectroscopy.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] To provide students with the skills required to succeed in graduate school, the chemical industry or professional school.
- **[CO2] The** student will acquire a foundation of chemistry of sufficient breadth and depthto enable them to understand and critically interpret the primary chemical literature.
- [CO3] Recognize the exigency and importance of engineering chemistry in the use of industrial and domestic determination.
- **[CO4] Design** economically and new methods of synthesis of new materials and apply their knowledge for protection of environment and application in their field.
- [CO5] To provide an insight into latest (R&D oriented) topics, to enable the engineering student upgrade the existing technologies and pursue further research.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% include	es all types of leaves including
		medical leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR STRUCTURE: Molecular orbital of diatomic molecules and plots of the multicentre orbital. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomic. Pi-molecular orbital of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Numerical based on Crystal field stabilization energy. Band structure of solids

SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS: Principles of spectroscopy and selection rules. Electronic spectroscopy. Fluorescence and its applications in medicine. Vibration and rotational spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. Applications. Nuclear magnetic resonance and magnetic resonance imaging, surface characterization techniques. Diffraction and scattering

USE OF FREE ENERGY IN CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIA: Thermodynamic functions: energy, entropy and free energy. Estimations of entropy and free energies. Cell potentials, the Nernst equation and applications, Relation of free energy with EMF. Acid base, oxidation reduction and solubility equilibrium .Corrosion, Types of corrosion, galvanic series, Cathodic and anodic reactions, corrosion prevention methods.

PERIODIC PROPERTIES: Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies ofatoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron affinity and electro negativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries. Hard soft acids and bases (Classification, pearsons HSAB principle, its application and limitation), molecular geometries (VSEPR theory to NH₃, H₃O⁺, SF₄, CLF₃,ICl₂and H₂O)

INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY: Polymers: types of polymer, polymerization, applications, and important synthetic polymers. Ceramics material: Classification and Applications, Water treatment, Air pollution and Control techniques.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. A textbook of Engg. Chemistry-ShashiChawla
- T2. Engineering Chemistry by Wiley
- T3. Physical Chemistry by Atkins
- T4. Engineering chemistry by P.C. Jain (Dhantpat Rai Publishing company)
- T5. Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane
- T6. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Environmental Engg. - Keiley

R2. Selected topics in inorganic chemistry-MMT

R3. I. A Levine, Physical chemistry, McGraw Hill

R4. Organic chemistry by clayden.

R5.Essentials of Physical chemistry, Bahl& Tuli, S. Chand Publishing.

R6. Inorganic Chemistry by J D Lee.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT	CORR	ELATI	ON WIT	H PRO(GRAM (DUTCON	MES						CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4			
[CO1]	To provide students with the skills required to succeed in graduate school, the chemical industry or professional school.	2				1														
[CO2]	The student will acquire a foundation of chemistry of sufficient breadth and depthto enable them to understand and critically interpret the primary chemical literature.		2					1							1					
[CO3]	Recognize the exigency and importance of engineering chemistry in the use of industrial and domestic determination.			2			1								1					
[CO4]	Design economically and new methods of synthesis of new materials and apply their knowledge for protection of environment and application in their field.					2							1				1			
[CO5]	To provide an insight into latest (R&D oriented) topics, to enable the engineering student upgrade the existing technologies and pursue further research.				2							1				1				

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Mathematics–I

Code:BTE21001 Credit - 4 | Semester 1

A. Introduction:

- To familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in calculus, multivariate analysis and linear algebra.
- To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level
- Serve them well towards tackling more advanced level of mathematics and applications that they would find useful in their disciplines.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- **[C01]** Remembering differential and integral calculus to notions of curvature and to improper integrals. Apart from some other applications, they will have a basic understanding of Beta and Gamma functions
- **[CO2]** Understanding the fallouts of Rolle's Theorem that is fundamental to application of analysis to Engineering problems
- **[CO3]** Appling the tool of power series and Fourier series for learning advanced Engineering Mathematics
- **[CO4]** Analyzing the deal with functions of several variables that is essential in most branches of engineering

[CO5]Evaluating the essential tool of matrices and linear algebra in a comprehensive manner

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% include	s all types of leaves including
		medical leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

CALCULUS: Evolutes and involutes, Evaluation of definite and improper integrals ,Beta and Gamma functions and their properties Application of definite integral, Curve tracing, area, evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions

CALCULUS: Rolle's Theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders, Indeterminate forms and Hospitals rule, Maxima and minima

SEQUENCE AND SERIES: Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence, Power series, Taylors series, series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithmfunctions,2 Fourier series: Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem

MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS (DIFFERENTIATION): Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative, Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points, Method of Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence

MATRICES: Symmetric, skew- symmetric and orthogonal matrices, ,complex matrix, hermitian, skewhermitian matrix, Inverse and rank of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen vectors; Diagonalization of matrices, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, and Orthogonal transformation

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint,2002
- T2. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008

R2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010

AJU-B.Tech. in Civil Engineering - Syllabus w.e.f Batch 2020 G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs) CO STATEMENT CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES **CORRELATION WITH** PROGRAM SPECIFIC **OUTCOMES PO 1 PO 2 PO 3 PO 4 PO 5 PO 6 PO 7 PO 8 PO 9 PO 10** PO 11 PO 12 PSO 1 PSO 2 PSO 3 PSO₄ To apply differential and integral 1 1 1 [CO1] calculus to notions of curvature and to improper integrals. Apart from some other applications, they will have a basic understanding of Beta and Gamma functions The fallouts of Rolle's Theorem that is 2 1 1 [CO2] fundamentalto application of analysis to Engineering problems The tool of power series and Fourier 2 1 1 [CO3] series for learning advanced Engineering Mathematics To deal with functions of several 2 1 [CO4] variables that is essential in most branches of engineering The essential tool of matrices and 1 1 1 [CO5] linear algebra in a comprehensive manner

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Basic Electrical Engineering Code:BTE21003

Credits- 4 | Semester 1

A. Introduction:

- To Enhancement in understanding the basic concepts of Core Electrical Engineering subjects. The topics covered under this subject will help
- To enhance the basic understanding of Electrical machines and power systems and basic electronics through the topic covered under this Subject

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understand the basic knowledge of electrical quantities such as current, voltage, power, energy and frequency
- [CO2] Predict the behavior of any electrical and magnetic circuits.
- [CO3] Formulate and solve complex AC, DC circuits.
- [CO4] Identify the type of electrical machine used for that particular application.
- [CO5] Realize the requirement of transformers in transmission and distribution of electric power and other applications.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% include	es all types of leaves including
		medical leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

A. SYLLABUS

D.C. CIRCUITS : Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, dependent and independent sources, Units and dimensions, Source Conversion, Kirchhoff current and voltage laws, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin's theorem and their application for analysis of series and parallel resistive circuits excited by independent voltage sources, Power & Energy in such circuits. Mesh & nodal analysis, Star Delta transformation & circuits and Norton theorems. Time- domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

A.C. CIRCUITS : Representation and Generation of sinusoidal AC voltage, definition of average value, R.M.S. value, form factor and peak factor of AC quantity , Concept of phasor, Concept of Power factor, Concept of impedance and admittance, Active, reactive and apparent power, Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C R-L, R-C, R-L-C series

¶llel circuit Resonance Necessity and advantages of three phase systems, Meaning of Phase sequence, balanced and unbalanced supply and loads. Relationship between line and phase values for balanced star and delta connections. Power in balanced & unbalanced threephase system and their measurements

TRANSFORMERS : Types of Magnetic Material ,BH characteristics(magnetization characteristics) of Ferro magnetic materials, self - inductance and mutual inductance, energy in linear magnetic systems, AC excitation in magnetic circuits, magnetic field produced by current carrying conductor, Force on a current carrying conductor. Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections

ELECTRICAL MACHINES : Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Loss components and efficiency, starting and speed control of induction motor. Single-phase induction motor Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited dc motor. Construction and working of synchronous generators

POWER CONVERTERS &ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS:DC-DC buck and boost converters, duty ratio control Single-phase and three-phase voltage source inverters; sinusoidal modulation Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. B.L. Theraja & A.K Theraja, Electrical Technology Volume-I, S. Chand & Co

T2.V.N. Mittle, Basic Electrical Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill

T3. S.N. SinghBasic Electrical Engineering, P.H.I

T4. Rajendra Prasad, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Prentice Hall

T5.C.L. WadhwaBasic Electrical Engineering, New Age International

- T6.Ram, H. D.; Chauhan, A. K., Foundations and Applications of Applied Mechanics, Cambridge University Press.
- T7.Meriam, J. L., Kraige, L.G., Engineering Mechanics- Statics, Vol. I, Wiley Publication, New Delhi.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. L.S. Bobrow, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Oxford University PressR2. E. Hughes, Electrical and Electronics Technology, Pearson

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES														
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
[CO1]	Understand the basic knowledge of electrical quantities such as current, voltage, power, energy and frequency	2	1														
[CO2]	Predict the behavior of any electrical and magnetic circuits.			2	3										1		
[CO3]	Formulate and solve complex AC, DC circuits.					2		2								1	
[CO4]	Identify the type of electrical machine used for that particular application.						2		1								
[CO5]	Realize the requirement of transformers in transmission and distribution of electric power and other applications.									1	2						

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Mechanics

Code:BTE22009 Credits- 3 | Semester I

A. Introduction:

- To obtain resultant of various forces
- To obtain resultant of various forces
- To understand role of friction in equilibrium problems
- To know fundamental laws of machines and their applications to various engineering problems

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able

[CO1] Identify the force systems for given conditions by applying the basics of mechanics. **[CO2]** Determine unknown force(s) of different engineering systems.

[CO3] Apply the principles of friction in various conditions for useful purposes.

[CO4] Find the centroid and center of gravity of various components in engineering systems. **[CO5]**Select the relevant simple lifting machine(s) for given purposes.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks					
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20					
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5					
		Assignment	5					
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70					
Examination(ESE)								
Total			100					
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a					
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.						
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including						
		medical leaves.						

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

BASICS OF MECHANICS AND FORCE SYSTEM: Basic concepts, Applied mechanics, Statics, Dynamics. Space, time, mass, particle, flexible body and rigid body. Scalar and vector quantity, Units of measurement (SI units) - Fundamental units and derived units. Force – unit, representation as a vector and by Bow's notation, characteristics and effects of a force, Principle of transmissibility of force, Force system and its classification. Resolution of a force - Orthogonal components of a force, moment of a force, Varignon's Theorem. Composition of forces – Resultant, analytical method for determination of resultant for concurrent, non-concurrent and parallel co-planar force systems – Law of triangle, parallelogram and polygon of forces.

EQUILIBRIUM: Equilibrium and Equilibrant, Free body and Free body diagram, Analytical and graphical methods of analyzing equilibrium, Lami's Theorem – statement and explanation, Application for various engineering problems. Types of beam, supports (simple, hinged, roller and fixed) and loads acting on beam (vertical and inclined point load, uniformly distributed load, couple),Beam reaction for cantilever, simply supported beam with or without overhang –

subjected to combination of Point load and uniformly distributed load, Beam reaction graphically for simply supported beam subjected to vertical point loads only

FRICTION & VIRTUAL WORK: Friction and its relevance in engineering, types and laws of friction, limiting equilibrium, limiting friction, co-efficient of friction, angle of friction, angle of repose, relation between co-efficient of friction and angle of friction. Introduction, laws of coulomb friction, simple contact friction problems, belt friction, the square crew thread rolling resistance, Equilibrium of bodies on level surface subjected to force parallel and inclined to plane. Equilibrium of bodies on inclined plane subjected to force parallel to the plane only. Work of a force, Principle of Virtual work and its application.

CENTROID AND CENTRE OF GRAVITY& TRUSS: Centroid of geometrical plane figures (square, rectangle, triangle, circle, semi-circle, quarter circle), Centroid of composite figures composed of not more than three geometrical figures, Centre of Gravity of simple solids (Cube, cuboid, cone, cylinder, sphere, hemisphere) Centre ofGravity of composite solids composed of not more than two simple solids. The structural model, simple trusses, analysis of simple trusses: method of joints, Method of sections, graphical method.

SIMPLE LIFTING MACHINE: Simple lifting machine, load, effort, mechanical advantage, applications and advantages. Velocity ratio, efficiency of machines, law of machine. Ideal machine, friction in machine, maximum Mechanical advantage and efficiency, reversible and non-reversible machines, conditions for reversibility, Velocity ratios of Simple axle and wheel, Differential axle and wheel, Worm and worm wheel, Single purchase and double purchase crab winch, Simple screw jack, Weston's differential pulley block, geared pulley block.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1.D.S. Bedi, Engineering Mechanics, Khanna Publications, New Delhi (2008)

T2.Khurmi, R.S., Applied Mechanics, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.

T3.Bansal R K, A text book of Engineering Mechanics, Laxmi Publications.

T4.Ramamrutham, Engineering Mechanics, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1.Dhade, Jamadar & Walawelkar, Fundamental of Applied Mechanics, Pune VidhyarthiGruh.
- R2. Ram, H. D.; Chauhan, A. K., Foundations and Applications of Applied Mechanics, CambridgeUniversity Press.
- R3. Meriam, J. L., Kraige, L.G., Engineering Mechanics- Statics, Vol. I, Wiley Publication, New Delhi.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES						CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES								
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
[CO1]	Identify the force systems for given conditions by applying the basics of mechanics.	3	3										3				2
[CO2]	Determine unknown force(s) of different engineering systems.		3										3				3
[CO3]	Apply the principles of friction in various conditions for useful purposes.		3										3				1
[CO4]	Find the centroid and center of gravity of various components in engineering systems.	3			3												2
[CO5]	Select the relevant simple lifting machine(s) for given purposes.	3											3				

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Chemistry Lab

Code:BTE22015 Credits- 1 | Semester I

A. Introduction:

- To expose the students to a breadth of experimental techniques using modern instrumentation.
- The student will learn the laboratory skills needed to design, safely conduct and interpret chemical research.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able

- [CO1] The chemistry laboratory course will consist of experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering
- **[CO2]** The students will learn to estimate rate constants of reactions from concentration of reactants/products as a function of time
- **[CO3]** Measure molecular/system properties such as surface tension, viscosity, conductance of solutions, redox potentials, chloride content of water, etc.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks				
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5				
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5				
	Assignment	5				
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35				
Examination(ESE)						
Total		50				
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendanc	e is required to be maintained				
	by a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester					
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of					
leaves including medical leaves.						

D. SYLLABUS

S.No.	Name of Experiments
1	Determination of surface tension and viscosity.
2	To prepare buffer solution and standardization of pH meter.
3	Determination of chloride content of water.
4	Colligative properties using freezing point depression.
5	Determination of the rate constant of a reaction.
6	Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions.

7	Chemical analysis of a salt.
8	Lattice structures and packing of spheres.
9	Models of potential energy surfaces.
10	Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction
11	Determination of the amount of iron in an iron ore solution by KMnO ₄
12	Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal
13	To determine alkalinity of a given water sample.
14	Synthesis of a polymer/drug.
15	Saponification/acid value of oil.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Practical Chemistry by S.S. Dara

T2.Practical Chemistry by D N Bajpai – S. Chand Publishing

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1.Advanced Practical Chemistry Book by pragatiprakashan

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES												CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4		
[CO1]	The chemistry laboratory course will consist of experiments illustrating the principles of Chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering	2													1				
[CO2]	The students will learn to an ability to use modern instrumental techniques for engineeringPractice.				2											1			
[CO3]	The laboratory an ability to choose appropriate materials for various engineering purposes		2																
[CO4]	To bring adaptability to new developments in Engineering Chemistry and to acquire the Skills required to become a perfect engineer.					2											1		

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Basic Electrical Engineering Lab

Code:BTE21005 Credits- 1 | Semester I

A. Introduction:

- To impart a basic knowledge of electrical instruments voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, and oscilloscope. Real-life resistors, capacitors and inductors. Measurement such as current, voltage, power, energy and frequency to understand the impact of technology in a global and societal context.
- Emphasize the effects of electric shock and precautionary measures.
- Improve the ability to function on multi-disciplinary team.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able

[CO1] Study different meters and instruments for measurement of electrical quantities

[CO2] Study the linear and nonlinear characteristics of different types of loads experimentally

[CO3] Design and experiment potential divider circuits

[CO4] Experimentally verify the basic circuit theorems

[CO5] Measure power and power factor in ac circuits

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5						
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5						
	Assignment	5						
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35						
Examination(ESE)								
Total		50						
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained						
	by a student to be qualified for	taking up the End Semester						
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all type							
	leaves including medical leaves	S.						

D. SYLLABUS

S.No.	Name of Experiments
1	Introduction to components/Equipments
2	Demonstrate the verification of Ohm's law.
3	Demonstrate the verification of Resistance in series And parallel apparatus.
4	Demonstrate the verification of Kirchhoff's current law (KCL).
5	Demonstrate the verification of Kirchhoff's voltage law (KVL).
6	Demonstrate the verification of superposition theorem.

7	Demonstrate the verification of Thevenin's theorem.
8	Demonstrate the verification of Norton's theorem.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1.D.P. Kothari & I.J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill, latest edition.
- T2.S.N. Singh, Basic Electrical Engineering, P.H.I.,2013
- T3.Rajendra Prasad, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Prentice Hall, 2014
- T4.M.S. Sukhija, T. K. Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and electronics engineering, Oxford University press, 2012

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1.C.L. Wadhwa, Basic Electrical Engineering. New Age International.
- R2.B.L. Theraja & A.K Theraja Textbook of Electrical Technology Vol. 1, S. Chand Publication
- R3.E. Hughes & I.M. Smith Hughes Electrical Technology Pearson
- R4. Vincent Del Toro Electrical Engineering Fundamentals

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES												CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4		
[CO1]	Study different meters and instruments for measurement of electrical quantities	3	2																
[CO2]	Study the linear and nonlinear characteristics of different types of loads experimentally			2	2														
[CO3]	Design and experiment potential divider circuits			2									1		1	1			
[CO4]	Experimentally verify the basic circuit theorems						1	1									1		
[CO5]	Select the relevant simple lifting machine(s) for given purposes.	3											3						

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Mechanics Lab

Code:BTE22013 Credits- 1 | Semester I

A. Introduction:

- To obtain resultant of various forces.
- To calculate support reactions through conditions of equilibrium for various structures
- To understand role of friction in equilibrium problems
- To know fundamental laws of machines and their applications to various engineering problems

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able

[CO1] Identify the force systems for given conditions by applying the basics of mechanics.

- [CO2] Determine unknown force(s) of different engineering systems.
- [CO3] Apply the principles of friction in various conditions for useful purposes.
- [CO4] Find the centroid and centre of gravity of various components in engineering systems.

[CO5] Select the relevant simple lifting machine(s) for given purposes.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks									
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5									
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5									
	Assignment	5									
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35									
Examination(ESE)											
Total		50									
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained										
	by a student to be qualified for	taking up the End Semester									
	examination. The allowance of	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of									
	leaves including medical leaves	leaves including medical leaves.									

D. SYLLABUS

S.No.	Name of Experiments
1	To study various equipment's related to Engineering Mechanics.
2	To find the M.A., V.R., Efficiency and law of machine for Differential Axle and Wheel.
3	To find the M.A., V.R., Efficiency and law of machine for Simple Screw Jack.
4	Derive Law of machine using Worm and worm wheel.
5	Derive Law of machine using Single purchase crab.

6	Derive Law of machine using double purchase crab.
7	Derive Law of machine using Weston's differential or wormed geared pulley block.
8	Determine resultant of concurrent force system applying Law of Polygon of forces using forcetable.
9	Determine resultant of concurrent force system graphically.
10	Determine resultant of parallel force system graphically.
11	Verify Lami's theorem.
12	Study forces in various members of Jib crane.
13	Obtain support reactions of beam using graphical method.
14	Determine coefficient of friction for motion on horizontal and inclined plane.
15	Determine centroid of geometrical plane figures.
16	Determine support reactions for simply supported beam.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1.Bedi D.S., Engineering Mechanics, Khanna Publishing House
- T2.Khurmi, R.S., Applied Mechanics, S.Chand& Co. New Delhi.
- T3.Bansal R K, A text book of Engineering Mechanics, Laxmi Publications.

T4.Ramamrutham, Engineering Mechanics, S.,S Chand & Co. New Delhi.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Dhade, Jamadar & Walawelkar, Fundamental of Applied Mechanics, Pune VidhyarthiGruh.
- R2. Ram, H. D.; Chauhan, A. K. Foundations and Applications of Applied Mechanics, CambridgeUniversityPress.
- R3. Meriam, J. L., Kraige, L.G., Engineering Mechanics- Statics, Vol. I, Wiley Publication, New Delhi.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR	RELAT	TION W	VITH P		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES										
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO 5	PO	PO	PO 8	PO 9	PO	PO	PO	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO	PSO 4
		1	2	3	4		6	7			10	11	12			3	
[CO1]	Identify the force systems for given conditions by applying the basics of mechanics.	1															
[CO2]	Determine unknown force(s) of different engineering systems.			1													
[CO3]	Apply the principles of friction in various conditions for useful purposes.							1									
[CO4]	Find the centroid and center of gravity of various components in engineering systems.												1				1
[CO5]	Select the relevant simple lifting machine(s) for given purposes.																

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Graphics & Design

Code:BTE21004 Credits- 2 | Semester I

A. Introduction:

- Increase ability to communicate with people
- Learn to sketch and take field dimensions.
- Learn to take data and transform it into graphic drawings.
- Learn basic Auto Cad skills.
- Learn basic engineering drawing formats
- Prepare the student for future Engineering positions

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able

[CO1] Perform basic sketching techniques

[CO2] Understanding of architectural and engineering scales will increase.

[CO3] Able to draw orthographic projections and sections.

- [CO4] Ability to produce engineered drawings will improve
- [CO5] Become familiar with office practice and standards.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5						
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5						
	Assignment	5						
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35						
Examination(ESE)								
Total		50						
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained							
	by a student to be qualified for	taking up the End Semester						
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of							
	leaves including medical leaves	s.						

D. SYLLABUS

GENERAL INTRODUCTION : Significance of engineering drawing, Introduction to CAD, Lettering, Dimensioning, Scales, Sense of proportioning, Conic sections – General methods only, Different types of projections,

ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS OF POINTS AND LINES: Orthographic projections, Projections of points, Projections of lines in different quadrants, traces, inclinations, and true lengths of the lines projections on auxiliary planes. shortest distance, intersecting and non-intersecting lines.

PROJECTIONS OF PLANE FIGURES: Different cases of plane figures (of different shapes) making different angles with one or both reference planes and lines lying in the plane figures

making different given angles (with one or both reference planes). Obtaining true shape of the plane figure by projection.

PROJECTION OF SOLIDS &SECTION OF SOLID: Simple cases when solid are placed in different positions Axis faces and tines lying in the faces of the solid making given angles. Sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids.

DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACE & ISOMETRIC PROJECTION: Development of simple objects with and without sectioning, Concept of Isometric Projection.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Engineering Graphics, N.D Bhatt, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited

T2. Principle of Engineering Graphics And Drawing, R.K Dhawan, S. Chand Publishing

T3. Engineering Graphics And Drafting, P.S GILL, S. K. Kataria& Sons

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Engineering Drawing and Computer Graphics, Shah, M.B. & Rana B.C. PearsonEducation

R2. Engineering Graphics, Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M, TMH Publication

R3. Text book on Engineering Drawing, Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah, Scitech Publishers

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORR															CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES			
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P 11	PO 12	PS O1	P S O 2	PSO3	PS O4			
[CO1]	Perform basic sketching techniques	1																		
[CO2]	Understandingof architectural and engineering scales will increase.	1																		
[CO3]	Able to draw orthographic projections and sections											1		2						
[CO4]	Ability to produce engineered drawings will improve					1									1					
[CO5]	Become familiar with office practice and standards.									1							1			

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-II

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	А	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	А	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	А	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	A	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	A	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER -I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	А	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	A	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –II

S.N 0	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

							Mid		
S.No	Name of the	Type of	Credit	Contact Hours	Total	End Term Theory/	Term Theory/	CIA	Attendanc
	Subject	Paper	creat	Per Week	Marks	Practical Exam	Practical Exam	*	e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER-IV

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER VI

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendane
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII End Mid Contact Term Term Type of Hours Total Name of the Subject Credit Theory/ Theory/ CIA* Attendance Paper Per Marks Practica Practica Week l Exam l Exam Elective IV D. 11. d Noi .

S.No

	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20
0	6 Week)						140	20	
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
	Practical								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Open Elective II								
	Prestressed Concrete								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective V								
1	Solid and hazardous Waste Management	120	U U		100				C .
1	Air and Noise Pollution and Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5

SEMESTER VIII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Mark s	End Term Theory/ Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practic al Exam	CIA*	Attendan ce
	Elective VI								
1	Bridge Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Ground Water Engineering								
	Elective VII								
2	Railway Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Traffic Engineering and Management								
	Open Elective III								
3	Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior								
	Open Elective IV								
4	Civil Engineering Design-I	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Geographic Information Systems and Science								
	Practical								
5	Major Project	PROJ	8	16	200	140	60	0	0
6	Extra- Curricular/ Co- Curricular Activity	PROJ	0	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		20	28	700	490	170	20	20

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA – Continuous Internal Assessment – Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4]. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels ,railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Engineering Physics

Code:BTE22010 4 Credits | Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To acquire fundamental knowledge about nature and its phenomena including quantitative expression.
- To enhance intellectual, computational, experimental, communication and analytical skills of the students Physics is necessary to satisfy the basic sciences requirement, as appropriate for various engineering disciplines

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Identify and understand the kinds of experimental results which are incompatible with classical Physics leading to the development of a quantum theory of matter and light.
- [CO2] Use basic concepts to analyze and design a wide range of semiconductor devices.
- [CO3] Understand & solve different types of wave equations.
- [CO4] Use the principles of optics to solve various complex engineering problems.
- [CO5]Use fundamental laws and relations to solve problems in electricity, electromagnetism

C. Assessment I lan.									
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
EndSemester		End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a						
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		The allowance of 25% include	es all types of leaves including						
		medical leaves.							

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

QUANTUM MECHANICS: Introduction to Quantum Physics, black body radiation, Explanation using the photon concept, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, Wave particle duality, De-Broglie hypothesis, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle. Born interpretation for wave function, Free-particle wave function and wave-packets, Time-dependent and time independent Schrodinger equation, particle in a box, Finite Potential barrier and tunneling.

ELECTRONIC MATERIALS AND SEMICONDUTOR: Free electron theory, Energy bands in solids, E-k diagram, Direct and indirect band gaps, Types of electronic materials: metals, semiconductors, and insulators, Density of states, Occupation probability, Fermi level, and Effective mass. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier-concentration and temperature, Carrier generation and recombination, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, p-n junction,

WAVES AND OSCILLATION: Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator Mechanical and electrical simple harmonic oscillators, damped harmonic oscillator – heavy, critical and light damping, energy decay in a damped harmonic oscillator, quality factor, forced mechanical and electrical oscillators, electrical and mechanical impedance, resonance.

OPTICS AND LASER: Introduction to interference, Analytical treatment of interference, Displacement of fringes, Thin film, Wedge shaped film, Newton's Ring, Concept of diffraction, Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction at single slit, double slit, and diffraction grating, Limit of Resolution, Resolving power of grating, Introduction to interaction of radiation with matter, Stimulated and spontaneous emission, Einstein's coefficient, principles and working of laser: population inversion, pumping, types of laser: He-Ne laser, Ruby laser, application of lasers.

ELECTROMAGNETISM: Electric field and electrostatic potential for a charge distribution; Laplace's and Poisson's equations for electrostatic potential and uniqueness of their solution. Boundary conditions of electric field and electrostatic potential, Bio-Savart law, vector potential and calculating it for a given magnetic field; the equation for the vector potential and its solution for given current densities. Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction, Equation of continuity, displacement current, Maxwell's equation, Poyting theorem, Electromagnetic waves in free space, conducting and non - conducting medium

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Concept of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser: Publication: TMH
- T2.Elements of electro magnetics by Mathew N.O. Sadiku: Publication: Oxford University Press
- T3.Introduction to electrodynamics by David J. Griffiths; Pub.: Pearson Education.
- T4.Optics by Ajoy Ghatak Pub;TMH
- T5.Fundamentals of Physics extended volume by Resnick, Halliday and Walker; Pub.:John Wiley & Sons. Inc. Asian Edition.
- T6.P. Bhattacharya, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, Prentice Hall of India (1997).
- T7.Engineering Physics Hitendra K.Malik & Ajay Kumar Singh by TMH Publication.
- T8. The Physics of Vibrations and Waves, H. J. Pain, 2013, John Wiley and Sons.
- T9. Introduction to Quantum mechanics, Nikhil Ranjan Roy, 2016, Vikash Publishing House Pvt Ltd

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Modern Physics by G. Aruldhas & P. Rajagopal; Pub: Prentice Hall of India.
- R2. Quantum Physics by H.C. Verma Pub.: Surya Publication .
- R3. Lasers and Non-Linear Optics by B.B. Laud; Pub: New Age International (P) Ltd.
- R4. Principles of electricity by Leigh Page and Normal Ilsley Adams, Pub.: Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- **R5.** Feynmann Lecture Series on Physics
- R6. Waves: Berkeley Physics Course, vol.3, Francis Crawford, 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- R7. Online course: "Semiconductor Optoelectronics" by M R Shenoy on NPTEL
- R8. Introduction to Modern Physics, Rich Meyer, Kennard, Coop, 2002, Tata McGraw Hill

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES									CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
[CO1]	Identify and understand the kinds of experimental results which are incompatible with Classical Physics leading to the development of a quantum theory of matter and light.	2	3										3				
[CO2]	Use basic concepts to analyze and design a wide range of semiconductor devices.			2		3									1		
[CO3]	Understand & solve different types of wave equations.				2								1				2
[CO4]	Use the principles of optics to solve various complex engineering problems.			3	2												
[CO5]	Use fundamental laws and relations to solve problems in electricity, electromagnetism		3								2						

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Mathematics –II

Code:BTE22008 4 Credits |Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To familiarize the prospective engineers with techniques in multivariate integration, ordinary and partial differential equations and complex variables.
- To equip the students to deal with advanced level of mathematics and applications that would be essential for their disciplines
- To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course,

- [CO1] Remembering the mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.
- [CO2]Understanding the effective mathematical tools for the solutions of differential equations that model physical processes.
- [CO3] Appling the tools of differentiation and integration of functions of a complex variable that are used in various techniques dealing engineering problems

[CO4]Calculate the analytic function.

[CO5]Evaluate complex integrals by using Cauchy-Goursat integral theorem.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% include	s all types of leaves including
		medical leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS (INTEGRATION): Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes, Center of mass and Gravity. Triple integrals (Cartesian), orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds, Scalar line integrals, vector line integrals, scalar surface integrals,

vector surface integrals, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes

FIRST ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Exact, linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: solvable for p,solvable for y Equations solvable for x and Clairaut's equation

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF HIGHER: Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Bessel functions of the first kind and their properties

COMPLEX VARIABLE – **DIFFERENTIATION:** Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate, Elementary analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm)and their properties, Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties.

COMPLEX VARIABLE – INTEGRATION: Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), Liouville's theorem and Maximum ,Modulus theorem (without proof)Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent'sseries; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof),Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals using the Bromwich contour.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- T2.Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & amp;Sons, 2006.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1.W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 9th Edn., Wiley India, 2009.
- R2.B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES								CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
[CO1]	Remembering the mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.		2		2												
[CO2]	Understanding the effective mathematical tools for the solutions of differential equations that model physical processes.			1		1											
[CO3]	Appling the tools of differentiation and integration of functions of a complex variable that are used in various techniques dealing engineering problems				2			1								1	
[CO4]	Calculate the analytic function.					2											1
[CO5]	Evaluate complex integrals by using Cauchy-Goursat integral theorem.		1														

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Programming for Problem Solving

Code:BTE21259 3 Credits | Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To understand concept of algorithm and programming
- To know various logical components and
- Syntax used in programming
- To learn different ways of transforming a real world problem into system problem

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- [CO2] Test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors and to implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion
- [CO3] To apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.
- [CO4] To use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs
- [CO5] To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.
- [CO6] To understand various types of files and operations on them

C. Assessment I lan.									
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a						
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including							
		medical leaves.							

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY: Evolution of Computers, Generation and Classification of Computers Application of Computers and etc. Memory Hierarchy, RAM, ROM, Types of Secondary Storage Devices and etc. Information, Technology, Role of Information Technology, Information Technology and Internet and etc. **Introduction**, Evolution of Internet, Basic Internet Terms, Getting Connected to Internet, Internet Applications, Data over Internet, Web Browser, Browsing Internet Using Internet Explorer, E-mail, search Engines, Instant Messaging. E-Commerce, Electronic Data Interchange, Smart Cards, Mobile Communication and etc. C FUNDAMENTALS, DECISION & LOOPING STATEMENTS: The C language. Phases of developing a running computer program in C.Data Concepts in C: Constants, Variables, Expressions, Operators, and operator precedence in C. Different basic data types and their sizes. Managing input and output statements, Sequential control statements. Decision making statements (If-Else constructs). Loop control statements (While construct, Do While construct, For construct).

ARRAYS, STRINGS &FUNCTIONS: One-dimensional Arrays: Declaration and Initialization. String variables, Reading and writing strings, Arithmetic operations on characters, Putting strings together, Comparison of two strings. Functions: The prototype declaration, Function definition. Function call: Passing arguments to a function (by value, by reference). Scope of variables. Recursive function calls, Tail recursion, Tree of recursion. Sorting problems: Selection sort, Insertion sort. Sorting in multidimensional arrays. Search problems: Linear search and binary search. Recursive and iterative formulations.

POINTERS & STRUCTURE: Pointers: Declaring and dereferencing pointer variables. Pointer arithmetic. Accessing arrays through pointers. Pointer types, Pointer and strings. Structures in C: Motivation, examples, declaration, and use. Operations on structures.Passing structures as function arguments. Type defining structures.

LINKED LISTS & FILE HANDLING: Self-referential structures, Dynamic data structures, Linked lists with examples. File operations in C: Input, output, and error streams. Opening, closing, and reading from files. Searching through files using functions such as fseek(), ftell(), and rewind(). Programming for command line arguments.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill . T2.E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, Tata McGraw-Hill.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1.Let us C, Yashwant Kanetkar, BPI publications

R2.Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

CO	STATEMENT	COR	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATIONWITHPROGRAMSPECIFICOUTCOMESOUTCOMES					
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4		
[CO1]	Formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.	1	1		1			1											
[CO2]	Test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors and to implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion	1	1		1			1											
[CO3]	To apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.	1	1		1			1											
[CO4]	To use arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs																		
[CO5]	To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach	1	1		1			1	1										

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

English for Communication

Code: BTE22370 3 Credits | Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To impart basic skills of Communication in English through intensive practice.
- Students of Engineering so as to enable them to enhance their communicative knowledge and soft skills.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Remembering the basic of the communication process and to know the practical implementations in the work place.
- [CO2] Understanding verbal and non-verbal modes of communication effectively in practical situations
- [CO3] Analyzing vocalics and basic grammar.
- [CO4] creating competence in reading and writing.
- [CO5] Evaluation of speaking process.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	20							
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5							
	Assignment	5							
End Semester	End Semester Examination	70							
Examination(ESE)									
Total		100							
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained							
	by a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester								
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of								
	leaves including medical leaves	S.							

D. SYLLABUS

VOCABULARY BUILDING: 'Ancient Architecture in India' from prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers published by Cambridge University. Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms Lexical set of words- Formation of hints with lexical set of words- Usage of Lexical sets in framing meaningful sentences. Standard Abbreviation in English.

IDENTIFYING COMMON ERRORS IN WRITING: Subject-verb agreement, Nounpronoun agreement, Misplaced modifiers, Articles, Prepositions, Redundancies, Clichés

SELF DEVELOPMENT AND ASSESSMENT: Self-assessment, Awareness, Perception and Attitudes, Values and belief, Personal goal setting, career planning Self-esteem. Managing Time; Personal memory, Rapid reading,

ORAL COMMUNICATION : Public speaking, Group discussion, Oral; presentation, Interviews, Graphic presentation, Presentation aids, Personality Development Writing reports, project proposals, brochures, newsletters, technical articles, manuals, official notes, business letters, memos, progress reports, minutes of meetings, event report.

NATURE AND STYLE OF SENSIBLE WRITING: Business letters: Enquiry/claim complaint and order. Technical reports, Email writing, Technical articles, Writing reports, Paragraph writing, Techniques for writing precisely. Graphic presentation, Project proposals.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. David F. Beer and David Mc Murrey, Guide to writing as an Engineer, John Willey. New York, 2004
- T2. Diane Hacker, Pocket Style Manual, Bedford Publication, New York, 2003. (ISBN 0312406843)
- T3. Shiv Khera, You Can Win, Macmillan Books, New York, 2003.
- T4. Raman Sharma, Technical Communications, Oxford Publication, London, 2004.
- T5. Dale Jungk, Applied Writing for Technicians, McGraw Hill, New York, 2004. (ISBN: 07828357-4)
- T6. Sharma, R. and Mohan, K. Business Correspondence and Report Writing, TMH New Delhi 2002.
- T7. Xebec, Presentation Book, TMH New Delhi, 2000.
- T8 . English for Engineers ,Cambridge university.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- R2. Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan.2007
- R3. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
- R4. AICTE Modal

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORI	RELAT	ION W	ITH PR		CORRELATIONWITHPROGRAMSPECIFICOUTCOMESOUTCOMES										
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
[CO1]	Remembering the basic of the comm - unication process and to know the practical implementations in the work place.	2								2							
[CO2]	Understanding verbal and non-verbal modes of communication effectively in practical situations						2			2							
[CO3]	Analyzing vocalic and basic grammar		2														2
[CO4]	creating competence in reading and writing			2									2				
[CO5]	Evaluation of speaking process.						2				3						

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Constitution of India

Code:BTE25095 0 Credits | Semester II

A. Introduction:

The objective of the Constitution of India is to establish a society where there is: Justice - social, economic and political. Liberty - thought, expression, faith, belief and worship

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

[CO1] Understand the emergence and evolution of Indian Constitution. Understand and analyse federalism in the Indian context

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	20							
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5							
	Assignment	5							
End Semester	End Semester Examination	70							
Examination(ESE)									
Total		100							
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained								
	by a student to be qualified for	taking up the End Semester							
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of								
	leaves including medical leaves	S.							

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Constitution' meaning of the term, Indian Constitution: Sources and constitutional history, Features: Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy

UNION GOVERNMENT AND ITS ADMINISTRATION: Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism Centre- State relationship President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha

STATE GOVERNMENT AND ITS ADMINISTRATION: Governor: Role and Position, CM and Council of ministers State Secretariat: Organization, Structure and Functions.

LOCAL ADMINISTRATION: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal CorporationPachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role, Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy

ELECTION COMMISSION: Election Commission: Role and Functioning, Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners State Election Commission: Role and Functioning, Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Indian Polity' by Laxmikanth
- T2. 'Indian Administration' by Subhash Kashyap

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. 'Indian Constitution' by D.D. Basu
- R2. 'Indian Administration' by Avasti and Avasti

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT ·	CORR	ELATIO	ON WIT	H PROG		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES										
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
[CO1]	Understand the emergence and evolution of Indian Constitution. Understand and analyse federalism in the Indian context work place												1				

2- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Physics Lab

Code:BTE21261 1 Credits | Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To study the use of physical principles and analysis in various fields of engineering and technology.
- To supplement the theoretical knowledge gained in the lecture by hands-on experience with the equipment. This will develop scientific temper and help to apply the basic concepts and principles in solving engineering problems.
- Demonstrate an ability to make physical measurements & understand the limits of precision measurement.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understand calculation of specific resistance of wire by Carey Foster bridge
- [CO2] Calculate thermal conductivity of poor conductors
- [CO3] Measure resonance frequency and quality factor of LCR Circuit & RC circuit with AC current
- [CO4] Study the characteristics of transistors, photoelectric cells and determine operational parameters associated with their performance.
- [CO5] Work with laboratory sodium light and lasers. Understand method to measure the wavelength of the light emitted from a laser and Sodium light.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks
Internal Assessment	Internal	05
(Summative)	Examination(Assessment)	
	Assignment	05
	Attendance	05
End Term Exam	End Term Examination	35
(Summative)		
	Total	50
Attendance (Formative)	student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. I types of leaves including medical

D. SYLLABUS

Sl. No.	Name of Experiments
1.	To determine the specific resistance of the material of a wire by Carey Foster
	bridge
2.	To determine the Planck's constant using LED.
3.	To determine the wavelength of sodium light by using Newton's ring apparatus.
4.	To find the wave length of sodium light using Fresnel's biprism
5.	To determine dispersive power of the material of the prism with the help of a
	Spectrometer

б.	To determine the number of lines per centimeter of the plane diffraction grating
	by using sodium light.
7.	To determine the thermal conductivity of following bad conductor
	(a) ebonite (b) mica sheet (c) wooden By Lee's disc method
8.	To determine the co-efficient of viscosity of glycerin by Stoke's method.
9.	To determine acceleration due to gravity by a Bar Pendulum.
10.	To determine input & output characteristics of a PNP Junction Transistor in CE
	and CB configuration.
11.	To determine input & output characteristics of a NPN Junction Transistor in CE
	and CB configuration
12.	To study resonance phenomena in LCR circuits with AC current
13.	To measure moment of inertia of Flywheel
14.	To determine the Lorentz force in a vacuum tube.
15.	To measure the numerical aperture of an optical fiber.
16.	To obtain the particle size by Laser
17.	To obtain forbidden energy gap of Semiconductor Diode.
18.	To obtain Dielectric constant.
19.	To obtain Curie temperature
20.	To determine the time constant of an RC circuit.

E. Text Book:

- T1. A Text Book of Engineering Physics Practical by Dr. Ruby Das, C.S. Robinson, Dr. Rajesh Kumar & Prashant Kumar Sahu; Pub University Science Press
- T2.Fundamentals of Physics extended volume by Resnick, Halliday and Walker; Pub.:John Wiley & Sons. Inc. Asian Edition.

F. Reference Books:

- R1. Advanced level Physics Practical, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
- R2. Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.

G.Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORI	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES													CORRELATIONWITHPROGRAMSPECIFICOUTCOMES			
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4		
[CO1]	Understand calculation of specific resistance of wire by Carey Foster bridge	3															3		
[CO2]	Calculate thermal conductivity of poor conductors			1	2														
[CO3]	Measure resonance frequency and quality factor of LCR Circuit & RC circuit with AC current					3										1			
[CO4]	Study the characteristics of transistors, photoelectric cells and determine operational parameters associated with their performance.				3														
[CO5]	Work with laboratory sodium light and lasers. Understand method to measure the wavelength of the light emitted from a laser and Sodium light.			3				1							3				

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Programming for Problem Solving Lab

Code:BTE21262 Credits- 2 | Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
- To analyze the various steps in program development.
- To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able

- **[CO1]** To formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems. To translate the algorithms to programs (in C language). To test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors.
- **[CO2]** To apply programming to solve simple numerical method problems, namely rot finding of function, differentiation of function and simple integration.
- [CO3] To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Internal Assessment	Internal	05							
(Summative)	Examination(Assessment)								
	Assignment	05							
	Attendance	05							
End Term Exam	End Term Examination	35							
(Summative)									
	Total	50							
Attendance (Formative)	A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical leaves.								

D. SYLLABUS

S.No.	Name of Experiments
1	a) Write a C program to find sum and average of three numbers.
	b) Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a given positive
	integer
2	a) Write a C program to generate the first n terms of the Fibonacci sequence
	b) Write a C program to generate prime numbers between 1 to n.
	c) Write a C program to check if the given number is Armstrong or not

3	a) Write a C program to check whether the given number is perfect or not
	b) Write a C program to check whether the given number is strong or not.
4	a) Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.
	b) Write a C program perform arithmetic operations using switch statement.
5	a) Write a C program to find factorial of a given integer using non-recursive function
	b) Write a C program to find factorial of a given integer using recursive function
6	a) Write C program to find GCD of two integers by using recursive function.
	b) Write C program to find GCD of two integers by using non-recursive function
7	a) Write a C program to find the largest and smallest number in a list of integers.
	b) Write a C program to Sort the Array in an Ascending Order.
	c) Write a C program to find whether the given matrix is symmetric or not.
8	a) Write a C program to perform addition of two matrices.
	b) Write a C program using function to perform multiplication of two matrices.
9	a) Write a C program to use function to insert a sub-string in to given main string
	from a given position.
	b)Write a C program to swap the values of two variables using
	(i) Call by value (ii) Call by reference
10	a) Write a C program using user-defined functions to determine whether the given
	string is palindrome or not.
	b) Write a C program that displays the position or index in the main string S
	where the sub string T begins, or - 1 if S doesn't contain T
11	a) Write C program to count the number of lines, words and characters in a given
	text.
	b) Write a C program to find the sum of integer array elements using pointers
12	a) Write a C Program to Calculate Total and Percentage marks of a student using
	structure

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. C Programming and Data Structures, P.Padmanabham, Third Edition, BS PublicationsT2.Computer programming in C.V.RAjaraman, PHI Publishers.T3.C Programming, E.Balagurusamy, 3rd edition, TMHPublishers.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. C Programming, M.V.S.S.N Venkateswarlu and E.V.Prasad, S.Chand Publishers. R2. Mastering C,K.R.Venugopal and S.R.Prasad, TMH Publishers.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES														
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
[CO1]	To formulate simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems. To translate the algorithms to programs (in C language). To test and execute the programs and correct syntax and logical errors.	2	3														
[CO2]	To apply programming to solve simple numerical method problems, namely rot finding of function, differentiation of function and simple integration.			2	2	1											
[CO3]	To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program using divide and conquer approach.					1											

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Workshop Practice

Code:BTE22267

2 Credits | Semester II

A. Introduction:

- To understand basic engineering processes for manufacturing and assembly
- To understand, identify, select and use various marking, measuring, and holding, striking and cutting tools and equipment's
- To understand and interpret job drawings, produce jobs, and inspect the job for specified dimension.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Acquire skills in basic engineering practice to identify, select and use various marking, measuring, and holding, striking and cutting tools & equipment's and machines
- [CO2] Understand job drawing and complete jobs as per specifications in allotted time
- [CO3] Inspect the job for the desired dimensions and shape
- [CO4] Operate, control different machines and equipment's adopting safety practices

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks		
Internal Assessment	Internal	05		
(Summative)	Examination(Assessment)			
	Assignment	05		
	Attendance	05		
End Term Exam	End Term Examination	35		
(Summative)				
	Total	50		
Attendance (Formative)	A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a		
	student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.		
	The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical		
	leaves.			

D. SYLLABUS

FITTING SHOP:Introduction of Workshop Tools & Measuring Instrument Fitting: - Demonstration of different fitting tools, safety practice and general guidelines. Cutting and Filing. Filing, Measurement and Finishing etc Practice: T-fitting, V-Fitting etc

CARPENTRY SHOP: Demonstration of power tools and equipment for carpentry, safety practices and general guidelines. Carpentry: Demonstration of different wood working tools / machines. Demonstration of Different Wood Working Processes Like Plaining Marking, Chiseling, Grooving, Turning of Wood etc Practice: - T-Lap joint, Dovetail joint etc

WELDING SHOP: Demonstration of tools and equipment for welding, safety practices and general guidelines.Demonstration of different welding tools / machines. Demonstration on Arc Welding, Gas

Welding, MIG, MAG welding, gas cutting and rebuilding of broken parts with welding Practice:Butt, lap joint etc.

PLUMBING SHOP: Demonstration – plumbing tools, symbols and joints. Joining GI pipes by threading, PVC pipes by gluing and cementing Practice: - To Make Internal & External Thread

MACHINE SHOP: Demonstration of tools and equipment for Machine, safety practices and general guidelines. Demonstration of all machine like Lathe Machine, Drill machine, Milling Machine, Shaper machine etc. Practice: - To make Step Turning, Tapper Turning, Turning, Facing etc.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Workshop Technology Vol-I,II,III Hajra Choudry., Media Promotors and Publishers P Ltd.

T2.Manufacturing Technology vol 1 by P.N. Rao Mc.Grow Hill.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Workshop technology by R.S. Raghuwanshi.Dhanpat Ray & co

R2. Workshop technology by R.S. Khurmi&J.K.Gupta S.Chand co.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

со	STATEMENT		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES									CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
[CO1]	Acquire skills in basic engineering practice to identify, select and use various marking, measuring, and holding, striking and cutting tools & equipment's and machines	2								2							
[CO2]	Understand job drawing and complete jobs as per specifications in allotted time						2			2							
[CO3]	Inspect the job for the desired dimensions and shape		2														2
[CO4]	Operate, control different machines and equipment's adopting safety practices			2									2				

1-Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-III

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	A	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	A	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	A	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	A	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	A	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	А	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	А	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SCHEME OF THE STUDY SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA *	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	РСС	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER-IV

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER VI

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII

S.No 1 2 3 4	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
	Elective IV Air and Noise Pollution and								
1	Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management								
	Elective V								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Prestressed Concrete								
	Open Elective II								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

SEMESTER VIII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practic al Exam	CIA*	Attendan ce
	Elective VI								
1	Bridge Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Ground Water Engineering								
	Elective VII								
2	Railway Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Traffic Engineering and Management	TLC	5	5	100	70	20	0	5
	Open Elective III								
3	Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Open Elective IV								
4	Civil Engineering Design-I Geographic Information Systems and Science	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Major Project	PROJ	8	16	200	140	60	0	0
6	Extra- Curricular/ Co- Curricular Activity	PROJ	0	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		20	28	700	490	170	20	20

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment - Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4-year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points; eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4].Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels, railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Mathematics III Code:BTE23022

4 Credits | Semester III

A. Introduction:

- To introduce the solution methodologies for second order Partial Differential Equations with applications in engineering
- To Equip students with the concepts of partial differential equations and how to solve linear partial differential equations with different methods.
- To provide an overview of probability and statistics to engineers.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understand the concept of partial differential equations, theory of probability and its applications on engineering problems, theory of data distribution, standard deviation and different charts.
- [CO2] Apply concept of differential equation, concept of statics in data sampling for solving general engineering problems.
- [CO3] Analyze the process of partial differentiation, probability, statically formulation and data sampling.
- [CO4] Evaluate the result of the partial differentiation and its applications, probability, statics and sampling of data.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks				
Continuous Internal		Internal Examination	20				
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5				
		Assignment	5				
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70				
Examination(ESE)							
Total			100				
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a					
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.					
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical					
		leaves.					

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION: Definition of Partial Differential Equations, First order partial differential equations, solutions of first order linear PDEs, Solution to homogenous and non-homogenous linear partial differential equations of second order by complementary function and particular integral method.

APPLICATION OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION: Second-order linear equations and their classification, Initial and boundary conditions, D' Alembert's solution of the wave equation; Duhamel's principle for one dimensional wave equation, Heat diffusion and vibration problems, Separation of variables method to simple problems in Cartesian coordinates. The Laplacian in plane, cylindrical and

spherical polar coordinates, solutions with Bessel functions and Legendre functions. One dimensional diffusion equation and its solution by separation of variables.

PROBABILITY THEORY: Probability spaces, conditional probability, independence; Discrete random variables, Independent random variables, the multinomial distribution, Poisson approximation to the binomial distribution, infinite sequences of Bernoulli trials, sums of independent random variables; Expectation of Discrete Random Variables, Moments, Variance of a sum, Correlation coefficient, Chebyshev's Inequality, Continuous random variables and their properties, distribution functions and densities, normal, exponential and gamma densities. Bivariate distributions and their properties, distribution of sums and quotients, conditional densities, Bayes' rule

STATISTICS: Basic Statistics, Measures of Central tendency: Moments, skewness and Kurtosis – Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson and Normal - evaluation of statistical parameters for these three distributions, Correlation and regression – Rank correlation. Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting of straight lines, second degree parabolas and more general curves

SAMPLING OF DATA: Test of significance: Large sample test for single proportion, difference of proportions, Tests for single mean. Difference of means, and difference of standard deviations. Test for ratio of variances - Chi- square test for goodness of fit and independence of attributes

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1.Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

- T2.N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.
- T3..B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010

F.REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1.P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, Introduction to Probability Theory, Universal Book Stall, 2003 (Reprint).
- R2.S. Ross, A First Course in Probability, 6th Ed., Pearson Education India, 2002.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CO	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES										CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PSO 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand the concept of partial differential equations, theory of probability and its applications on engineering problems, theory of data distribution, standard deviation and different charts.	2	2	1													1
[CO2]	Apply concept of differential equation, concept of statics in data sampling for solving general engineering problems.	3	1	2		1									2		1
[CO3]	Analyze the process of partial differentiation, probability, statically formulation and data sampling.	3	1												1		
[CO4]	Evaluate the result of the partial differentiation and its applications, probability, statics and sampling of data.	2	2														
[CO5]	•																

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Biology for Engineers

Code:BTE23018

3 Credits | Semester III

A. Introduction:

- To understand Biological concepts from an engineering perspective
- To understand the inter-connection between biology and future technologies
- To motivate technology application for biological and life science challenges

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

[CO1] Understand the biological concepts from an engineering perspective

[CO2] Understand the concepts of biological sensing and its challenges

[CO3] Understand development of artificial systems mimicking human action

[CO4] Integrate biological principles for developing next generation technologies

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks				
Continuous Internal		Internal Examination	20				
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5				
		Assignment	5				
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70				
Examination(ESE)							
Total			100				
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a					
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.					
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical					
		leaves.					

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Discuss how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries. Examples from Brownian motion and the origin of thermodynamics by referring to the original observation of Robert Brown and Julius Mayor. These examples will highlight the fundamental importance of observations in any scientific inquiry. Engineering designs inspired by examples in biology-- Micro- to Macro- scales. Comparing natural vs. human-made machines. Biosensor. Engineering aspects of some Nobel Prizes in Physiology and Medicine & Chemistry recent advances in Biology

TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES: Biosafety laboratory practices, Buffers in biology, buffering capacity and pKa, observing cell surface and intracellular contents using light and/or fluorescence microscopy, Measuring mechanical strength of cells - osmolality and elasticity of biological membranes

CLASSIFICATION: A common thread weaves this hierarchy Classification. Discuss classification based on (a) cellularity- Unicellular or multicellular (b) ultrastructure- prokaryotes or eucaryotes. (c) energy and Carbon utilization -Autotrophs, heterotrophs, lithotropes (d) Ammonia excretion – aminotelic, uricoteliec, ureotelic (e) Habitata- acquatic or terrestrial (f) Molecular taxonomy- three major kingdoms of life. A given organism can come under different category based on classification. Model organisms for the study of biology come from different groups. E. coli, S. cerevisiae, D. Melanogaster, C. elegance, A. Thaliana, M. musculus

BIO MOLECULES: Discuss about sugars, starch and cellulose. Amino acids and proteins. Nucleotides and DNA/RNA. Two carbon units and lipids.Enzymology: How to monitor enzyme catalyzed reactions. How does an enzyme catalyze reactions. Enzyme classification. Mechanism of enzyme action. Discuss at least two examples. Enzyme kinetics and kinetic parameters. Why should we know these parameters to understand biology? RNA catalysis

GENETICS AND INFORMATION TRANSFER: Molecular Genetics covering, Structures of DNA and RNA; Concept of Gene, Gene regulation, e.g., Operon concept; Mendel's laws, Concept of segregation and independent assortment. Concept of allele. Gene mapping, Gene interaction, Epistasis. Teach meiosis and Mitosis as a part of genetics. Meiosis and Mitosis be taught as a part of genetics. Emphasis to be give not to the mechanics of cell division nor the phases but how genetic material passes from parent to offspring. Concepts of recessiveness and dominance. Concept of mapping of phenotype to genes. Discuss about the single gene disorders in humans. Discuss the concept of complementation using human genetics. Concept of genetic code. Universality and degeneracy of genetic code. Define gene in terms of complementation and recombination.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Molecular Genetics (Second edition), Stent, G.S.; and Calendar, R.W.H.Freeman and company, Distributed by Satish Kumar Jain for CBS Publisher
- T2. Microbiology, Prescott, L.MJ.P.HarleyandC.A.Klein1995.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Biology:Aglobalapproach:Campbell,N.A.;Reece,J.B.;Urry,Lisa;Cain,M,L.;Wasserman, S. A.; Minorsky, P. V.; Jackson, R. B.PearsonEducationLtd
- R2. Outlines of Biochemistry, Conn, E.E;Stumpf, P.K;Bruening,G;Doi,R.H.,JohnWileyand Sons
- R3. Principles of Biochemistry (VEdition),ByNelson, D.L.;andCox,M.M.W.H.Freemanand Company

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR	V S								WIT SPE	RELA H P CIFIC COM	ROGI				
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Understand the biological concepts from an engineering perspective	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	1	1	1
[CO2]	Understand the concepts of biological sensing and its challenges	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	2	1	1
[CO3]	Understand development of artificial systems mimicking human action	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[CO4]	Integrate biological principles for developing next generation technologies	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	2	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Surveying and Geomatics Code:BTE23272

3 Credits | Semester III

A. Introduction:

- Describe the function of surveying in civil engineering construction,
- Work with survey observations, and perform calculations,
- Customary units of measure. Identify the sources of measurement errors and mistakes; understand the difference between accuracy and precision as it relates to distance, differential leveling, and angular measurements,
- Be familiar with the principals of recording accurate, orderly, complete, and logical field notes from surveying operations, whether recorded manually or with automatic data collection methods,
- Identify and calculate the errors in measurements and to develop corrected values for differential level circuits, horizontal distances and angles for open or closed-loop traverses,
- Operate an automatic level to perform differential and profile leveling; properly record notes; mathematically reduce and check levelling measurements,

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Students will summarize surveying techniques that will remain correct for long period of time.
- [CO2] Students will experiment about different methods using instrument such as Chain, Compass, Leveling, minor instruments like planimeter, etc.
- Compass, Levening, innor instruments like planmeter, etc
- [CO3] Students will learn about Area & Volume calculation.
- [CO4] Students will evaluate about Trigonometrically leveling.
- [CO5] Students will analyze about simple & complex problems of different instrument methods of Survey.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS:

INTRODUCTION TO SURVEYING: Principles, Linear, angular and graphical methods, Survey stations, Survey lines- ranging, bearing of survey lines, levelling: Plane table surveying, Principles of levelling- booking and reducing levels; differential, reciprocal leveling, profile levelling and cross sectioning. Digital and Auto Level, Errors in levelling; contouring Characteristics, methods, uses; areas and volumes.

TRIANGULATION, TRILATERATION, AND CURVE: Theodolite survey: Instruments, Measurement of horizontal and vertical angle; Horizontal and vertical control - methods - triangulation network- Signals. Baseline - choices - instruments and accessories - extension of base lines corrections - Satellite station - reduction to centre - Intervisibility of height and distances - Trigonometric leveling - Axis single corrections, Elements of simple and compound curves–Method of setting out– Elements of Reverse curve-Transition curve–length of curve– Elements of transition curve-Vertical curves.

MODERN FIELD SURVEY SYSTEMS: Principle of Electronic Distance Measurement, Modulation, Types of EDM instruments, Distomat, Total Station–Parts of a Total Station – Accessories–Advantages and Applications, Field Procedure for total station survey, Errorsin Total Station Survey; Global Positioning Systems-Segments, GPS measurements, errors and biases, Surveying with GPS, Co-ordinate transformation, accuracy considerations

PHOTOGRAMMETRY SURVEYING: Introduction, Basic concepts, perspective geometry of aerial photograph, relief and tilt displacements, terrestrial photogrammetry, flight planning; Stereoscopy, ground control extension for photographic mapping- aerial triangulation, radial triangulation, methods; photographic mapping- mapping using paper prints, mapping using stereo plotting instruments, mosaics, map substitutes.

REMOTE SENSING: Introduction –Electromagnetic Spectrum, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with the atmosphere and earth surface, remote sensing data acquisition: platforms and sensors; visual image interpretation; digital image processing.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. AnjiReddy, M., Remote sensing and Geographical information system, B.S. Publications, 2001.

T2. Arora, K.R., Surveying, Vol-I, II and III, Standard Book House, 2015

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Madhu, N, Sathikumar, R and SatheeshGobi, Advanced Surveying: TotalStation, GIS and Remote Sensing, Pearson India, 2006.
- R2. Manoj, K. Arora and Badjatia, Geomatics Engineering, NemChand &Bros, 20113Bhavikatti, S.S., Surveying and Levelling, Vol.IandII, I.K.International, 2010
- R3. Chandra, A.M., Higher Surveying, Third Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2002.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	RELA	ATIO	N WIT	`H PR	OGRA	AM OU	JTCO	MES				CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4			
[CO1]	Students will summarize surveying techniques	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	1	1	2			
[CO2]	Students will experiment about different methods using instrument such as Chain, Compass, Leveling, minor instruments like planimeter, etc.	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2	2	2	1	2			
[CO3]	Students will learn about Area & Volume calculation.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
[CO4]	Studentswill evaluate about Trigonometrically leveling.	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	1	2			
[CO5]	Students will analyze about simple & complex problems of different instrument methods of Survey.	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	1	2			

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Mechanics of Solid Code:BTE23021

3 Credits | Semester III

A. INTRODUCTION:

- To solve advanced solid mechanics problems using classical methods
- To apply commercial software on select, applied solid mechanics problems

B. COURSE OUTCOMES: By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- [CO1] Interpret the concepts of stress and strain at a point as well as the stress- strain relationships for homogenous, isotropic materials.
- [CO2] Analyze the stresses and strains associated with thin-wall spherical and cylindrical pressure vessels.
- [CO3] Demonstrate the capability to conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- [CO4] Ability to classify a component to meet desired needs within realistic constraints of safety.
- [CO5] To apply various failure criteria for general stress states at points.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination.
			l types of leaves including medical

C. ASSESSMENT PLAN:

D. SYLLABUS:

SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS: Concept of stress and strain, St. Venant's principle, stress and strain diagram, Elasticity and plasticity – Types of stresses and strains, Hooke's law-stress – strain diagram for mild steel – Working stress – Factor of safety – Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Elastic moduli and the relationship between them – Bars of varying section – composite bars – Temperature stresses. Strain Energy – Resilience-Gradual, sudden, impact and shock loadings – simple applications.

COMPOUND STRESSES AND STRAINS: Two dimensional system, stress at appoint on a plane, principal stresses and principal planes, Mohr circle of stress, ellipse of stress and their

applications. Two dimensional stress-strain system, principal strains and principal axis of strain, circle of strain and ellipse of strain. Relationship between elastic constants.

BENDING MOMENT AND SHEAR FORCE DIAGRAMS AND SLOPE DEFELECTION: Bending moment (BM) and shear force (SF) diagrams.BM and SF diagrams for cantilevers simply supported and fixed beams with or without overhangs. Calculation of maximum BM and SF and the point of contra flexure under concentrated loads, uniformly distributed loads over the whole span or part of span, combination of concentrated loads (two or three) and uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads, application of moments. Relationship between moment, slope and deflection, Moment area method, Macaulay's method. Use of these methods to calculate slope and deflection for determinant beams.

FLEXURAL STRESSES-THEORY OF SIMPLE BENDING: Assumptions– Derivation of bending equation: M/I=f/y=E/R-Neutral axis–Determination of bending stresses– Section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow),I,T, Angle and Channel sections – Design of simple beam sections. Shear Stresses- Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution across various beam sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, T angle sections.

TORSION AND THIN CYLINDER AND SPHERE: Derivation of torsion equation and its assumptions. Applications of the equation of the hollow and solid circular shafts, torsional rigidity, Combined torsion and bending of circular shafts, principal stress and maximum shear stresses under combined loading of bending and torsion. Analysis of close-coiled-helical springs.Derivation of formulae and calculations of hoop stress, longitudinal stress in a cylinder, and sphere subjected to internal pressures.

E. TEXT BOOK

- T1. Laboratory Manual of Testing Materials-William Kendrick Hall
- T2. MechanicsofMaterials-FerdinandP.Beer, E.RusselJhonstonJr.,JohnT.DEwolf TMH 2002.

F. REFERENCES

- R1. Timoshenko, S. and Young, D.H.,—Elements of Strength of Materials^{II}, DVNC, NewYork, USA.
- R2. Kazmi, S.M.A.,—Solid Mechanics TMH, Delhi, India.
- R3. Hibbeler, R. C. Mechanics of Materials.6th ed.East Rutherford, NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004
- R4. Crandall, S.H., N.C.Dahl, and T.J. Lardner. An Introduction to the Mechanics of Solids. 2nd ed.New York, NY: Mc GrawHill, 1979

	AJU-B.Tech. in Civil Engineering - Syllabus w.e.f Batch 2020																
	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs													1			
CO	STATEMENT	COR	REL	ATION	WIT SPE	RELA H P CIFIC COM	ROGI										
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
	, 	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O 2	03	04
[CO1]	Interpret the concepts of stress and strain at a point as well as the stress- strain relationships for homogenous, isotropic materials.	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	3	-	-
[CO2]	Analyze the stresses and strains associated with thin-wall spherical and cylindrical pressure vessels.	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	3	2	1	-
[CO3]	Demonstrate the capability to conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data	2	3	3	3	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2
[CO4]	Ability to classify a component to meet desired needs within realistic constraints of safety.	3	2	3	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	1	-
[CO5]	To apply various failure criteria for general stress states at points.	2	2	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Introduction to Civil Engineering

Code: BTE23273

4 Credits | Semester III

A. INTRODUCTION:

- To give an understanding to the students of the vast breadth and numerous areas of engagement available in the overall field of civil engineering
- To motivate the student to pursue a career in one of the many areas of civil engineering with deep interest and keenness.
- To expose the students to the various avenues available for doing creative and innovative work in this field by showcasing the many monuments and inspiring projects of public utility.

B. COURSE OUTCOMES: By the end of this course, students will be:

- [CO1] The students will be able to illustrate the fundamental aspects of civil engineering
- [CO2] The students should able to plan a building
- [CO3] Students will be able to explain about surveying for making horizontal and vertical measurements.
- **[CO4]** They will able to illustrate the uses of various building materials and construction of different components of a building.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

C. ASSESSMENT PLAN:

D. SYLLABUS:

BASIC UNDERSTANDING AND HISTORY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING: What is Civil Engineering/ Infrastructure? Basics of Engineering and Civil Engineering; Broad disciplines of Civil Engineering; Importance of Civil Engineering, Possible scopes for a career Early constructions and developments over time; Ancient monuments & Modern marvels; Development of various materials of construction and methods of construction; Works of Eminent civil engineers

OVERVIEW OF NATIONAL PLANNING FOR CONSTRUCTION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT: Position of construction industry vis-à-vis other industries, five year plan outlays for construction; current budgets for infrastructure works Aesthetics in Civil Engineering, Examples of great architecture, fundamentals of architectural design & town planning; Building Systems (HVAC, Acoustics, Lighting, etc.); LEED ratings; Development of Smart cities

FUNDAMENTALS OF BUILDING MATERIALS: Stones, bricks, mortars, Plain, Reinforced &Prestressed Concrete, Construction Chemicals; Structural Steel, High Tensile Steel, Carbon Composites; Plastics in Construction; 3Dprinting;Recyclingof Construction. Basics of Construction Management & Contracts Management: Temporary Structures in Construction; Construction Methods for various types of Structures; Major Construction equipment; Automation & Robotics in Construction; Modern Project management Systems; Advent of Lean Construction; Importance of Contracts Management

TRAFFIC &TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING: Investments in transport infrastructure development in India for different modes of transport; Developments and challenges in integrated transport development in India: road, rail, port and harbour and airport sector; PPP in transport sector; Intelligent Transport Systems; Urban Public and Freight Transportation; Road Safety under heterogeneous traffic; Sustainable and resilient pavement materials, design, construction and management; Case studies and example, Repairs & Rehabilitation of Structures: Basics of corrosion phenomena and other structural distress mechanisms; some simple systems of rehabilitation of structures; Non Destructive testing systems; Use of carbon fibre wrapping and carbon composites in repairs.

MISLLENIOUS: Environmental Engineering & Sustainability: Water treatment systems; Effluent treatment systems; Solid waste management; Sustainability in Construction. Geotechnical Engineering: Basics of soil mechanics, rock mechanics and geology; various types of foundations; basics of rock mechanics & tunneling. Hydraulics, Hydrology & Water Resources Engineering: Fundamentals of fluid flow, basics of water supply systems; Underground Structures; Underground Structures Multipurpose reservoir projects Ocean Engineering: Basics of Wave and Current Systems; Sediment transport systems; Ports &Harbours and other marine structures, Structural Engineering: Types of buildings; tall structures; various types of bridges; Water retaining structures; Other structural systems; Experimental Stress Analysis; Wind tunnel studies Surveying&Geomatics:Traditionalsurveyingtechniques,TotalStations,Developmentof Digital Terrain Models; GPS, LIDAR, Computational Methods, IT, IoT in Civil Engineering: Typical software used in Civil Engineering- Finite Element Method, Computational Fluid Dynamics; Computational Geotechnical Methods; highway design (MX), Building Information Modelling; Highlighting typical available software systems (SAP, STAAD, ABAQUS, MATLAB, ETAB, NASTRAN, NISA, MIKE 21, MODFLOW, REVIT, TEKLA, AUTOCAD,...GEOSTUDIO, EDUSHAKE, MSP, PRIMAVERA, ArcGIS, Vis SIM, ...)

E. TEXT BOOK

- T1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, Prentice Hall,
- T2. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. AarneVesilind, Susan M. Morgan,
- T3.Tho.mpson /Brooks/Cole; Second Edition 2008
- T4. Basic & amp; Applied Soil Mechanics by Ranjan & amp; Rao, New AgeInternational Publishers.

F. REFERENCES

- R1. Varghese, P.C., —Building Construction", Prentice Hall India, 2007.
- R2. National Building Code, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi
- R3. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, ' Highway Engineering' Revised 10th Edition, Nem Chand & Bros, 2017
- R4. Kadiyalai, L.R., ' Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning', Khanna Publishers.
- R5. Partha Chakraborty, ' Principles Of Transportation Engineering, PHI Learning

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES												CORRELATIONWITHPROGRAMSPECIFICOUTCOMESPSPSPSPS						
		PO 1	PO	PO 2	PO	PO 5	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO 12	PS	PS	PS	PS				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04				
[CO1]	The students will be able to illustrate the fundamental aspects of civil engineering	3	1	1	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	1	1				
[CO2]	The students should able to plan a building	2	2	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	2	1				
[CO3]	Students will be able to explain about surveying for making horizontal and vertical measurements.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
[CO4]	They will able to illustrate the uses of various building materials and construction of different components of a building.	2	2	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	2	2	1				

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Environmental Science

Code:BTE24085

0 Credits | Semester III

A. INTRODUCTION:

- Solve various engineering problems applying ecosystem to produce eco friendly products.
- Use relevant air and noise control method to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- Use relevant water and soil control method to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- To recognize relevant energy sources required for domestic and industrial applications.
- Solve local solid and e-waste problems.

B. COURSE OUTCOMES: By the end of this course, students will be:

[CO1] Understand the ecosystem and terminology and solve various engineering problems applying

[CO2] Ecosystem knowledge to produce eco - friendly products

[CO3] Understand the suitable air, extent of noise pollution, and control measures and acts.

- [CO4] Understand the water and soil pollution, and control measures and act.
- [CO5] Understand different renewable energy resources and efficient process of harvesting.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. I types of leaves including medical

C. ASSESSMENT PLAN:

D. SYLLABUS:

INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE: Definition, Principles and scope of Environmental Science, Earth, Man and Environment. Ecosystems, Pathways in Ecosystems. Physico -chemical and Biological factors in the Environment. Geographical classification and zones'.

AIR AND NOISE POLLUTION: Definition of pollution and pollutant, Natural and manmade sources of air pollution (Refrigerants, I.C., Boiler), Air Pollutants: Types, Particulate Pollutants: Effects and control (Bag filter, Cyclone separator, Electrostatic Precipitator) Gaseous Pollution Control: Absorber, Catalytic Converter, Effects of air pollution due to Refrigerants, I.C., Boiler Noise pollution: sources of pollution, measurement of pollution level, Effects of Noise pollution, Noise pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000

WATER AND SOIL POLLUTION: Sources of water pollution, Types of water pollutants, Characteristics of water pollutants Turbidity, pH, total suspended solids, total solids BOD and COD: Definition, calculation, Waste Water Treatment: Primary methods: sedimentation, froth floatation, Secondary methods: Activated sludge treatment, Trickling filter, Bioreactor, Tertiary Method: Membrane separation technology, RO (reverse osmosis).Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Soil Pollution: Causes-Excessive use of Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides, Irrigation, E-Waste.

RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY: Solar Energy: Basics of Solar energy. Flat plate collector (Liquid & Air). Theory of flat plate collector. Importance of coating. Advanced collector. Solar pond. Solar water heater, solar dryer. Solar stills. Biomass: Overview of biomass as energy source. Thermal characteristics of biomass as fuel. Anaerobic digestion. Biogas production mechanism. Utilization and storage of biogas, Wind energy: status and future prospects of wind energy. Wind energy in India. Environmental benefits and problem of wind energy, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of (Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion.) Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT, ISO 14000 & ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT: Solid waste generation- Sources and characteristics of: Municipal solid waste, E- waste, biomedical waste. Metallic wastes and Non-Metallic wastes (lubricants, plastics, rubber) from industries, Collection and disposal: MSW (3R, principles, energy recovery, sanitary landfill), Hazardous waste Air quality act 2004, air pollution control act 1981, water pollution, and control act1996.Structure and role of Central and state pollution control board. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in fabrication industry. ISO14000: Implementation in industries, Benefits.

E. TEXT BOOK

T1. S.C. Sharma & M.P. Poonia, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House, NewDelhi
T2.C.N. R. Rao, Understanding Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
T3. Arceivala, Soli Asolekar, Shyam, Waste Water Treatment for Pollution Control and
T4. Reuse, Mc-Graw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., New York, 2007, ISBN:978-07-062099.

F. REFERENCES

- R1. O.P. Gupta, Elements of Environmental Pollution Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- R2. Rao, C. S., Environmental Pollution Control and Engineering, New Age International Publication, 2007, ISBN: 81-224-1835-X.
- R3. Rao, M. N.Rao, H.V.N, Air Pollution, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication, New delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0-07-451871-8.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES CORRELATION																	
CO	STATEMENT	COF	ORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES																
															H P		RAM		
															SPECIFIC				
														OUTCOMES					
		DO												PS	DC	DC	PS		
		PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO		PS	PS			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04		
[CO1]	Understand the ecosystem and terminology	3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	_	3	3	3	1	1	1		
	and solve various engineering problems	C	6		_							C	C	0	-	-	-		
	applying																		
[CO2]	Ecosystem knowledge to produce eco –	3	3	3	2	2	2		_	-	_	3	2	2	2	1	1		
	friendly products	5			2		_					5	-	-	-	1	1		
[CO3]	Understand the suitable air, extent of noise	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
	pollution, and control measures and acts.																		
[CO4]	Understand the water and soil pollution,	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	_	2	2	2	2	1	1		
	and control measures and act.	5			5	-	-					2	-	-	-	1	1		
[CO5]	Understand different renewable energy	3	3	3	3	2	1	_	-	-	_	1	2	2	1	1	1		
	resources and efficient process of	5	5	5	5	-	-					1	2	2	1	1			
	harvesting.																		

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Surveying and Geomatics Lab

Code: BTE23274

1 Credits | Semester III

A. Introduction:

- To determine the relative position of any objects or points of the earth.
- To determine the distance and angle between different objects.
- To prepare a map or plan to represent an area on a horizontal plan.
- To develop methods through the knowledge of modern science and the technology and use them in the field.
- To solve measurement problems in an optimal way.
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
- [CO1] To prepare a topographical map which shows the hills, valleys, rivers, villages, towns, forests, etc. of a country.
- [CO2] To prepare a cadastral map showing the boundaries of fields, houses and other properties
- [CO3] To prepare an engineering map which shows the details of engineering works such as roads, railways, reservoirs, irrigation canals, etc.
- **[CO4]** To prepare a military map showing the road and railway communications with different parts of a country. Such a map also shows the different strategic points important for the defense of a country.
- [CO5] To prepare a contour map to determine the capacity of a reservoir and to find the best possible route for roads, railways, etc.

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5
	Assignment	5
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35
Examination(ESE)		
Total		50
Attendance	a student to be qualified for tak	e is required to be maintained by ing up the End Semester 25% includes all types of leaves

C. Assessment Plan:

S.No.	Name of Experiment
1	Determination of Pace
2	Measurement of distances with chain & Tape on ground with direct & indirect ranging.
3	Measurement of Area by Chain(Closed Traverse)
4	Chaining across Obstacles
5	Chain Surveying (Mapping by Tape)
6	Differential evelingpracticeereduction flevel by H.I. method and Rise & Fall method
7	Closed Loop Leveling
8	Profile Leveling (Longitudinal Sectioning & Cross Sectioning)
9	Contouring- Grid Method
10	Measuring F.B and B.B (5-6 sided) and identifying stations affected by local attractions and relative corrections.
11	Use of auto level and taking observation.
12	Measurement of Area of irregular figure by polar planmeter.
13	Measuring are enclosed by closed contours on contour appeared earlier, by simple digital plan meter

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. AnjiReddy, M., Remote sensing and Geographical information system, B.S. Publications, 2001.
- T2. Arora, K.R., Surveying, Vol-I, II and III, Standard Book House, 2015

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Madhu, N, Sathikumar, R and SatheeshGobi, Advanced Surveying: TotalStation, GIS and Remote Sensing, Pearson India, 2006.
- R2. Manoj, K. Arora and Badjatia, Geomatics Engineering, NemChand &Bros, 20113Bhavikatti, S.S., Surveying and Levelling, Vol. Iand II, I.K. International, 2010
- R3. Chandra, A.M., Higher Surveying, Third Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2002.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES												CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4			
[CO1]	To prepare a topographical map which shows the hills, valleys, rivers, villages, towns, forests, etc. of a country.	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	1	1	1			
[CO2]	To prepare a cadastral map showing the boundaries of fields, houses and other properties	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	1	3	1			
[CO3]	To prepare an engineering map which shows the details of engineering works such as roads, railways, reservoirs, irrigation canals, etc.	-	2	2	3	1	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	2	1	2	2			
[CO4]	To prepare a military map showing the road and railway communications with different parts of a country. Such a map also shows the different strategic points important for the defense of a country.	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	1	1	3			
[CO5]	To prepare a contour map to determine the capacity of a reservoir and to find the best possible route for roads, railways, etc.	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	1	1	2			

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Mechanics of Solid Lab

Code:BTE23025

1 Credits | Semester III

A. Introduction:

- In this laboratory, students will have the opportunity to apply loads to various materials
- Under different equilibrium conditions. The student will perform tests on materials in tension,
- Compression, torsion, bending, and impact. These conditions and/or constraints are designed to
- Reinforce classroom theory by having the student perform required tests, analyze subsequent data, and present the results in a professionally prepared report.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Measure tensile and compressive strength of a specimen for applying in a practical design based project work
- [CO2] Determine hardness, impact strength, fatigue strength to analyze the application of a specific material for a given design requirements for different loading conditions of structures.
- [CO3] Observe bending in beams and calculate the bending stresses which further builds the foundation of using modern analysis software.
- [CO4] Judge the capacity of a material to withstand torsional stresses for a safe and sustainable design of machine elements.

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks				
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5				
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5				
	Assignment	5				
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35				
Examination(ESE)						
Total		50				
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by				
	a student to be qualified for tak	ting up the End Semester				
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leave					
	including medical leaves.					

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

S.No.	Name of Experiment
1	Tension test
2	Bending tests on simply supported beam and Cantilever beam.
3	Compression test on concrete
4	Impact test
5	Shear test
6	Investigation of Hook's law that is the proportional relation between force and stretching in elastic deformation,
7	Determination of torsion and deflection,
8	Fatigue Test
9	Rockwell Hardness Test
10	Brinells hardness Test

E. TEXT BOOK

- T1. Laboratory Manual of Testing Materials-William Kendrick Hall
- T2. MechanicsofMaterials-FerdinandP.Beer, E.RusselJhonstonJr.,JohnT.DEwolf TMH 2002.

F. REFERENCES

- R1. Timoshenko, S. and Young, D.H.,—Elements of Strength of Materials^I, DVNC, NewYork, USA.
- R2. Kazmi, S.M.A.,-Solid Mechanics TMH, Delhi, India.
- R3. Hibbeler, R. C. Mechanics of Materials.6th ed.East Rutherford, NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES							CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES							
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 2	PO	PO 5	PO	PO 7	PO	PO	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS	PS	PS	PS
				3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O 2	03	O 4
[CO1]	To prepare a topographical map which shows the hills, valleys, rivers, villages, towns, forests, etc. of a country.	-	3	3	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	1	3	-	2	-
[CO2]	To prepare a cadastral map showing the boundaries of fields, houses and other properties	-	2	2	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	1	2	-	2	-
[CO3]	To prepare an engineering map which shows the details of engineering works such as roads, railways, reservoirs, irrigation canals, etc.	-	2	2	2	1	-	1		-	-	-	1	2	-	2	-
[CO4]	To prepare a military map showing the road and railway communications with different parts of a country. Such a map also shows the different strategic points important for the defense of a country.		3	2	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	1	2	-	2	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing Lab

Code: BTE23275

1 Credits | Semester III

A. Introduction:

• The objective of this lab is to teach the student usage of AutoCAD and basic drawing fundamentals in various civil engineering applications, especially in building drawing.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Use the AutoCAD commands for drawing 2D & 3D building drawings required for different civil engg applications.
- [CO2]Plan and draw Civil Engineering Buildings as per aspect and orientation
- [CO3] Presenting drawings as per user requirements and preparation of technical report.
- [CO4]Become familiar with computer aided drafting useful to share the design model to different section of industries as well as for research & development.
- [CO5]Understand projection of line, surface and solids to create the knowledge base of orthographic and isometric view of structures and machine parts.

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5
	Assignment	5
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35
Examination(ESE)		
Total		50
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendand	ce is required to be maintained by
	a student to be qualified for tal	king up the End Semester
	examination. The allowance of	f 25% includes all types of leaves
	including medical leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

S.No.	Name of Experiment
1	INTRODUCTION
	Introduction to concept of drawings, Interpretation of typical drawings, Planning drawings
	to show information concisely and comprehensively; optimal layout of drawings and
	Scales; Introduction to computer aided drawing, coordinate systems, and reference planes.
	Commands: Initial settings, Drawing aids, Drawing basic entities, Modify commands,
2	Layers, Text and Dimensioning, Blocks. Drawing presentation norms and standards
2	SYMBOLS AND SIGN CONVENTIONS
	Materials, Architectural, Structural, Electrical and Plumbing symbols. Rebar drawings
	and structural steel fabrication and connections drawing symbols, welding symbols;
3	dimensioning standards.
3	MASONRY BONDS
	English Bond and Flemish Bond – Corner wall and Cross walls - One brick wall and
	one and half brick wall
4	BUILDING DRAWING
	Terms, Elements of planning building drawing, Methods of making line drawing and
	detailed drawing. Site plan, floor plan, elevation and section drawing of small
	residential buildings. Foundation plan. Roof drainage plans. Depicting joinery, standard
	fittings & fixtures, finishes. Use of Notes to improve clarity.
5	PICTORIAL VIEW
	Principles of isometrics and perspective drawing. Perspective view of building. Fundamentals
	of Building Information Modelling(BIM)(3)Total 15sessions
	Derivationofformulaeandcalculationsofhoopstress, longitudinal stressin a cylinder, and
	sphere subjected to internal pressures

E. TEXT BOOK

- T1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, Prentice Hall,
- T2. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. AarneVesilind, Susan M. Morgan,
- T3.Tho.mpson /Brooks/Cole; Second Edition 2008
- T4. Basic & amp; Applied Soil Mechanics by Ranjan & amp; Rao, New AgeInternational Publishers.

F. REFERENCES

- R1. Varghese, P.C., —Building Construction", Prentice Hall India, 2007.
- R2. National Building Code, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi
- R3. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, ' Highway Engineering' Revised 10th Edition, Nem Chand & Bros, 2017
- R4. Kadiyalai, L.R., ' Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning', Khanna Publishers.
- R5. Partha Chakraborty, ' Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI Learning

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES							CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES							
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Use the AutoCAD commands for drawing 2D & 3D building drawings required for different civil engg applications.	2	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	1	2
[CO2]	Plan and draw Civil Engineering Buildings as per aspect and orientation	3	-	2	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	3	-	2	2
[CO3]	Presenting drawings as per user requirements and preparation of technical report.	2	2	2	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	2	2	1
[CO4]	Become familiar with computer aided drafting useful to share the design model to different section of industries as well as for research & development.	1	-	2	2	2	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	2	2
[CO5]	Understand projection of line, surface and solids to create the knowledge base of orthographic and isometric view of structures and machine parts.	2	2	2	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	2	2	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-IV

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	А	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	A	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	А	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	A	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	А	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	A	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	А	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SCHEME OF THE STUDY SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA *	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	РСС	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER-IV

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER VI

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	
3	Rock Mechanics								5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	
4	Environmental Engineering II								5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III			3	100	70	20	5	
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3						5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Elective IV Air and Noise Pollution and Control Solid and hazardous Waste	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
S.No 1 2 3 4	Management Elective V Design of Concrete Structure - II Prestressed Concrete	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Open Elective II Metro System & Engineering History of Science & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	River Engineering Practical	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

End Mid Contact Term Term Type of Hours Total Theory/ Theory/ Attendan S.No CIA* Name of the Subject Credit Paper Per Marks Practic Practic ce Week al al Exam Exam Elective VI Bridge Engineering 1 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Ground Water Engineering Elective VII **Railway Engineering** 2 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Traffic Engineering and Management **Open Elective III** Soft Skills and Interpersonal 3 100 OEC 3 3 70 20 5 5 Communication Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior Open Elective IV Civil Engineering Design-I 4 OEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Geographic Information Systems and Science **Practical** 5 Major Project PROJ 8 16 200 140 60 0 0 Extra- Curricular/ Co-PROJ 0 6 Curricular Activity 0 100 70 30 0 0 TOTAL 700 490 170 20 28 20 20

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment - Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4].Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels ,railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Materials, Testing & Evaluation Code: BTE24280

3 Credits | Semester IV

A. Introduction:

- Make measurements of behavior of various materials used in Civil Engineering.
- Provide physical observations to complement concepts learnt
- Introduce experimental procedures and common measurement instruments, equipment, devices.
- Exposure to a variety of established material testing procedures and techniques.
- Different methods of evaluation and inferences drawn from observations
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
- [CO1] Different materials used in civil engineering applications
- [CO2] Planning an experimental program, selecting the test configuration, selecting the test specimens and collecting raw data
- [CO3] Documenting the experimental program including the test procedures, collected data, method of interpretation and final results
- [CO4] Observing various modes of failure in compression, tension, and shear
- [CO5] Observing various types of material behavior under similar loading conditions

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20							
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5							
		Assignment	5							
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70							
Examination(ESE)										
Total			100							
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a							
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.								
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical								
		leaves.								

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING MATERIALS : Cements, M-Sand, Concrete (plain, reinforced and steel fibre / glass fibre-reinforced, light-weight concrete, High Performance Concrete Polymer Concrete) Ceramics, and Refractories, Bitumen and asphaltic materials, Timbers, Glass and Plastics, Structural Steel and other Metals, Paints and Varnishes Acoustical material and geotextiles, rubber and asbestos, laminates and adhesives, Graphene, Carbon composites and other engineering materials including properties and uses of these

INTRODUCTION TO MATERIAL TESTING: What is the "Material Engineering"; Mechanical behavior and mechanical characteristics; Elasticity – principle and characteristics;

Plastic deformation of metals; tensile test – standards for different material (brittle, quasi-brittle, elastic and so on) True stress – strain interpretation of tensile test; hardness tests; Bending and torsion test

FAILURE CONCEPT IN MATERIALS: strength of ceramic; Internal friction, creep – fundaments and characteristics; Brittle fracture of steel – temperature transition approach; Background of fracture mechanics; Discussion of fracture toughness testing – different materials; concept of fatigue of materials; Structural integrity assessment procedure and fracture mechanics

STANDARD TESTING & EVALUATION PROCEDURES: Laboratory for mechanical testing; Discussion about mechanical testing; Naming systems for various irons, steels and nonferrous metals; Discussion about elastic deformation; Plastic deformation; Impact test and transition temperatures; Fracture mechanics – background; Fracture toughness – different materials; Fatigue of material; Creep. Naming systems for various irons, steels and nonferrous metals; Discussion about elastic deformation; Plastic deformation; Impact test and nonferrous metals; Discussion about elastic deformation; Plastic deformation; Impact test and transition temperatures; Fracture mechanics – background; Fracture toughness – different materials; Fatigue of material; Creep.

TESTING PROCEDURE OF DIFFERENT MATERIALS: Tests & testing of bricks, Tests & testing of sand, Tests & testing of concrete, Tests & testing of soils Tests & testing of bitumen & bituminous mixes, Tests & testing of polymers and polymer based materials Tests & testing of metals & Tests & testing of other special materials, composites and cementitious materials Explanation of mechanical behavior of these materials.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. E.N. Dowling (1993), Mechanical Behaviour of Materials, Prentice Hall International Edition
- T2. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), Annual Book of ASTM Standards (post 2000)
- T3. Related papers published in international journals

- R1. Chudley, R., Greeno (2006), 'Building Construction Handbook' (6th ed.),R. ButterworthHeinemann
- R2. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, ' Highway Materials and Pavement Testing', Nem Chand& Bros, Fifth Edition
- R3. Various related updated & recent standards of BIS, IRC, ASTM, RILEM, AASHTO, etc. corresponding to materialsused for Civil Engineering applications
- R4. KyriakosKomvopoulos (2011), Mechanical Testing of Engineering Materials, Cognella

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

~~~							0 0 -							~~-			
CO	STATEMENT	COR	RREL	ATIO	N WIT	TH PR	OGRA	M O	UTCO	MES					RELA	ATION	I
														WIT	H P	ROGI	RAM
														SPE	CIFIC		
														001	COM	ES	
		<b>D</b> O	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DO	DC	DC	DC	DC
		PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	<b>O</b> 2	03	<b>O</b> 4
[CO1]	Different materials used in civil engineering	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1	3	-
	applications																
[CO2]	Planning an experimental program, selecting	3	2	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	3	1	3	-
	the test configuration, selecting the test	Ľ	-	-									-	Ľ	-	C	
	specimens and collecting raw data																
[CO3]	Documenting the experimental program	3	2	1	_	1	-	1	l _	-	1	_	2	3	1	2	
[005]	including the test procedures, collected data,	5	2		-	-		-			1	-	-	5		4	
	method of interpretation and final results																
10041	*						1		1	2							
[CO4]	8	3	2	-	2	2	I	-	1	2	-	1	2	3	2	1	
	compression, tension, and shear																
[CO5]	Observing various types of material behavior																
	under similar loading conditions																

### 1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# Subject: Engineering Geology Code: BTE24055

# 3 Credits | Semester IV

### A. Introduction:

- To focus on the core activities of engineering geologists site characterization and geologic hazard identification and mitigation.
- To couple geologic expertise with the engineering properties of rock and unconsolidated materials in the characterization of geologic sites for civil work projects and
- The quantification of processes such as rock slides, soil-slope stability, settlement, and liquefaction

# B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Site characterization and how to collect, analyze, and report geologic data using standards in engineering practice
- [CO2] The fundamentals of the engineering properties of Earth materials and fluids.
- [CO3] Rock mass characterization and the mechanics of planar rock slides and topples
- [CO4] Use suitable software to examine geology, soil, geologic hazard, and NEHRP data to characterize a geologic site
- [CO5] The mechanics of soils and fluids and their influence on settlement, liquefaction, and soil slope stability.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

### C. Assessment Plan:

### **D. SYLLABUS**

**INTRODUCTION:** Branches of geology useful to civil engineering, scope of geological studies in various civil engineering projects. Understanding the earth, internal structure and composition. Physical properties of minerals, susceptibility of minerals to alteration, Rock forming minerals, megascopic identification of common primary & secondary minerals. Basic of optical ineralogy, SEM, XRD.

**PETROLOGY:** Formation, Classification and Engineering Properties of : Igneous rocks-Types of Granite, Dolerite, Basalt, Pumice, Granite Porphyry. Sedimentary Rocks- Sandstone, Limestone, Shale, Laterite, Conglomerate. Metamorphic Rocks- Gneiss, Slate, Muscovite &Biotite schist, Marble, Quartzite. Rock weathering: types and their effects on Civil Engineering Projects. Landforms, Drainage pattern and types. Soil formation and soil profile. The apprehension of Index properties of rocks: Porosity, Density, Permeability, and Durability. Selection of rocks as materials for construction, as a foundation, Decorative, Flooring, and Roofing, Concrete Aggregate, Road Metal, Railway Ballast with examples.

**STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY & ROCK MECHANICS:** Dip and Strike. Outcrop and width of outcrop. Inliers and Outliers. Main types of discontinuities according to size. Fold- Types and nomenclature, Criteria for their recognition in field. Faults: Classification, recognition in field, effects on outcrops. Joints & Unconformity Sub surface Investigations in rocks and engineering characteristics or rocks masses; Structural geology of rocks. Classification of rocks, Field & laboratory tests on rocks, Stress deformation of rocks, Failure theories and shear strength of rocks, Bearing capacity of rocks Rock Quality Determination (RQD) & Rock Structure Rating (RSR). Geological site characterization, Strength Behavior of Rocks- Stress and Strain in rocks. Concept of Rock Deformation & Tectonics. Dam foundations, rock Foundation treatment for dams and Reservoirs heavy structures by grouting, and rock reinforcement

**GEOLOGICAL HAZARDS:** Rock Instability and Slope movement: Concept of sliding blocks. Different controlling factors. Instability in vertical rock structures and measures to prevent collapse. Slope reinforcement by Rock bolting and Rock anchoring, retaining wall, Slope treatment. Case study on black clay. Earthquake: Magnitude and intensity of earthquake. Seismic sea waves. Revelation from Seismic Records of structure of earth. Case Study on Elevation and Subsidence in Himalayan region in India. Seismic Zone in India.

**GEOLOGY OF DAM AND RESERVOIR SITE:** Required geological consideration for selecting dam and reservoir site. Failure of Reservoir. Favorable & unfavorable conditions in different types of rocks in presence of various structural features. Precautions to be taken to counteract unsuitable conditions, significance of discontinuities on the dam site and treatment giving to such structures.

# E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Geology for Geotechnical Engineers, J.C.Harvey, Cambridge University Press (1982).

# **F. REFERENCE BOOKS**

- R1. Engineering and General Geology, Parbin Singh, 8th Edition (2010), S K Kataria& Sons.
- R2. Text Book of Engineering Geology, N. ChennaKesavulu, 2nd Edition (2009), Macmillan Publishers India.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF								WIT SPE	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO 1	PO 2	<b>PO</b> 3	<b>PO</b> 4	PO 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PO 8	<b>PO</b> 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 03	PS O 4
[CO1]	Site characterization and how to collect, analyse, and report geologic data using standards in engineering practice	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	2	3	2
[CO2]	The fundamentals of the engineering properties of Earth materials and fluids.	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	3	2	1	2
[CO3]	Rock mass characterization and the mechanics of planar rock slides and topples	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	1	-
[CO4]	Use suitable software to examine geology, soil, geologic hazard, and NEHRP data to characterize a geologic site	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	1	1	-
[CO5]	The mechanics of soils and fluids and their influence on settlement, liquefaction, and soil slope stability.	2	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	3	2	1	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# **Subject: Fluid Mechanics**

Code: BTE24080

3 Credits | Semester IV

### A. Introduction:

- To understand parameters associated with fluid flow and hydrostatic pressure.
- To know head loss and water hammer in fluid flowing through pipes.
- To learn different types of pumps and their uses.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Measure pressure and determine total hydrostatic pressure for different conditions.
- [CO2] Understand various parameters associated with fluid flow.
- [CO3] Determine head loss of fluid flow through pipes.
- [CO4] Find the fluid flow parameters in open channels.
- [CO5] Understand the various types of flow

### C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
<b>Examination(ESE)</b>									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a						
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.						
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical							
		leaves.							

### **D. SYLLABUS**

**BASIC CONCEPT & HYDROSTATICS:** Distinction between a fluid and a solid; Density, Specific weight, Specific gravity, Kinematic and dynamic viscosity; variation of viscosity with temperature, Newton law of viscosity; vapour pressure, boiling point, cavitation; surface tension, capillarity, Bulk modulus of elasticity, compressibility. Fluid Pressure: Pressure at a point, Pascals law, pressure variation with temperature, density and altitude. Piezometer, U-Tube Manometer, Single Column Manometer, U-Tube Differential Manometer, Micromanometers. Pressure gauges, Hydrostatic pressure and force: horizontal, vertical and inclined surfaces. Buoyancy and stability of floating bodies.

**FLUID KINEMATICS & DYNAMICS:** Classification of fluid flow : steady and unsteady flow; uniform and non-uniform flow; laminar and turbulent flow; rotational and irrotational flow; compressible and incompressible flow; ideal and real fluid flow; one, two and three dimensional flows; Stream line, path line, streak line and stream tube; stream function, velocity potential function. One-, two- and three -dimensional continuity equations in Cartesian coordinates Surface and body forces; Equations of motion - Euler's equation; Bernoulli's equation – derivation; Energy Principle; Practical applications of Bernoulli's equation: venturimeter, orifice meter and pitot tube; Momentum principle; Forces exerted by fluid flow on pipe bend; Vortex Flow – Free and Forced;

**FLOW THROUGH PIPES:** Laminar flow through: circular pipes, annulus and parallel plates. Stoke's law, Measurement of viscosity Flow through Pipes:Loss of head through pipes, Darcy-Wiesbatch equation, minor losses, total energy equation, hydraulic gradient line, Pipes in series, equivalent pipes, pipes in parallel, flow through laterals, flows in dead end pipes, siphon, power transmission through pipes, nozzles. Analysis of pipe networks: Hardy Cross method, water hammer in pipes and control measures, branching of pipes, three reservoir problem

**DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS & MODEL STUDIES:** Dimensional homogeneity, Rayleigh method, Buckingham's Pi method and other methods. Dimensionless groups. Similitude, Model studies, Types of models. Application of dimensional analysis and model Studies to fluid flow problem. Dynamic Similitude- Definitions of Reynolds Number, Froude Number, Mach number, Weber Number and Euler Number.

**FLOW MEASUREMENTS:** Introduction, equation for discharge over triangular notch, rectangular notch, trapezoidal notch and broad crested weir Equation for discharge through inclined & horizontal venturimeter, Numerical. Measurement of velocity using Pitot tube and Pitot Static Tube, Classification of orifices, hydraulic coefficients of an orifice, Numerical on Vertical Orifice.

# **E. TEXT BOOKS**

- T1. Khurmi R S, Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics, Hydraulic machines, S. Chand Publishers
- T2. Rajput, R K, Fluid Mechanics, S Chand, New Delhi.
- T3. Ojha, C S P, Berndtsson, R, and Chandramoulli P. N., Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

# F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Modi, P. N.and Seth, S.M., Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, Standard book house, Delhi.
- R2. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill.
- R3. S.S. Rattan, Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines, Khanna Book Publishing Co., New Delhi
- R4. Ramamrutham, and Narayan, R., Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, DhanpatRai Publishing Company, New Delhi.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

	T																		
CO	STATEMENT	COF	REL	ATIOP	N WIT	H PR	OGRA	AM OI	UTCO	MES				COR	RELA	ATION	1		
	1													WIT	H P	PROGE	RAM		
	1													SPE(	SPECIFIC				
	1																		
1	1								001	OUTCOMES									
	1	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS		
	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03			
	1	1	-	5	-	5	U	'	0	1	10	11	14						
	1		1			1				1			1	'	1 '	1	1		
	1		1			1				1				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1 '	1	1		
[CO1]	Measure pressure and determine total	3	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	1	1		
L	hydrostatic pressure for different	-	-	-	-		1			1			L.		1 '	1			
	conditions.		1			1				1				'	1 '	1	1		
[CO2]		2	2	1	1	1	1	<u>+</u>	1	1	·'	1	2	2	1	2	1		
[004]		4	4	L '	I		1	-	1		-		2	3					
10001	with fluid flow.	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	<u> </u> '	+	-	<u> </u> '	<b>_</b>	'	$\square$	'	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	<u>      '</u>	<b>⊢</b> ′	+'	┥──┤		
[CO3]	C C	3	2	2	2	2	2	-	- '	1	- '	1	3	3	2	2	1-		
	pipes.	<u> </u>		'			'		'		'	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>↓</b> '			
[CO4]	Find the fluid flow parameters in open	2	1	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	3	2	1	1	-		
	channels.		1			1				1			1	!	1 '	1	1		
[CO5]	Understand the various types of flow	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	2	2	1	1		

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# Subject: Structural Analysis-I

Code: BTE24057

3 Credits | Semester IV

# A. Introduction:

- Ability to model loads on structures using current codes and standards Assignments
- Ability to idealize and analyze statically determinate and indeterminate structures Assignments
- Familiarity with structural analysis software Assignments: Six computer problems are assigned.
- Familiarity with professional and contemporary issues Assignments: Students must submit two reports.

# B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Ability to analyze statically determinate trusses, beams, and frames and obtain internal loading
- [CO2] Ability to analyze cable and arch structures
- [CO3] Ability to determine deflections of beams and frames using classical methods.
- [CO4] Ability to solve statically indeterminate structures using classical method
- [CO5] Ability to obtain the influence lines for statically determinate and indeterminate structures

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

# C. Assessment Plan:

# **D. SYLLABUS**

**INTRODUCTION AND ANALYSIS OF PLANE TRUSSES:** Structural forms, Conditions of equilibrium, Degree of freedom, Linear and Nonlinear analysis, Static and Kinematic indeterminacies of structural systems, Types of trusses, Assumptions in analysis, Analysis of determinate trusses by method of joints and method of sections.

**DEFLECTION OF BEAMS:** Deflection of determinate beams by Moment area and Conjugate beam methods, Strain energy due to axial force, BM and SF Principle of virtual work and Castigliano's theorems, Maxwell's Reciprocal Theorem and Betti's Theorem Unit load and its application to deflection of determinate beams and trusses

**ARCHES AND CABLE STRUCTURES:** Three hinged and two hinged parabolic arches with supports at same and different levels Determination of normal thrust, radial shear and bending moment, Analysis of cables under point loads and UDL Length of cables for supports at same and at different levels, Stiffening Girders, Stiffening trusses for suspension cables

**INFLUENCE LINES AND MOVING LOADS:** Concept of influence lines, ILD for reactions, SF and BM for determinate beams Muller Bresleau Principle, ILD for axial forces in determinate trusses, BM, SF and axial forces in determinate systems using ILD Maximum BM and SF in determinate beams using rolling loads concepts, ILD for arches

**ANALYSIS OF INDETERMINATE BEAMS:** Propped cantilevers and fixed beams using method of consistent deformations Forces due to rotation and settlement of supports

### E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Negi, L. S., Jangid, R. S., "Theory and Problems in Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1st Edition, 1997.
- T2. Jain, O.P., Jain, B.K., "Theory & Analysis of Structures", Vol. I & II, Nem Chand.

- R1. Reddy, C. S., "Basic Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2011.
- R2. Jain, A. K., "Elementary Structural Analysis", Nem Chand Publishers, Roorkee, 1990.
- R3. Ramamrutham, S., Narayan, R., "Theory of Structure", DhanpatRai& Co. Ltd.
- R4. Norris, C. H., Wilbur, J. B., "Elementary Structural Analysis", International Student Edition, Literary Licensing, LLC, 2012.

# G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	REL/	ATION	N WIT	H PR	OGRA	AM O	UTCO	MES				COR	RELA	TION	٧
,	1														H P		RAM
	1										SPECIFIC						
														OUT	COM	ES	
	1	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O 2	03	04
	1	'															
	1	'															
[CO1]	Ability to analyze statically determinate	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	3	3	1	1
	trusses, beams, and frames and obtain	'															
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	internal loading	<b>↓'</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u> '	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
[CO2]	Ability to analyze cable and arch structures	3	3	1	2	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	3	3	2	-	1
[CO3]	Ability to determine deflections of beams and frames using classical methods.	3	3	2	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	3	2	2	1	2
[CO4]	Ability to solve statically indeterminate	3	2	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	2	2	2	2
·  '	structures using classical method	'	1		'	1											
[CO5]	Ability to obtain the influence lines for	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1
·   ·	statically determinate and indeterminate	'															
	structures	<u> </u>															

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# Subject: Geotechnical Engineering

# Code: BTE24056

# 3 Credits | Semester IV

# A. INTRODUCTION:

- Understand the different types of soil based on their formation mechanism.
- Evaluate the stiffness of soil using shear strength parameters
- Perform various laboratory experiments to determine moisture content, specific gravity
- Perform field experiments to estimate the field density of the soil mass.
- B. COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, students will be able to
  - [CO1] Understand the various phase diagrams and derive various phase relationships of the soil
  - [CO2] Classify any soils based on their particle size distribution and index properties
  - [CO3] Analytically calculate the effective permeability of anisotropic soil mass
  - [CO4] Evaluate ground settlements against time.
  - [CO5] Understand the significance of shear strength parameters in various geotechnical analyses

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

# C. ASSESSMENT PLAN:

# **D. SYLLABUS:**

**PROPERTIES OF SOIL:** Types of soils, their formation and deposition, Definitions: soil mechanics, soil engineering, rock mechanics, geotechnical engineering. Scope of soil engineering. Comparison and difference between soil and rock. Basic Definitions and Relationships-Soil as three-phase system in terms of weight, volume, voids ratio, and porosity. Definitions: moisture content, unit weights, degree of saturation, voids ratio, porosity, specific gravity, mass specific gravity, etc. Relationship between volume weight, voids ratio- moisture content, unit weight- percent air voids, saturation moisture content, moisture content- specific gravity etc. Determination of various parameters such as: Moisture content by oven dry method, pycnometer, sand bath method, torsional balance method, nuclear method, alcohol method and

sensors. Specific gravity by density bottle method, pycnometer method, measuring flask method. Unit weight by water displacement method, submerged weight method, core-cutter method, sand-replacement method. Introduction to definitions of: plasticity of soil, consistency limits-liquid limit, plastic limit, shrinkage limit, plasticity, liquidity and consistency indices, flow & toughness indices, definitions of activity and sensitivity. Determination of: liquid limit, plastic limit and shrinkage limit. Use of consistency limits.

**CLASIFICATION OF SOIL & SOIL STRUCTURE:** Classification of Soils-Introduction of soil classification: particle size classification, textural classification, unified soil classification system, Indian standard soil classification system. Identification: field identification of soils, general characteristics of soil in different groups Single grained, honey combed, flocculent, and dispersed structure. Common clay structures Introduction to principle of effective stress, nature of effective stress, effect of water table. Fluctuations of effective stress, effective stress in soils saturated by capillary action, seepage pressure, quick sand condition

**FLOW THROUGH SOIL & COMPACTION:** Darcy's law, validity of Darcy's law. Determination of coefficient of permeability: Laboratory method: constant-head method, falling-head method. Field method: pumping- in test, pumping- out test. Permeability aspects: permeability of stratified soils, factors affecting permeability of soil. Seepage Analysis-Introduction, stream and potential functions, characteristics of flow nets, graphical method to plot flow nets. Compaction of Soil-Introduction, theory of compaction, laboratory determination of optimum moisture content and maximum dry density. Compaction in field, compaction specifications and field control.

**CONSOLIDATION OF SOIL:** Introduction, comparison between compaction and consolidation, initial, primary & secondary consolidation, spring analogy for primary consolidation, and interpretation of consolidation test results Terzaghi's theory of consolidation, final settlement of soil deposits, computation of consolidation settlement and secondary consolidation. Determination of consolidation characteristics of soil, Proportioning of soil compression index and coefficient of consolidation, determination of consolidation by square root of time fitting method, logarithmic time fitting method.

**SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOIL:** Mohr circle and its characteristics, principal planes, relation between major and minor principal stresses, Mohr-Coulomb theory, types of shear tests: direct shear test, merits of direct shear test, triaxial compression tests, test behavior of UU, CU and CD tests, pore pressure measurement, computation of effective shear strength parameters. Unconfined compression test, vane shear test

### E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice by Karl Terzaghi, Ralph B. Peck, and GholamrezaMesri.
- T2. Geotechnical Engineering: Principles and Practices of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering (Civil and Environmental Engineering) by V.N.S. Murthy

- R1. Soil Mechanics by Craig R.F., Chapman & Hall
- R2. Fundamentals of Soil Engineering by Taylor, John Wiley & Sons
- R3. An Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering, by Holtz R.D. and Kovacs, W.D., Prentice Hall, NJ
- R4. Principles of Geotechnical Engineering, by Braja M. Das, Cengage Learning
- R5. Principles of Foundation Engineering, by Braja M. Das, Cengage Learning
- R6. Essentials of Soil Mechanics and Foundations: Basic Geotechnics by David F. McCarthy

# G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR							WIT SPE	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES							
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand the various phase diagrams and derive various phase relationships of the soil	3	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3	1
[CO2]	Classify any soils based on their particle size distribution and index properties	3	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	3	2	1	2	1
[CO3]	Analytically calculate the effective permeability of anisotropic soil mass	3	1	2	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	3	2	2	1	2
[CO4]	Evaluate ground settlements against time.	3	2	2	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	3	1	1	2	1
[CO5]	Understand the significance of shear strength parameters in various geotechnical analyses	3	1	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3	2	1	2	1

# 1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# Subject: Civil Engineering- Societal & Global Impact Code: BTE24059 3 Credits | Semester IV

# A. INTRODUCTION:

- To provide a better understanding of the impact which Civil Engineering has on the Society and on the global arena?
- To understand the impact on the Infrastructure, Energy consumption and generation, Sustainability of the Environment, Aesthetics of the environment, Employment creation
- To realize the impact which this field has and take appropriate precautions to ensure that the impact is not adverse but beneficial.
- B. COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, students will be able to
  - [CO1] Awareness of the importance of Civil Engineering and the impact it has on the Society and at global levels
  - [CO2] Awareness of the impact of Civil Engineering for the various specific fields of human endeavor
  - [CO3] Need to think innovatively to ensure Sustainability
  - [CO4] Understand the new civil engineering projects & its impact on society
  - [CO5] Importance of Civil Engineering in shaping & affecting the world

# C. ASSESSMENT PLAN:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

# **D. SYLLABUS:**

**INTRODUCTION TO COURSE AND OVERVIEW:** Understanding the past to look into the future: Pre- industrial revolution days, Agricultural revolution, first and second industrial revolutions, IT revolution; Recent major Civil Engineering breakthroughs and innovations; Present day world and future projections, Ecosystems in Society and in Nature; the steady erosion in Sustainability; Global warming, its impact and possible causes; Evaluating future requirements for various resources; GIS and applications for monitoring systems; Human Development Index and Ecological Footprint of India Vs. other countries and analysis;

Understanding the importance of Civil Engineering in shaping and impacting the world; The ancient and modern Marvels and Wonders in the field of Civil Engineering; Future Vision for Civil Engineering

**INFRASTRUCTURE:** Infrastructure - Habitats, Megacities, Smart Cities, futuristic visions; Transportation (Roads, Railways & Metros, Airports, Seaports, River ways, Sea canals, Tunnels (below ground, under water); Futuristic systems (ex, Hyper Loop)); Energy generation (Hydro, Solar (Photovoltaic, Solar Chimney), Wind, Wave, Tidal, Geothermal, Thermal energy); Water provisioning; Telecommunication needs (towers, above-ground and underground cabling); Awareness of various Codes & Standards governing Infrastructure development; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability;

**ENVIRONMENT:** Traditional & futuristic methods; Solid waste management, Water purification, Wastewater treatment & Recycling, Hazardous waste treatment; Flood control (Dams, Canals, River interlinking), Multi-purpose water projects. Atmospheric pollution; Global warming phenomena and Pollution Mitigation measures Stationary and non-stationary; Environmental Metrics & Monitoring; Other Sustainability measures; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability.

**BUILT ENVIRONMENT:** Facilities management, Climate control; Energy efficient built environments and LEED ratings, Recycling, Temperature/ Sound control in built environment, Security systems; Intelligent/ Smart Buildings, Aesthetics of built environment, Role of Urban Arts Commissions; Conservation, Repairs & Rehabilitation of Structures & Heritage structures; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability

**CIVIL ENGINEERING PROJECTS:** Environmental Impact Analysis procedures; Waste(materials, manpower, equipment) avoidance/ Efficiency increase; Advanced construction techniques for better sustainability; Techniques for reduction of Green House Gas emissions in various aspects of Civil Engineering Projects New Project Management paradigms & Systems (Ex. Lean Construction), contribution of Civil Engineering to GDP, Contribution to employment (projects, facilities management) Quality of products, Health & Safety aspects for stakeholders; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability during Project development

# E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Ashley R M., Nowell R., Gersonius B., Walker L. (2011). Surface Water Management and Urban Green Infrastructure. Review of Current Knowledge. Foundation for Water Research FR/R0014
- T2. Barry M. (2003) corporate social responsibility unworkable paradox or sustainable paradigm? Proc ICE Engineering Sustainability 156. Sept Issue ES3 paper 13550. p 129-130

- T3. Blackmore J M., Plant R A J. (2008). Risk and resilience to enhance sustainability with application to urban water systems. J. Water Resources Planning and Management. ASCE. Vol. 134, No. 3, May.
- T4. Bogle D. (2010) UK's engineering Council guidance on sustainability. Proc ICE Engineering Sustainability 163. June Issue ES2 p61-63

- R1. ŽigaTurk (2014), Global Challenges and the Role of Civil Engineering, Chapter 3 in: Fischinger M. (eds) Performance-Based Seismic Engineering: Vision for an Earthquake Resilient Society. Geotechnical, Geological and Earthquake Engineering, Vol. 32. Springer, Dordrecht
- R2. Brito, Ciampi, Vasconcelos, Amarol, Barros (2013) Engineering impacting Social, Economic and Working Environment, 120th ASEE Annual Conference and Exposition
- R3. NAE Grand Challenges for Engineering (2006), Engineering for the Developing World, The Bridge, Vol 34, No.2, Summer 2004.
- R4. Allen M. (2008) Cleansing the city. Ohio University Press. Athens Ohio.
- R5. Ashley R., Stovin V., Moore S., Hurley L., Lewis L., Saul A. (2010). London Tideway Tunnels Programme – Thames Tunnel Project Needs Report – Potential source control and SUDS applications: Land use and retrofit options

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES												CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	<b>PO</b> 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS 01	PS O 2	PS 03	PS O 4		
[CO1]	Awareness of the importance of Civil Engineering and the impact it has on the Society and at global levels	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	1	1		
[CO2]	Awareness of the impact of Civil Engineering for the various specific fields of human endeavor	3	2	2	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	2	1	2	1		
[CO3]	Need to think innovatively to ensure Sustainability	3	1	1	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	1		
[CO4]	Understand the new civil engineering projects & its impact on society	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	1		
[CO5]	Importance of Civil Engineering in shaping & affecting the world	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	2	2		

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# **Subject: Material Testing & Evaluation Lab**

Code: BTE24388

1 Credits | Semester IV

# A. Introduction:

- To know properties of cement, aggregate and water used in concrete.
- To understand different characteristics of concrete.
- To learn about role of admixtures in concrete.
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
  - [CO1] Identify different types of cement by performing laboratory tests.
  - [CO2] Know the physical properties of fine and coarse aggregates
  - [CO3] Prepare concrete of required specification.
  - [CO4] To understand the compression & tensile loading
  - [CO5] Apply relevant admixtures for concreting.

# C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5							
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5							
	Assignment	5							
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35							
Examination(ESE)									
Total		50							
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by							
	a student to be qualified for taki	ing up the End Semester							
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves								
	including medical leaves.								

# D. SYLLABUS

Sl.No	Name of Practical
1	Gradation of coarse and fine aggregates
2	Different corresponding tests and need/application of these tests in design and quality
	control
3	Tensile Strength of materials & concrete composites
4	Compressive strength test on aggregates
5	Tension I - Elastic Behaviour of metals & materials
6	Tension II - Failure of Common Materials
7	Direct Shear - Frictional Behaviour
8	Concrete I - Early Age Properties
9	Concrete II - Compression and Indirect Tension

10	Compression – Directionality
11	Soil Classification
12	Consolidation and Strength Tests
13	Tension III - Heat Treatment
14	Torsion test
15	Hardness tests (Brinnel's and Rockwell)
16	Tests on closely coiled and open coiled springs
17	Theories of Failure and Corroboration with Experiments
18	Tests on unmodified bitumen and modified binders with polymers
19	Bituminous Mix Design and Tests on bituminous mixes - Marshall method
20	Concrete Mix Design as per BIS

### **E. TEXT BOOKS**

- T1. E.N. Dowling (1993), Mechanical Behaviour of Materials, Prentice Hall International Edition
- T2. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), Annual Book of ASTM Standards (post 2000)
- T3. Related papers published in international journals

- R1. Chudley, R., Greeno (2006), 'Building Construction Handbook' (6th ed.),R. ButterworthHeinemann
- R2. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, ' Highway Materials and Pavement Testing', Nem Chand& Bros, Fifth Edition
- R3. Various related updated & recent standards of BIS, IRC, ASTM, RILEM, AASHTO, etc. corresponding to materialsused for Civil Engineering applications
- R4. KyriakosKomvopoulos (2011), Mechanical Testing of Engineering Materials, Cognella

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES													CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES			
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	<b>PO</b> 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS 01	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4		
		1	2	5	-	5	U	,	0	,	10	11	12	01	02	03	04		
[CO1]	Identify different types of cement by performing laboratory tests.	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	3	2	1	-		
[CO2]	Know the physical properties of fine and coarse aggregates	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	1	1	2	-		
[CO3]	Prepare concrete of required specification.	3	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1		
[CO4]	To understand the compression & tensile loading	3	1	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	1	1	-	1		
[CO5]	Apply relevant admixtures for concreting.	3	1	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	1		

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

# Subject: Engineering Geology Lab

Code: BTE24062

1 Credits | Semester IV

# A. Introduction:

- Use suitable software to examine geology, soil, geologic hazard, and NEHRP data to characterize a geologic site
- Calculate the bulk properties of rocks and unconsolidated sediments such as density, void ratio, water contents, and unit weights.
- To identity different rocks & minerals based on physical properties
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
  - [CO1] Site characterization and how to collect, analyze, and report geologic data using standards in engineering practice
  - [CO2] The fundamentals of the engineering properties of Earth materials and fluids.
  - [CO3] Rock mass characterization and the mechanics of planar rockslides and topples.
  - [CO4] Use suitable software to examine geology, soil, geologic hazard, and NEHRP data to characterize a geologic site.
  - [CO5] The mechanics of soils and fluids and their influence on settlement, liquefaction, and soil slope stability

#### **Maximum Marks** Criteria Description Internal Examination **Continuous Internal** 5 Assessment (CIA) Attendance 5 Assignment 5 End Semester Examination End Semester 35 Examination(ESE) Total 50 Attendance A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical leaves.

# C. Assessment Plan:

### **D. SYLLABUS**

Sl.No	Name of Practical
1	Study of physical properties of minerals.
2	Study of different group of minerals.
3	Study of Crystal and Crystal system.
4	Identification of minerals: Silica group: Quartz, Amethyst, Opal; Feldspar group:

	Orthoclase, Plagioclase; Cryptocrystalline group: Jasper; Carbonate group: Calcite;
	Element group: Graphite; Pyroxene group: Talc; Mica group: Muscovite; Amphibole
	group: Asbestos, Olivine, Hornblende, Magnetite, Hematite, Corundum, Kyanite,
	Garnet, Galena, Gypsum
5	Identification of rocks (Igneous Petrology): Acidic Igneous rock: Granite and its
	varieties, Syenite, Rhyolite, Pumice, Obsidian, Scoria, Pegmatite, And Volcanic Tuff.
	Basic rock: Gabbro, Dolerite, Basalt and its varieties, Trachyte.
6	Identification of rocks (Sedimentary Petrology): Conglomerate, Breccia, Sandstone and
	its varieties, Laterite, Limestone and its varieties, Shales and its varieties.
7	Identification of rocks (Metamorphic Petrolody): Marble, slate, Gneiss and its varieties,
	Schist and its varieties. Quartzite, Phyllite.
8	Study of topographical features from Geological maps. Identification of symbols in
	maps.

### **E. TEXT BOOKS**

T1. Geology for Geotechnical Engineers, J.C.Harvey, Cambridge University Press (1982).

- R1. Engineering and General Geology, Parbin Singh, 8th Edition (2010), S K Kataria& Sons.
- R2. Text Book of Engineering Geology, N. ChennaKesavulu, 2nd Edition (2009), Macmillan Publishers India.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

		~~~												~ ~				
CO	STATEMENT	COF	RELA	ATION	N WIT	'H PR	OGRA	AM OU	UTCO	MES				COR	RELA	TION	N	
														WITH PROGRAM				
														SPECIFIC				
															COM			
																e9		
		DO	PO													PS	PS	
		PU		_		_							_	PS	PS			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04	
[CO1]	Site characterization and how to collect,	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	2	3	2	
	analyze, and report geologic data using																	
	standards in engineering practice																	
[CO2]	The fundamentals of the engineering	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	_	1	2	3	2	1	2	
	properties of Earth materials and fluids.	3	1	1	4	-				-	-	1	4	3	2	1	2	
10031	* *	-	-	-	-			1							-			
[CO3]	Rock mass characterization and the	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	1	-	
	mechanics of planar rockslides and																	
	topples.																	
[CO4]	Use suitable software to examine geology,	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	1	1	-	
	soil, geologic hazard, and NEHRP data to	_	-								-		-	-	-	-		
	characterize a geologic site.																	
						1			 			 						
[CO5]	The mechanics of soils and fluids and their	2	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	3	2	1	-	-	
	influence on settlement, liquefaction, and																	
	soil slope stability																	

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Geotechnical Engineering Lab

Code: BTE24063

1Credits | Semester IV

A. Introduction:

- Understand the different types of soil based on their formation mechanism.
- Evaluate the stiffness of soil using shear strength parameters
- Perform various laboratory experiments to determine moisture content, specific gravity
- Perform field experiments to estimate the field density of the soil mass.
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

[CO1]Understand the various phase diagrams and derive various phase relationships of the soil

- [CO2] Classify any soils based on their particle size distribution and index properties
- [CO3] Analytically calculate the effective permeability of anisotropic soil mass
- [CO4] Evaluate ground settlements against time.
- [CO5] Understand the significance of shear strength parameters in various geotechnical analyses

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks								
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5								
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5								
	Assignment	5								
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35								
Examination(ESE)										
Total		50								
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by								
	a student to be qualified for tak	king up the End Semester								
	examination. The allowance of	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves								
	including medical leaves.									

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

Sl.No	Name of Practical
1	Field Density using Core Cutter method.
2	Field Density using Sand replacement method.
3	Natural moisture content using Oven Drying method.
4	Field identification of Fine Grained soils.
5	Specific gravity of Soils.

6	Grain size distribution by Sieve Analysis.
7	Grain size distribution by Hydrometer Analysis.
8	Consistency limits by Liquid limit
9	Consistency limits by Plastic limit
10	Consistency limits by Shrinkage limit.
11	Permeability test using Constant-head test method.
12	Permeability test using Falling-head method.
13	Compaction test: Standard Proctor test.
14	Compaction test: Modified Proctor test.
15	Relative density.
16	Consolidation Test.
17	Triaxial Test (UU)
18	Vane shear test
19	Direct Shear Test
20	Unconfined Compression Strength Test.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice by Karl Terzaghi, Ralph B. Peck, and GholamrezaMesri.
- T2. Geotechnical Engineering: Principles and Practices of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering (Civil and Environmental Engineering) by V.N.S. Murthy

- R1. Soil Mechanics by Craig R.F., Chapman & Hall
- R2. Fundamentals of Soil Engineering by Taylor, John Wiley & Sons
- R3. An Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering, by Holtz R.D. and Kovacs, W.D., Prentice Hall, NJ
- R4. Principles of Geotechnical Engineering, by Braja M. Das, Cengage Learning
- R5. Principles of Foundation Engineering, by Braja M. Das, Cengage Learning
- R6. Essentials of Soil Mechanics and Foundations: Basic Geotechnics by David F. McCarthy

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COR	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES													CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4			
[CO1]	Understand the various phase diagrams and derive various phase relationships of the soil	3	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	3	1			
[CO2]	Classify any soils based on their particle size distribution and index properties	3	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	3	2	1	2	1			
[CO3]	Analytically calculate the effective permeability of anisotropic soil mass	3	1	2	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	3	2	2	1	2			
[CO4]	Evaluate ground settlements against time.	3	2	2	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	3	1	1	2	1			
[CO5]	Understand the significance of shear strength parameters in various geotechnical analyses	3	1	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3	2	1	2	1			

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Fluid Mechanics Lab

Code: BTE24086

1Credits | Semester IV

A. Introduction:

- To understand parameters associated with fluid flow and hydrostatic pressure.
- To know head loss and water hammer in fluid flowing through pipes.
- To learn different types of pumps and their uses.
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - [CO1] Measure pressure and determine total hydrostatic pressure for different conditions.
 - [CO2] Understand various parameters associated with fluid flow
 - [CO3] Determine head loss of fluid flow through pipes
 - [CO4] Find the fluid flow parameters in open channels.
 - [CO5] Understand the various types of flow

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5							
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5							
	Assignment	5							
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35							
Examination(ESE)									
Total		50							
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintain								
	a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester								
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves								
	including medical leaves.								

D. SYLLABUS

Sl.No	Name of Practical					
1	Measurement of viscosity					
2	Study of Pressure Measuring Devices					
3	Stability of Floating Body					
4	Hydrostatics Force on Flat Surfaces/Curved Surfaces					
5	Verification of Bernoulli's Theorem					
6	Venturimeter					
7	Orifice meter					
8	Impacts of jets					
9	Flow Visualisation -Ideal Flow					

10	Length of establishment of flow
11	Velocity distribution in pipes
12	Laminar Flow

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Khurmi R S, Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics, Hydraulic machines, S. Chand Publishers
- T2. Rajput, R K, Fluid Mechanics, S Chand, New Delhi.
- T3. Ojha, C S P, Berndtsson, R, and Chandramoulli P. N., Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

- R1. Modi, P. N.and Seth, S.M., Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, Standard book house, Delhi.
- R2. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill.
- R3. S.S. Rattan, Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines, Khanna Book Publishing Co., New Delhi
- R4. Ramamrutham, and Narayan, R., Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, DhanpatRai Publishing Company, New Delhi.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	РО 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Measure pressure and determine total hydrostatic pressure for different conditions.	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	2	3	2
[CO2]	Understand various parameters associated with fluid flow	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	3	2	1	2
[CO3]	Determine head loss of fluid flow through pipes	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	1	-
[CO4]	Find the fluid flow parameters in open channels.	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	1	1	-
[CO5]	Understand the various types of flow	2	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	3	2	1	-	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-V

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	А	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	А	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	А	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	A	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	А	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	А	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	А	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SCHEME OF THE STUDY SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	70 20		5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week Marks		End TermMid TermTheory/Theory/PracticalPracticalExamExam		CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA *	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER-IV

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	МС	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
	Elective IV								
1	Air and Noise Pollution and Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management								
	Elective V								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Prestressed Concrete								
	Open Elective II								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

End Mid Contact Term Term Type of Hours Total Theory/ Theory/ Attendan S.No CIA* Name of the Subject Credit Paper Per Marks Practic Practic ce Week al al Exam Exam Elective VI Bridge Engineering 1 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Ground Water Engineering Elective VII **Railway Engineering** 2 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Traffic Engineering and Management **Open Elective III** Soft Skills and Interpersonal 3 100 OEC 3 3 70 20 5 5 Communication Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior Open Elective IV Civil Engineering Design-I 4 OEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Geographic Information Systems and Science **Practical** 5 Major Project PROJ 8 16 200 140 60 0 0 Extra- Curricular/ Co-PROJ 0 6 Curricular Activity 0 100 70 30 0 0 TOTAL 700 490 170 20 28 20 20

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment - Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4].Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels ,railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Hydraulic Engineering

Code: BTE25089

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- To improve the students understanding of the principles of fluid mechanics towards its application in Hydraulic analyses.
- To make students understand the hydraulic concepts and their application in hydraulic design and engineering applications.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] State the principle of operation of Hydraulic machineries (Pumps and Turbines).
- [CO2] Solve problems in uniform, gradually and rapidly varied flows in steady state conditions.
- [CO3] Relate the theoretical and practical problems of Hydraulic Engineering
- [CO4] Develop dimensional analysis and similitude to present and interpret experimental data and models in fluid engineering problems.
- [CO5] Design calculations through pipe networks and various hydraulic structures such as Weirs.

C. Assessment Plan:	;
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Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks								
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20								
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5								
		Assignment	5								
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70								
Examination(ESE)											
Total			100								
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a								
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.									
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical									
		leaves.									

D. SYLLABUS

LAMINAR & TURBULENT FLOW: Laminar flow through: circular pipes, parallel plates. Stoke's law, Measurement of viscosity Turbulent Flow- Reynolds experiment, Transition from laminar to turbulent flow. Definition of turbulence, Causes of turbulence, instability, mechanism of turbulence and effect of turbulent flow in pipes. Reynolds stresses, theories of turbulence, Prandtl's mixing length theory, velocity distribution equation. Resistance to flow of fluid in smooth and rough pipes, Moody's diagram

BOUNDARY LAYER & OPEN-CHANNEL FLOW: Boundary Layer Analysis- Assumption and concept of boundary layer theory. Boundary-layer thickness, displacement, momentum & energy thickness, laminar and turbulent boundary layers on a flat plate; laminar sub-layer, smooth and rough boundaries. Local and average friction coefficients. Separation and Control. Open Channel Flow-Comparison between open channel flow and pipe flow, geometrical parameters of a channel, classification of open channels, classification of open channel flow, Velocity Distribution of channel section.

UNIFORM & NON-UNIFORM-FLOW: Uniform Flow-Continuity Equation, Energy Equation and Momentum Equation, Characteristics of uniform flow, Chezy's formula, Manning's formula. Factors affecting Manning's Roughness Coefficient "n_. Most economical section of channel. Computation of Uniform flow, Normal depth. Non-Uniform Flow- Specific energy, Specific energy curve, critical flow, discharge curve Specific force Specific depth, and Critical depth. Channel Transitions. Measurement of Discharge and Velocity – Venturi Flume, Broad Crested Weir. Measurement of Velocity- Current meter, Floats, Gradually Varied Flow-Dynamic Equation of Gradually Varied Flow, Classification of channel bottom slopes, Classification of surface profile, Characteristics of surface profile. Computation of water surface profile by graphical, numerical and analytical approaches. Direct Step method, Graphical Integration method and direct integration method.

HYDRAULIC JUMP & PIPE FLOW: Hydraulic Jump- Theory of hydraulic jump, Elements and characteristics of hydraulic jump in a rectangular Channel, length and height of jump, location of jump, Types, applications of hydraulic jump. Energy dissipation, Positive and negative surges. Dynamics of Fluid Flow- Momentum principle, applications: Force on plates, pipe bends, moments of momentum equation, Flow through Pipes: Loss of head through pipes, Darcy- Wiesbatch equation, minor losses, total energy equation, hydraulic gradient line, Pipes in series, equivalent pipes, pipes in parallel, flow through laterals, flows in dead end pipes, siphon, power transmission through pipes, nozzles. Analysis of pipe networks: Hardy Cross method, water hammer in pipes and control measures, branching of pipes, three reservoir problem.

DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS & FLUID DYNAMICS: Dimensional Analysis and Hydraulic Similitude: Dimensional homogeneity, Rayleigh method, Buckingham's Pi method and other methods. Dimensionless groups. Similitude, Model studies, Types of models. Application of dimensional analysis and model studies to fluid flow problem.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, P.M. Modi and S.M. Seth, Standard Book House

T2. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill.

T3. Open channel Flow, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill.

B. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Open Channel Hydraulics, VenTe Chow, Tata McGraw Hill.

R2. Burnside, C.D., "Electromagnetic Distance Measurement," Beekman Publishers, 1971.

AJU-B.Tech. in Civil Engineering - Syllabus w.e.f Batch 2020 G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs) STATEMENT CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES CO CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM **SPECIFIC OUTCOMES** PO PS PS PS PS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 01 **O**2 03 **O**4 [CO1] State the principle of operation of 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 --------Hydraulic machineries (Pumps and Turbines). [CO2] Solve problems in uniform, gradually and 2 3 3 3 2 1 2 2 3 1 _ --rapidly varied flows in steady state conditions. Relate the theoretical and practical [CO3] 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 1 ---problems of Hydraulic Engineering Develop dimensional analysis and [CO4] 2 1 2 1 2 2 ---------similitude to present and interpret experimental data and models in fluid engineering problems. Design calculations through pipe [CO5] 3 2 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 --networks and various hydraulic structures such as Weirs.

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Structural Analysis-II

Code: BTE25090

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- Apply their knowledge of structural mechanics in addressing design problems of structural engineering
- Identify and analyse Determinate and Indeterminate structures.
- Analyse structures using Slope-Deflection and Moment Distribution method
- Explain the comparative advantages of analysis using Flexibility and Stability Method
- Apply the knowledge of Plastic Analysis in addressing design problems

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Utilize the knowledge of structural mechanics in addressing design problems of Structural engineering.
- [CO2] Apply the knowledge of Plastic Analysis in addressing Design problems.
- [CO3] Analyse structures using Slope-Deflection and Moment-Distribution Method.
- [CO4] Judge the comparative advantages of analysis using Flexibility and Stability Method.
- [CO5] Develop shape factors of simple sections.

C. Assessment I lan.		1	1								
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks								
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20								
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5								
		Assignment	5								
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70								
Examination(ESE)											
Total			100								
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a								
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.								
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical									
		leaves.									

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD: Introduction Sign Convention, Development of Slope-Deflection equation, Analysis of continuous beams, Analysis of orthogonal rigid plane including sway frames with kinematic indeterminacy

MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD: Introduction, Definition of terms, Development of method, Analysis of continuous beams, Analysis of orthogonal rigid plane including swat frames with kinematic indeterminacy.

FLEXIBILITY METHOD: Introduction, Axes and coordinates, Flexibility matrix, Analysis of continuous beams and plane trusses using system approach, Analysis of orthogonal rigid frames using system approach

STIFFNESS METHOD: Introduction, Stiffness matrix, Analysis of continuous beams and plane trusses using system approach, Analysis of orthogonal rigid frames using system approach

PLASTIC ANALYSIS: Introduction, Basic concepts of Plastic Analysis, Shape factors of simple sections, Equilibrium and mechanism method, Collapse loads for simple and continuous beams

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Negi, L., Jehangir, R., "Structural Analysis:, Tata McGraw Hill Publications Co. Ltd.
- T2. Gupta, R., Pandit, G.S., Gupta, S.P., "Theory of Structurs", Tata McGraw Hill Publications Co. Ltd.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Wang, C.K., "Intermediate Structural Analysis", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1983.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES									CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Utilise the knowledge of structural mechanics in addressing design problems of Structural engineering.	2	3	1	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	-
[CO2]	Apply the knowledge of Plastic Analysis in addressing Design problems.	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	2	2	3	1	-
[CO3]	Analyse structures using Slope-Deflection and Moment-Distribution Method.	2	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-
[CO4]	Judge the comparative advantages of analysis using Flexibility and Stability Method.	2	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	-
[CO5]	Develop shape factors of simple sections.	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering

Code: BTE25091

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- To introduce the student to the physical processes of hydrologic cycle, the fundamentals of hydrologic analysis and elements of design hydrology.
- To give an insight on how to use engineering hydrology and its application in everyday life.
- To develop an idea about engineering hydrology that enables us to find out the relationship between a catchment's surface water and groundwater resources
- **B.** Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - **[CO1]** Explain the process governing transfer of water between atmosphere, land, subsurface and natural channels and the quality of water in aquifers, rivers, lakes and reservoirs.
 - [CO2] Interpret hydrological parameter measurement techniques.
 - [CO3] Examine simple hydrological models in Environmental engineering applications.
 - [CO4] Quantify the process controlling water flow and sediment transport in catchments.
 - [CO5] Design water distribution systems and Dams.

C. Assessment I lan.									
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		leaves.	l types of leaves including medical						

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION TO HYDROLOGY: Hydrologic cycle, water-budget equation, history of hydrology, World water balance, applications in engineering, sources of data.

PRECIPITATION & RUNOFF: Precipitation - forms of precipitation, characteristics of precipitation in India, measurement of precipitation, rain gauge network, mean precipitation over an area, depth area- duration relationships, maximum intensity/depth-duration-frequency relationship, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), rainfall data in India. Runoff -runoff volume, SCS-CN method of estimating runoff volume, flow duration curve, flow-mass curve, hydrograph, factors affecting runoff hydrograph, components of hydrograph, base flow

separation, effective rainfall, unit hydrograph surface, water resources of India, environmental flows

ABSTRACTIONS FROM PRECIPITATION: Evaporation process, evaporimeters, analytical methods of evaporation estimation, reservoir evaporation and methods for its reduction, Evapotranspiration, measurement of evapotranspiration, evapotranspiration equations, potential evapotranspiration over India, actual evapotranspiration, interception, depression storage Infiltration, infiltration capacity, measurement of infiltration, modelling infiltration capacity, classification of infiltration capacities, infiltration indices.

WATER: Ground water and well hydrology - forms of subsurface water, saturated formation, aquifer properties, geologic formations of aquifers, well hydraulics: steady state flow in wells, equilibrium equations for confined and unconfined aquifers, aquifer tests. Water withdrawals and uses – water for energy production, water for agriculture, water for hydroelectric generation; flood control. Analysis of surface water supply, Water requirement of crops-Crops and crop seasons in India, cropping pattern, duty and delta; Quality of irrigation water; Soil-water relationships, root zone soil water, infiltration, consumptive use, irrigation requirement, frequency of irrigation; Methods of applying water to the fields: surface, sub-surface, sprinkler and trickle / drip irrigation.

WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS & DAMS: Distribution systems - canal systems, alignment of canals, canal losses, estimation of design discharge. Design of channels- rigid boundary channels, alluvial channels, Kennedy's and Lacey's theory of regime channels. Canal outlets: non-modular, semi-modular and modular outlets. Water logging: causes, effects and remedial measures. Lining of canals, types of lining. Drainage of irrigated lands: necessity, methods. Dams - embankment dams: Classification, design considerations, estimation and control of seepage, slope protection. Gravity dams: forces on gravity dams, causes of failure, stress analysis, elementary and practical profile. Arch and buttress dams. Spillways: components of spillways, types of gates for spillway crests; Reservoirs- Types, capacity of reservoirs, yield of reservoir, reservoir regulation, sedimentation, economic height of dam, selection of suitable site.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. K Subramanian, Engineering Hydrology, Mc-Graw Hill.
- T2. G L Asawa, Irrigation Engineering, Wiley Eastern
- T3. L W Mays, Water Resources Engineering, Wiley.
- T4. C S P Ojha, R Berndtsson and P Bhunya, Engineering Hydrology, Oxford.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. K N Muthreja, Applied Hydrology, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- R2. K Subramanian, Water Resources Engineering through Objective Questions, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- R3. J D Zimmerman, Irrigation, John Wiley & Sons

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES										CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Explain the process governing transfer of water between atmosphere, land, subsurface and natural channels and the quality of water in aquifers, rivers, lakes and reservoirs.	-	-	-	2	1	3	2	-	1	1	-	2	1	-	1	1
[CO2]	Interpret hydrological parameter measurement techniques.	2	2	1	2	1	3	2	-	1	1	-	1	1	2	1	1
[CO3]	Examine simple hydrological models in Environmental engineering applications.	2	-	-	1	1	3	2	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	1	1
[CO4]	Quantify the process controlling water flow and sediment transport in catchments.	3	2	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	-	-
[CO5]	Design water distribution systems and Dams.	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	2	3	3	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING - I

Code: BTE25092

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- To gain knowledge on the basics of water supply technology
- To become skilled at the design and construction of surface water treatment plant, ground water well and water distribution networks.
- To get acquainted with low cost water supply options for rural communities and draught vulnerable areas

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understand the impact of humans on environment and environment on humans
- [CO2] Be conversant with implementation of basic environmental legislation.
- [CO3] Examine the effect of the pollutants on the environment: atmosphere, water and soil.
- [CO4] Select the most appropriate technique for the treatment of water.
- [CO5] Develop strategies to control, reduce and monitor pollution.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20							
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5							
		Assignment	5							
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70							
Examination(ESE)										
Total			100							
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a							
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.								
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical								
		leaves.								

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

WATER AND ITS SUPPLY: Water: -Sources of Water and quality issues, water quality requirement for different beneficial uses, Water quality standards, water quality indices, water safety plans, Water Supply systems, Need for planned water supply schemes, Water demand industrial and agricultural water requirements, Components of water supply system; Transmission of water, Distribution system, Various valves used in W/S systems, service reservoirs and design. Government authorities and their roles in water supply

WATER TREATMENT: Water Treatment: aeration, sedimentation, coagulation flocculation, filtration, disinfection, advanced treatments like adsorption, ion exchange, membrane processes

AIR POLLUTION & CONTROL: Air - Composition and properties of air, Quantification of air pollutants, Monitoring of air pollutants, Air pollution- Occupational hazards, Urban air pollution, automobile pollution, Chemistry of combustion, Automobile engines, quality of fuel, operating conditions and interrelationship. Air quality standards, Control measure, limitations

NOISE POLLUTION & CONTROL: Noise- Basic concept, measurement and various control methods.

BUILDING PLUMBING: Building Plumbing-Introduction to various types of home plumbing systems for water supply and waste water disposal, high rise building plumbing, Pressure reducing valves, Break pressure tanks, Storage tanks, Building drainage for high rise buildings, various kinds of fixtures and fittings used

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- T2. Peavy, H.S, Rowe, D.R, Tchobanoglous, G. Environmental Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill International Editions, New York 1985.
- T3. Integrated Solid Waste Management, Tchobanoglous, Theissen& Vigil. McGraw Hill Publication

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. AarneVesilind, Susan M. Morgan, Thompson /Brooks/Cole; Second Edition 2008.

R2. MetCalf and Eddy. Wastewater Engineering, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse, Tat McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.

R3. Manual on Water Supply and Treatment. Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi.R4. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, Part A, B and C. Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Ministry of Urban Development.R5. Plumbing Engineering. Theory, Design and Practice, S.M. Patil, 1999

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES									WIT SPEC	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 03	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand the impact of humans on environment and environment on humans	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	2	2	1	-	1	2	1	1	-
[CO2]	Be conversant with implementation of basic environmental legislation.	1	-	-	2	1	3	3	2	-	2	-	2	1	-	1	2
[CO3]	Examine the effect of the pollutants on the environment: atmosphere, water and soil.	1	-	-	1	2	3	2	2	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	1
[CO4]	Select the most appropriate technique for the treatment of water.	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	3	3	1	-
[CO5]	Develop strategies to control, reduce and monitor pollution.	2	1	3	3	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	3	2	1	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Professional Practice, Law & Ethics

Code: BTE25373

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- To make the students understand the types of roles they are expected to play in the society as practitioners of the civil engineering profession.
- To develop some ideas of the legal and practical aspects of their profession.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Define what constitutes Professional practice and the respective roles of various stakeholders.
- **[CO2]** Make the students execute the types of roles they are expected to play in the society as practitioners of Civil Engineering profession.
- **[CO3]** Examine the utility of Contracts and Contract Management in Civil Engineering, Dispute Resolution mechanisms, and Laws governing Engagement of Labour.
- [CO4] Evaluate the different Intellectual Property Rights, Patents etc.

[CO5] Develop good ideas of the legal and practical aspects of their profession.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical leaves.							

D. SYLLABUS

PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE & ETHICS: Professional Practice - Respective roles of various stakeholders: Government (constituting regulatory bodies and standardization organizations, prescribing norms to ensure safety of the citizens); Standardization Bodies (ex. BIS, IRC)(formulating standards of practice); professional bodies (ex. Institution of Engineers(India), Indian Roads Congress, IIA/ COA, ECI, Local Bodies/ Planning Authorities) (certifying professionals and offering platforms for interaction); Clients/ owners (role governed by contracts); Developers (role governed by regulations such as RERA); Consultants (role governed by bodies such as CEAI); Contractors (role governed by contracts and regulatory Acts and Standards).Professional Ethics- Definition of Ethics, Professional Ethics, Business Ethics, Corporate Ethics, Engineering Ethics, Personal Ethics; Code of Ethics as

defined in the website of Institution of Engineers (India); Profession, Professionalism, Professional Responsibility, Professional Ethics; Conflict of Interest, Gift Vs Bribery, Environmental breaches, Negligence, Deficiencies in state-of-the-art; Vigil Mechanism, Whistle blowing, protected disclosures.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CONTRACTS MANAGEMENT: Indian Contract Act, 1972 and amendments covering General principles of contracting; Contract Formation & Law; Privacy of contract; Various types of contract and their features; Valid & Voidable Contracts; Prime and subcontracts; Joint Ventures & Consortium; Complex contract terminology; Tenders, Request For Proposals, Bids & Proposals; Bid Evaluation; Contract Conditions & Specifications; Critical "Red Flag" conditions; Contract award & Notice To Proceed; Variations & Changes in Contracts; Differing site conditions. Cost escalation; Delays, Suspensions & Terminations; Time extensions & Force Majeure; Delay Analysis; Liquidated damages & Penalties; Insurance & Taxation; Performance and Excusable Non-performance; Contract documentation; Contract Notices; Wrong practices in contracting (Bid shopping, Bid fixing, Cartels); Reverse auction; Case Studies; Build- Own-Operate & variations; Public- Private Partnerships; International Commercial Terms.

ARBITRATION, CONCILIATION AND ADR (ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION) SYSTEM: Arbitration – meaning, scope and types – distinction between laws of 1940 and 1996; UNCITRAL model law –Arbitration and expert determination; Extent of judicial intervention; International commercial arbitration; Arbitration agreements – essential and kinds, validity, reference and interim measures by court; Arbitration tribunal – appointment, challenge, jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal, powers, grounds of challenge, procedure and court assistance. Award including Form and content, Grounds for setting aside an award, Enforcement, Appeal and Revision; Enforcement of foreign awards – New York and Geneva Convention Awards; Distinction between conciliation, negotiation, mediation and arbitration, confidentiality, resort to judicial proceedings, costs; Dispute Resolution Boards; Look Adalats.

ENGAGEMENTOF LABOUR AND LABOUR & OTHER CONSTRUCTION-RELATED LAWS: Role of Labour in Civil Engineering; Methods of engaging labour- on rolls, labour subcontract, piece rate work; Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; Collective bargaining. Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946; Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923; Building & Other Construction Workers (regulation of employment and conditions of service) Act (1996) and Rules (1998); RERA Act 2017, NBC 2017.

LAW RELATING TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY: Introduction – meaning of intellectual property, main forms of IP, Copyright, Trademarks, Patents and Designs, Secrets; Law relating to Copyright in India including Historical evolution of Copy Rights Act, 1957, Meaning of copyright – computer programs, Ownership of copyrights and assignment, Criteria of infringement, Piracy in Internet –Remedies and procedures in India, Law relating to Patents under Patents Act, 1970 including Concept and historical perspective of patents law in India, Patentable inventions with special reference to biotechnology products, Patent protection for computer programs, Process of obtaining patent – application, examination, opposition and sealing of patents, Patent cooperation treaty and grounds for opposition, Rights and obligations

of patentee, Duration of patents - law and policy considerations, Infringement and related remedies.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. B.S. Patil, Legal Aspects of Building and Engineering Contracts, 1974.

T2. Meena Rao (2006), Fundamental concepts in Law of Contract, 3rd Edn. Professional Offset

T3. NeelimaChandiramani (2000), The Law of Contract: An Outline, 2nd Edn. Avinash Publications Mumbai

T4. Avtarsingh (2002), Law of Contract, Eastern Book Co.

T5. Dutt (1994), Indian Contract Act, Eastern Law House

T6. Wadhera (2004), Intellectual Property Rights, Universal Law Publishing Co.

T7. T. Ramappa (2010), Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia Law House

T8. O.P. Malhotra, Law of Industrial Disputes, N.M. Tripathi Publishers

T9. Rustamji R.F., Introduction to the Law of Industrial Disputes, Asia Publishing House

T10. Ethics in Engineering- M.W.Martin&R.Schinzinger, McGraw-Hill

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. The National Building Code, BIS, 2017

R2. RERA Act, 2017

R3. Anson W.R. (1979), Law of Contract, Oxford University Press

R4. Kwatra G.K. (2005), The Arbitration & Conciliation of Law in India with case law on

UNCITRAL Model Law on Arbitration, Indian Council of Arbitration

R5. Bare text (2005), Right to Information Act

R6. K.M. Desai(1946), The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act

R7. Vee, Charles &Skitmore, Martin (2003) Professional Ethics in the Construction Industry, Engineering Construction and Architectural management, Vol.10, Iss2,pp 117-127, MCB UP Ltd

R8. American Society of Civil Engineers (2011) ASCE Code of Ethics – Principles Study and Application

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

CO	STATEMENT	COI	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM			
														SPECIFIC			
														SPEC	CIFIC		
														OUTCOMES			
		PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Define what constitutes Professional practice and the respective roles of various stakeholders.	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	3	2
[CO2]	Make the students execute the types of roles they are expected to play in the society as practitioners of Civil Engineering profession.	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	2	3
[CO3]	Examine the utility of Contracts and Contract Management in Civil Engineering, Dispute Resolution mechanisms, and Laws governing Engagement of Labour.	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	3	3	3	1	2	1	-	3	3
[CO4]	Evaluate the different Intellectual Property Rights, Patents etc.	-	-	-	1	1	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	2
[CO5]	Develop good ideas of the legal and practical aspects of their profession.	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	3	3	-	2	1	-	2	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Organizational Behavior

Code: BTE24060

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

• The course aims to provide an understanding of basic concepts, theories and techniques in the field of human behavior at the individual, group and organizational levels in the changing global scenario

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Define the key ideas and issues in OB.
- [CO2] Interpret the dynamics of human behavior in work context.
- [CO3] Examine the determinants of work behavior from different levels.
- [CO4] Judge the issues in OB that influence the way people behave in an organizational setting.
- [CO5] Develop competencies of analyzing behavioral issues in the work environment

C. Assessment I lan										
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20							
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5							
		Assignment	5							
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70							
Examination(ESE)										
Total			100							
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a								
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.								
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical								
		leaves.								

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Study of OB: Definition, Meaning, Why Study OB, Learning- Nature of Learning, How learning occurs, Learning and OB

INDIVIDUAL BEHAVIOUR & MOTIVATION: Foundations of Individual Behaviour: Personality- Meaning and Definition, Determinants of Personality, Personality Traits, Personality and OB Perception- Meaning and Definition, Perceptual Process, Importance of Perception in OB Motivation- Nature and Importance, Herzberg's Two Factor Theory, Maslow's Need Hierarchy Theory, Alderfer's ERG Theory, Evaluations

ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR PROCESSES: Communication- Importance, Types, Gateways and Barriers to Communication, Communication as a tool for improving interpersonal effectiveness Groups in Organisations- Nature, Types, Why do people join groups, Group cohesiveness and Group Decision making. Managerial Implications, Effective Team building

LEADERSHIP & CONFLICT MANAGEMENT: Leadership & Management, Theories of leadership- Trait theory, Leader, Behaviour theory, Contingency Theory, Leadership, and Followership, how to be an effective leader Conflict- Nature of Conflict and conflict resolutionan introduction to transactional analysis

ORGANISATION CULTURE & HRM: Organisational Culture- Meaning & Definition, Culture and Organisational effectiveness Introduction to Human Resource Management-Selection, Orientation, Training& Development, Performance Appraisal, Incentives Organisational Changes- Importance of Change, Planned Change and OB techniques International Organisational Behaviour- Trends in International Business, Cultural Differences and Similarities, Individual and Interpersonal Behaviour in global perspective

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. K.Aswathappa, Organizational Behavior, Himalaya Publishing House T2. Stephen P. Robbins, Organizational Behavior, Prentice Hall of India

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Keith Davis, Organizational Behavior, McGraw Hill

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES								CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES							
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 03	PS O 4
[CO1]	Define the key ideas and issues in OB.	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	3	2	3	-	1	-	-	2	3
[CO2]	Interpret the dynamics of human behavior in work context.	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	3	3
[CO3]	Examine the determinants of work behavior from different levels.	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	3	3
[CO4]	Judge the issues in OB that influence the way people behave in an organizational setting.	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	3
[CO5]	Develop competencies of analyzing behavioural issues in the work environment	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Disaster Preparedness & Planning

Code: BTE25298

3 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- To understand basic concepts in Disaster Management.
- To understand definitions and terminologies used in Disaster Management.
- To understand types and categories of Disasters.
- To understand the challenges posed by Disasters.
- To understand Impacts of Disasters Key Skills

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Get acquainted with basic information on various types of Disasters.
- [CO2] Apply the disaster concepts to management.
- [CO3] Analyze the relationship between Development and Disasters.
- **[CO4]** Decide the first action to be taken under various disasters.
- [CO5] Formulate the precautions and awareness regarding various disasters and get familiarized with organization in India dealing with disasters.

C. Assessment I fan									
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous Internal		Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a							
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical							
		leaves.							

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Concepts and definitions: disaster, hazard, vulnerability, risks severity frequency and details, capacity, impact, prevention, mitigation

DISASTERS: Disasters classification; natural disasters (floods, draught, cyclones, volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunami, landslides, coastal erosion, soil erosion, forest fires etc.); manmade disasters (industrial pollution, artificial flooding in urban areas, nuclear radiation, chemical spills, transportation accidents, terrorist strikes, etc.); hazard and vulnerability profile of India, mountain and coastal areas, ecological fragility.

DISASTER IMPACTS: Disaster impacts (environmental, physical, social, ecological, economic, political, etc.); health, psychosocial issues; demographic aspects (gender, age, special needs); hazard locations. Global and national disaster trends; climate change and urban disasters.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Ghosh, G. K., Disaster Management, A P H Publishing Corporation

T2. Murthy, D. B. N., Disaster Management: Text & Case Studies, Deep & Deep Pvt. Ltd.

T3. Alexander, David, Natural Disasters, Kluwer Academic London

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Publications of National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) on Various Templates and Guidelines for Disaster Management

R2. Bhandani, R. K., An overview on natural & man-made disasters and their reduction, CSIR,New Delhi

R3. Srivastava, H. N., and Gupta G. D., Management of Natural Disasters in developing countries, Daya Publishers, Delhi

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES							CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES								
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Get acquainted with basic information various types of Disasters.	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	1	2	-	2	1	-	1	2
[CO2]	Apply the disaster concepts to management.	1	-	-	1	1	2	2	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	1	1
[CO3]	Analyse the relationship between Development and Disasters.	2	1	-	1	1	3	2	-	1	1	-	1	2	2	1	1
[CO4]	Decide the first action to be taken under various disasters.	2	-	-	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	-	3	2	1	1	3
[CO5]	Formulate the precautions and awareness regarding various disasters and get familiarized with organization in India dealing with disasters.	2	-	-	1	1	2	3	2	3	3	-	3	2	1	1	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition

Code: BTE25299

0 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

• The course aims at imparting basic principles of thought process, reasoning and inferencing. Sustainability is at the core of Indian Traditional knowledge Systems connecting society and nature. Holistic life style of yogic science and wisdom capsules in Sanskrit literature are also important in modern society with rapid technological advancements and societal disruptions. Part-I focuses on introduction to Indian Knowledge Systems, Indian perspective of modern scientific world-view, and basic principles of Yoga and holistic health care system.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understand the basic structure of Indian Knowledge System and Modern Science.
- [CO2] Apply the basic principles of thought processes, reasoning and inferencing.
- [CO3] Draw connection between the basic structure of Indian Knowledge and Modern science.
- [CO4] Evaluate the Indian philosophical, linguistic and artistic tradition.
- [CO5] Develop the knowledge of Indian Tradition using various Case Studies.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

BASIC STRUCTURE OF INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM: Basic structure of Indian Knowledge System: अष्टादशविद्या -४वेद,४उपवेद (आयुर्वेद, धनुर्वेद, गन्धर्ववेद, स्थापत्य आदि)

BASIC STRUCTURE OF INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM:

६वेदांग (शिक्षा, कल्प, निरुक्त, व्याकरण, ज्योतिष, छंद) ४ उपाड्ग_, (धर्मशास्त्र, मीमांसा, पुराण, तर्कशास्त्र) MODERN SCIENCE AND INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM: Modern Science and Indian Knowledge System

YOGA AND HOLISTIC HEALTH CARE: Yoga and Holistic Health care

CASE STUDIES: Case studies

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1.Sivaramakrishnan (Ed.), Cultural Heritage of India-course material, Bharatiya

- T2. Swami Jitatmanand, Holistic Science and Vedant, BharatiyaVidyaBhavan
- T3. Foundation, Velliarnad, Arnakulam Yoga Sutra of Patanjali, Ramakrishna Mission, Kolkata
- T4. GN Jha (Eng. Trans.), Ed. RN Jha, Yoga-darshanam with Vyasa Bhashya,
- T5. VidyanidhiPrakashan, Delhi 2016 RN Jha, Science of Consciousness Psychotherapyand Yoga Practices, Vidyanidhi
- T6. Prakashan, Delhi 2016 P B Sharma (English translation), ShodashangHridayan

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Fritzof Capra, Tao of Physics
- R2. Fritzof Capra, The Wave of life
- R3. VN Jha (Eng. Trans.), Tarkasangraha of Annam Bhatta, International Chinmay

R4. VidyaBhavan, Mumbai. 5th Edition, 2014 Swami Jitatmanand, Modern Physics and Vedant, BharatiyaVidyaBhavan

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	ZS			WIT SPEC	RELA H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 0 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand the basic structure of Indian Knowledge System and Modern Science.	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	3
[CO2]	Apply the basic principles of thought processes, reasoning and inferencing.	-	1	-	2	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	3	1	2	-	2
[CO3]	Draw connection between the basic structure of Indian Knowledge and Modern science.	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	2
[CO4]	Evaluate the Indian philosophical, linguistic and artistic tradition.	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	2
[CO5]	Develop the knowledge of Indian Tradition using various Case Studies.	-	1	-	1	1	2	-	2	3	3	-	2	-	1	-	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Hydraulic Engineering Lab

Code: BTE25096

1 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- Explore the fundamental principles of fluid mechanics through experimentation
- Demonstrate and analyze key hydraulic phenomena using hands-on physical devices
- Apply computer modeling as a practical tool for solving hydraulics problems
- Investigate engineering design principles for pipe networks, open channel systems, and ground water regimes
- **B.** Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - [CO1] State the principle of operation of Hydraulic machineries (Pumps and Turbines).
 - [CO2] Solve problems in uniform, gradually and rapidly varied flows in steady state conditions.
 - [CO3] Relate the theoretical and practical problems of Hydraulic Engineering
 - [CO4] Develop dimensional analysis and similitude to present and interpret experimental data and models in fluid engineering problems.
 - [CO5] Design calculations through pipe networks and various hydraulic structures such as Weirs.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5							
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5							
	Assignment	5							
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35							
Examination(ESE)									
Total		50							
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by							
	a student to be qualified for taki								
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves								
	including medical leaves.								

D. SYLLABUS

Sl.No	Name of Practical
1	Flow Visualization
2	Studies in Wind Tunnel
3	Boundary Layer
4	Flow around an Aerofoil / circular cylinder
5	Uniform Flow
6	Velocity Distribution in Open channel flow
7	Venturi Flume

8	Standing Wave Flume
9	Gradually Varied Flow
10	Hydraulic Jump
11	Flow under Sluice Gate
12	Flow through pipes
13	Turbulent flow through pipes
14	Flow visualization
15	Laminar flow through pipes
16	Major losses / Minor losses in pipe

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, P.M. Modi and S.M. Seth, Standard Book House

T2. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill.

T3. Open channel Flow, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Open Channel Hydraulics, VenTe Chow, Tata McGraw Hill.

R2. Burnside, C.D., "Electromagnetic Distance Measurement," Beekman Publishers, 1971.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	ES			COR	RELA	TION	
														WIT	H PRO	GRAN	Л
														SPEC	CIFIC		
														OUT	COME	ES	
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	O 4
[CO1]	State the principle of operation of Hydraulic machineries (Pumps and Turbines).	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	-
[CO2]	Solve problems in uniform, gradually and rapidly varied flows in steady state conditions.	2	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	-
[CO3]	Relate the theoretical and practical problems of Hydraulic Engineering	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	-	1
[CO4]	Develop dimensional analysis and similitude to present and interpret experimental data and models in fluid engineering problems.	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-
[CO5]	Design calculations through pipe networks and various hydraulic structures such as Weirs.	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	2	3	3	1	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Structural Analysis-II Lab

Code: BTE25097

1 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- To understand the structural behavior before and after application of loads.
- To be able to analyze various structure.
- To be aware of various reinforced techniques to enhance Designing of structure
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - [CO1] Utilise the knowledge of structural mechanics in addressing design problems of Structural engineering.
 - [CO2] Apply the knowledge of Plastic Analysis in addressing Design problems.
 - [CO3] Analyse structures using Slope-Deflection and Moment-Distribution Method.
 - [CO4] Judge the comparative advantages of analysis using Flexibility and Stability Method.
 - [CO5] Develop shape factors of simple sections.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks							
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5							
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5							
	Assignment	5							
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35							
Examination(ESE)									
Total		50							
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by							
	a student to be qualified for taki	ing up the End Semester							
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leave								
	including medical leaves.								

D. SYLLABUS

S.No	List of Practical
1	Redundant joint apparatus
2	Elastically coupled beam structure
3	Deflection of Truss apparatus
4	Three Hinged arch apparatus
5	Beam model
6	Two Hinged arch apparatus
7	Elastic properties of deflected beam apparatus
8	Column apparatus

9	Portal frame apparatus
10	Curved member apparatus

E. Text Book:

- T1. Negi, L., Jehangir, R., "Structural Analysis:, Tata McGraw Hill Publications Co. Ltd.
- T2. Gupta, R., Pandit, G.S., Gupta, S.P., "Theory of Structurs", Tata McGraw Hill Publications Co. Ltd.

F. Reference Books:

R1. Wang, C.K., "Intermediate Structural Analysis", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1983.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	ËS				RELA' H PRO		Л
														SPEC	CIFIC COME		-
		РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	O 4
10041						4	4										
[CO1]	Utilise the knowledge of structural mechanics in addressing design problems of Structural engineering.	2	3	1	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	1	-
[CO2]	Apply the knowledge of Plastic Analysis in addressing Design problems.	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	2	2	3	1	-
[CO3]	Analyse structures using Slope-Deflection and Moment-Distribution Method.	2	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-
[CO4]	Judge the comparative advantages of analysis using Flexibility and Stability Method.	2	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	-
[CO5]	Develop shape factors of simple sections.	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Summer Internship-1(3-4 Weeks)

Code: BTE25285 2 Credits | Semester V

A. Introduction:

- Following are the intended objectives of internship training:
- Will expose Technical students to the industrial environment, which cannot be simulated in the classroom and hence creating competent professionals for the industry.
- Provide possible opportunities to learn understand and sharpen the real time technical / managerial skills required at the job.
- Exposure to the current technological developments relevant to the subject area of training.
- Experience gained from the 'Industrial Internship' in classroom will be use in classroom discussions.
- Create conditions conducive to quest for knowledge and its applicability on the job

GUIDELINES FOR INTERNSHIP

Summer Internship -1 should be undertaken in an industry/Govt. or Pvt. Certified Agencies which are in social sector/ Govt. Skill Centres/Institutes/Schemes.

S.No.	Suggested Schedule	Suggested Duration (In weeks)	Activities
1	Summer/winter vacation after 2nd/3rd Semester	3-4	Inter/Intra Institutional Activities



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-VI

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	А	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	А	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	А	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	A	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	А	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	A	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SCHEME OF THE STUDY SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA *	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER-IV

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	МС	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER VI

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII

S.No 1 2 3 4	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
	Elective IV Air and Noise Pollution and								
1	Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management								
	Elective V								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Prestressed Concrete								
	Open Elective II								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

End Mid Contact Term Term Type of Hours Total Theory/ Theory/ Attendan S.No CIA* Name of the Subject Credit Paper Per Marks Practic Practic ce Week al al Exam Exam Elective VI Bridge Engineering 1 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Ground Water Engineering Elective VII **Railway Engineering** 2 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Traffic Engineering and Management **Open Elective III** Soft Skills and Interpersonal 3 100 OEC 3 3 70 20 5 5 Communication Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior Open Elective IV Civil Engineering Design-I 4 OEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Geographic Information Systems and Science **Practical** 5 Major Project PROJ 8 16 200 140 60 0 0 Extra- Curricular/ Co-PROJ 0 6 Curricular Activity 0 100 70 30 0 0 TOTAL 700 490 170 20 28 20 20

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment - Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4]. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels ,railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Construction Engineering & Management

Code: BTE26126

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- To learn the principles for identification of sources of surface and subsurface water
- To learn calculation of population and requirement of drinking water
- To understand the plotting of water supply scheme highlighting different features
- To know evaluation of characteristics and treatment of sewage

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course

- [CO1] Students will summaries basic knowledge about various kind of materials used in construction work.
- **[CO2]** Students will differentiate about different types of building foundationi.e. shallow and deep foundation, their mechanisms and uses.
- [CO3] Summaries knowledge about various structural members of a building like-walls, door, window, stair, flooring, roof etc.
- [CO4] Extend to apply their knowledge at the time of decision making for application of structural member including material used.
- [CO5] Evaluate the characteristics and suggest treatment of sewage

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance is required to be maintained by a							
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical							
		leaves.							

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

BASICS OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECT PLANNING: Unique features of construction, construction projects-types and features, phases of a project, agencies involved and their methods of execution; Constructionprojectplanning-Stagesofprojectplanning:pre-tenderplanning,pre-constructionplanning,detailedconstructionplanning,roleofclientandcontractor,levelofdetail.Proces sofdevelopmentofplansandschedules,workbreak- down structure, activity lists, assessment of work content, concept of productivities, estimating durations, sequence of activities, activity utility data; Techniques of planning- Bar charts, Gantt Charts Networks: basic terminology ,types of precedence relationships, preparation of CPM networks: activity on link and activity on nod ere presentation, computation of float values, critical and semi critical paths, calendaring

networks. PERT-Assumption sunder lying PERT analysis, determining three time estimates, analysis, slack computations, calculation of probability of completion.

CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENTS AND METHOD: Types of foundations and construction methods; Basics of Formwork and Staging; Common building construction methods (conventional walls and slabs; conventional framed structure with block work walls; Modular construction methods for repetitive works; Precast concrete construction methods; Basics of Slip forming fort all structures; Basic construction methods for steel structures; Basics of construction methods for Bridges. Conventional construction methods Vs Mechanized methods and advantages of latter; Equipment for Earthmoving, Dewatering; Concrete mixing, transporting & placing; Cranes, Hoists and other equipment for lifting; Equipment for transportation of materials. Equipment Productivities

PLANNING AND ORGANIZING CONSTRUCTION SITE AND RESOURCES: Site: site layout including enabling structures, developing site organization, Documentation at site; Manpower: planning, organizing, staffing, motivation; Materials: concepts of planning, procurement and inventory control; Equipment: basic concepts of planning and organizing; Funds: cash flow, sources of funds; Histograms and S-Curves. Earned Value; Resource Scheduling- Bar chart, line of balance technique, resource constraints and conflicts; resource aggregation, allocation, smoothening and leveling. Common Good Practices in Construction

PROJECT MONITORING & CONTROL: Supervision, record keeping, periodic progress reports, periodical progress meetings. Updating of plans: purpose, frequency and methods of updating. Common causes of time and cost overruns and corrective measures. Basics of Modern Project management systems such as Lean Construction; Use of Building Information Modelling (BIM) in project management; Quality control: concept of quality, quality of constructed structure, use of manuals and checklists for quality control, role of inspection, basics of statistical quality control. Safety, Health and Environment on project sites: accidents; their causes, effects and preventive measures, costs of accidents, occupational health problems in construction, organizing for safety and health

CONTRACTS MANAGEMENT BASICS AND CONSTRUCTION COST: Importance of contracts; Types of Contracts, parties to a contract; Common contract clauses (Notice to proceed, rights and duties of various parties, notices to be given, Contract Duration and Price. Performance parameters; Delays, penalties and liquidated damages; Force Majeure, Suspension and Termination. Changes & variations, Dispute Resolution methods Make-up of construction costs; Classification of costs, time cost trade-off in construction projects, compression and decompression.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Varghese, P.C., —Building Construction", Prentice Hall India, 2007.
- T2. National Building Code, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2017.Chudley, R., Construction Technology, ELBS Publishers, 2007.
- T3. Peurifoy,R.L. Construction Planning, Methods and Equipment, McGraw Hill, 20115.Nunnally, S.W. Construction Methods and Management, Prentice Hall, 2006

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1.Jha,KumarNeeraj.,ConstructionProjectmanagement,Theory&Practice,PearsonEducationIndia, 2015
- R2. Punmia, B.C., Khandelwal, K.K., ProjectPlanning with PERT and CPM, Laxmi Publications, 2016.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES										CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES					
		РО	PO		PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Students will summaries basic knowledge about various kind of materials used in construction work.	3	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	2	1
[CO2]	Students will differentiate about different types of building foundation i.e. shallow and deep foundation, their mechanisms and uses.	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	1	1
[CO3]	summaries knowledge about various structural members of a building like- walls, door, window, stair, flooring, roof etc.	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	1	1
[CO4]	Extend to apply their knowledge at the time of decision making for application of structural member including material used.	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	1	1
[CO5]	Evaluate the characteristics and suggest treatment of sewage	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	2	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Transportation Engineering - I

Code: BTE25093

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- To understand terminologies in contract and tender document and their significance.
- To know different types of contracts and their uses.
- To learn preparation of typical Tender documents for civil engineering work.
- To get acquainted with rent fixation and valuation of civil structures
- B. **Course Outcomes:** At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - [CO1] Understand various types of contract and when they are used
 - [CO2] Suggest the relevant type of contract for the given civil engineering work.
 - [CO3] Prepare the typical Tender document for the given civil engineering work
 - [CO4] Decide type of payment for the executed work.
 - [CO5] Justify the rent fixation and valuation of given civil structure

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a						
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical							
		leaves.							

D. SYLLABUS

HIGHWAY DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING: Classification of roads, road development in India, Current road projects in India; highway alignment and project preparation.

GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS: Introduction; highway cross section elements; sight distance, design of horizontal alignment; design of vertical alignment; design of inter sections, problems

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING & CONTROL: Traffic Characteristics, traffic engineering studies, traffic flow and capacity, traffic regulation and control; design of road intersections; design of parking facilities; highway lighting; problems

PAVEMENT MATERIALS: Materials used in Highway Construction- Soils, Stone aggregates, bituminous binders, bituminous paving mixes; Portland cement and cement concrete: desirable

properties, tests, requirements for different types of pavements. Problems Mode of Payment to the contractor and its necessity -Interim Payment, Advance Payment Secured Advance, Petty advance, Mobilization advance, Running account bill, Final bill, Retention money, E – payment

DESIGN OF PAVEMENTS: Introduction; flexible pavements, factors affecting design and performance; stresses in flexible pavements; design of flexible pavements as per IRC; rigid pavements- components and functions; factors affecting design and performance of CC pavements; stresses in rigid pavements; design of concrete pavements as per IRC; problems

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, 'Highway Engineering', Revised 10th Edition, Nem Chand & Bros, 2017
- T2. Kadiyalai, L.R., 'Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning', Khanna Publishers.
- T3. Partha Chakraborty, 'Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI Learning,

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S. Washburn, Walter P. Kilareski, Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis', 4th Edition, John Wiley
- R2. Srinivasa Kumar, R, Textbook of Highway Engineering, Universities Press, 2011, Monojit Chakraborti, Kolkata.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI									CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand various types of contract and when they are used	3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	3	3	3	1	1	1	3
[CO2]	Suggest the relevant type of contract for the given civil engineering work.	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	3	2	2	1	1	3
[CO3]	Prepare the typical Tender document for the given civil engineering work	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[CO4]	Decide type of payment for the executed work.	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	1	1	3
[CO5]	Justify the rent fixation and valuation of given civil structure	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	2	1	2	1	1	1	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Engineering Economics, Estimation& Costing

Code: BTE26127

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- To learn about types of maintenance techniques
- To understand causes of various types of damages.
- Civil Engineering Curriculum Structure 124
- To know about relevant materials for repair.
- To learn methods of retrofitting for different structures
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
- [CO1] To Identify alternative uses for limited resources and obtain appropriate data.
- [CO2] To introduce and expand upon key economic concepts and to place them in a real world context facilitating practical insights.
- [CO3] To establish a framework of basic economic theory which can be extended and applied at later stages of the degree program?
- [CO4] To develop an appreciation of the importance of economic forces in shaping the contemporary world.
- **[CO5]** To employ critical thinking skills to analyze financial data as well as the effects of different financial accounting methods on the financial statement.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks						
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20						
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5						
		Assignment	5						
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70						
Examination(ESE)									
Total			100						
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a						
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination.							
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical							
		leaves.							

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

BASIC PRINCIPLES AND METHODOLOGY OF ECONOMICS: Demand/Supply – elasticity – Government Policies and Application. Theory of the Firm and Market Structure. Basic Macro-economic Concepts (including GDP/GNP/NI/Disposable Income) and Identities for both closed and open economies. Aggregate demand and Supply (IS/LM). Price Indices (WPI/CPI), Interest rates, Direct and Indirect Taxes

PUBLIC SECTOR ECONOMICS: Welfare, Externalities, Labour Market. Components of Monetary and Financial System, Central Bank –Monetary Aggregates; Commercial Banks

& their functions; Capital and Debt Markets. Monetary and Fiscal Policy Tools & their impact on the economy – Inflation and Phillips Curve

ELEMENTS OF BUSINESS/MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FORMS OF ORGANIZATIONS AND INDIANECONOMY: Cost & Cost Control –Techniques, Types of Costs, Lifecycle costs, Budgets, Break even Analysis, Capital Budgeting, Application of Linear Programming. Investment Analysis – NPV, ROI, IRR, Payback Period, Depreciation, Time value of money (present and future worth of cash flows). Business Forecasting – Elementary techniques. Statements – Cash flow, Financial. Case Study Method. Brief overview of postindependence period – plans. Post reform Growth, Structure of productive activity. Issues of Inclusion –Sectors, States/Regions, Groups of people (M/F), Urbanization. Employment– Informal, Organized, Unorganized, Public, Private. Challenges and Policy Debates in Monetary, Fiscal, Social, External sectors

ESTIMATION / MEASUREMENTS FOR VARIOUS ITEMS: Introduction to the process of Estimation; Use of relevant Indian Standard Specifications for the same, taking out quantities from the given requirements of the work, comparison of different alternatives, Bar bending schedules, Mass haul Diagrams, Estimating Earthwork and Foundations, Estimating Concrete and Masonry, Finishes, Interiors, MEP works; BIM and quantity take-offs; adding equipment costs; labour costs; rate analysis; Material survey-Thumb rules for computation of materials requirement for different materials for buildings, percentage breakup of the cost, cost sensitive index, market survey of basic materials. Use of Computers in quantity surveying

SPECIFICATIONS, RATEANALYSIS AND TENDER: Types, requirements and importance, detailed specifications for buildings, roads, minor bridges and industrial structures Purpose, importance and necessity of the same, factors affecting, task work, daily output from different equipment/ productivity Preparation of tender documents, importance of inviting tenders, contract types, relative merits, prequalification. general and special conditions, termination of contracts, extra work and Changes, penalty and liquidated charges, Settlement of disputes, R.A. Bill & Final Bill, Payment of advance, insurance, claims, price variation, etc. Preparing Bids-Bid Price buildup: Material, Labour, Equipment costs, Risks, Direct & Indirect Overheads, Profits; Bid conditions, alternative specifications; Alternative Bids. Bid process management

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Mankiw Gregory N. (2002), Principles of Economics, Thompson Asia
- T2. V. Mote, S. Paul, G. Gupta (2004), Managerial Economics, Tata McGraw Hill Misra, S.K. andPuri (2009), Indian Economy, Himalaya
- T3. PareekSaroj (2003), Textbook of Business Economics, Sunrise Publishers
- T4. M Chakravarty, Estimating, Costing Specifications & Valuation

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Joy P K, Handbook of Construction Management, Macmillan
- R2. B.S. Patil, Building & Engineering Contracts

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF PO 1	RREL PO 2	ATIO PO 3	N WI PO 4	TH P PO 5	ROGH PO 6	RAM (PO 7	OUTC PO 8	PO 9	2S PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	WIT SPEC	RELA H PRO CIFIC COME PS O 2	GRAN	4 PS O 4
[CO1]	To Identify alternative uses for limited resources and obtain appropriate data.		3										2	3	2	1	1
[CO2]	To introduce and expand upon key economic concepts and to place them in a real world context facilitating practical insights.	3		2				3					2	3	2	1	2
[CO3]	To establish a framework of basic economic theory which can be extended and applied at later stages of the degree program?				2	2	3						2	3	2	1	2
[CO4]	To develop an appreciation of the importance of economic forces in shaping the contemporary world.				3	3							2	3	1	1	2
[CO5]	To employ critical thinking skills to analyze financial data as well as the effects of different financial accounting methods on the financialstatement.												2	3	1	2	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Rock Mechanics Code: BTE26315

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

• The main objective is to teach engineering students: how to appreciate and identify geologic features that could have short and long-term consequences to the overall performance of various engineering structures and projects that they might encounter in their engineering careers, and how to quantify the effect of geologic features when considering rock-structure interaction

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Learn about Properties of Rock
- [CO2] Learn about Physic Strength and Deformability of Rock Mass and Failure.
- [CO3] Learn about Physico-mechanical properties of soil and Ground Water
- [CO4] Learn about engineering classification of rocks and rock masses

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Definition, History, Inherent complexities, Source of Information and field of application of rock mechanics. Concept of stress and strain in Rock.

PROPERTIES OF ROCK: Propagation of elastic wave in rock media; Determination of dynamic strength and elastic constants of rock. Time dependent properties of rock: Creep deformation and strength behavior; Creep test and rheological models.

PHYSISTRENGTH AND DEFORMABILITY OF ROCK MASS AND FAILURE: In situ shear tests; Evaluation of shear strength; In situ bearing strength test; In situ deformability tests-Plate Loading Test, Plate Jacking Test and Borehole Jack Tests Failure criteria for rock and rockmass: Theories of rock failure; Coulomb, Mohr and Griffith criteria; Empirical criteria. Premining state of stress: Sources, methods of determination including over coring, hydro-fracturing methods and other methods **PHYSICO-MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL AND GROUND WATER:** Origin of soils; Basic relationships; Index properties including consistency and gradation; Clay ineralogy; Classification of engineering soils; Engineering properties of soils – compressibility, consolidation, compaction and strength. Free and confined groundwater; Exploration and engineering importance of groundwater; Influence of water on rock and soil behaviour; Permeability of rocks; Measurement of permeability; Ground water flow in rockmass; Groundwater pressure in rock mass and its measurement.

ENGINEERING CLASSIFICATION OF ROCKS AND ROCK MASSES: Classification systems in rock engineering; Classification of intact rocks; Classification of rock masss-Terzaghi's rock load, RQD, Rock Structure Rating, Bieniawski's RMR, Barton's Q-System, Laubscher's-MRMR, Hoek's-GSI, Plastron's RMi, CMRI-ISM Rock mass classification and Recent developments; correlations between different classification systems; Applications of Rockmass Classification in rock engineering

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Fundamentals of Rock Mechanics" by J C Jaeger and N G W Cook.
- T2. Rock Mechanics and Design Structures of Rock" by Obert and W I Duvall.
- T3. Comprehensive Rock Mechanics" by J A Hudson.
- T4. Fundamentals and Applications of Rock Mechanics" by DEB DEBASIS

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. "Rock Mechanics: For Underground Mining" by B H G Brady
- R2. "Introduction to Rock Mechanics" by Richard E Goodman

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	S			WITI SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Learn about Properties of Rock	3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	1	1	1
[CO2]	Learn about Physic Strength and	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-		3	2	2	2	1	1
	Deformability of Rock Mass and Failure.																
[CO3]	Learn about Physico-mechanical properties of soil and Ground Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[CO4]	Learn about engineering classification of rocks and rock masses	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Foundation Engineering

Code: BTE26316

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- Understand how to interpret design soil properties from a range of site investigation data
- Understand how to analyses foundations at the ultimate and serviceability limit states
- Know how to devise a numerical model of a geotechnical system

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Foundation and anchoring design challenges in civil engineering
- [CO2] Soil behavior relevant to foundation and anchoring systems.
- [CO3] Techniques used to investigate and characterize the ground for design
- [CO4] Technologies used to install or construct foundation and anchoring system

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

SHALLOW FOUNDATION: Methods of estimation of bearing capacity, computation of bearing capacity factors, Effect of eccentric and inclined loads, effect of water table on bearing capacity, Terzaghi, Vesic, Hansen, Moyerhof's analysis, Bearing capacity of stratified soils. IS code recommendations for minimum depth, factor of safety, and design for local shear and general shear failure?

SETTLEMENT UNDER FOUNDATION: Methods of estimation of settlement of footings. Limits of settlements for various structures, Indian Standard Code Provisions (IS: 1904, 6403, 8009). Determination of allowable bearing capacity as per IS code. Schemartman's method, Dee beer's and Mortin method of finding out settlement from static cone penetration test. Methods of finding out bearing capacity from plate load test, standard penetration test data.

PILE FOUNDATION: Types of pile and their use, modes of failure. Bearing capacity and settlement of pile foundation. Types of piles, Allowable load, Pile load test, Dynamic and static formulae. Bearing Capacity factors. Pile group bearing capacity and settlement. Negative skin

friction. Behavior of piles under lateral loading. Winkler's assumption. Pile resistance and deflection under lateral loads, elastic method, and Brooms method

RAFT FOUNDATION: Common types of raft, combined footing. Bearing capacity of raft, differential settlement of raft; semi empirical method of design of raft foundation.Well foundations: design and construction. Bearing capacity, settlement and lateral resistance. Tilts and shifts, IS and IRC codes methods.

SOIL EXPLORATION AND SLOPE STABILITY: Introduction, methods of site exploration and soil investigation, methods of boring, soil samplers, sampling procedures, trail pits, borings, penetrometer tests, analysis of borehole logs, geophysical and advance soil exploration methods, Introduction, types of slopes and their failure mechanisms, factor of safety, analysis of finite and infinite slopes, wedge failure Swedish circle method, friction circle method, stability numbers and charts. On completion of this module, the student must be able to:

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Basic & Applied Soil Mechanics -by Ranjan& Rao, New Age International Publishers.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Geotechnical Engineering by Gulhati&Dutta, Tata McGraw Hills, Delhi

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	zs			WIT SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O 2	03	04
[CO1]	Foundation and anchoring design challenges in civil engineering	2	2	2	2	-						2	3	2	1	2	1
[CO2]	Soil behavior relevant to foundation and anchoring systems.	2	2	2	3	-						2	3	3	2	2	1
[CO3]	Techniques used to investigate and characterize the ground for design	2	2	1	2	-						1	2	3	1	1	1
[CO4]	Technologies used to install or construct foundation and anchoring system	2	1	1	2	-						2	2	2	3	2	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Environment Engineering-II

Code: BTE26130

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

• Identify, formulate, analyze, and develop processes and technologies to meet desired environmental protection needs of society and formulate solutions that are technically sound, economically feasible, and socially acceptable

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Students will be able to understand key current environmental problems like level of pollution
- [CO2] Be able to identify and value the effect of the pollutants on the environment: atmosphere, water and soil.
- [CO3] Be able to analyze an industrial activity and identify the environmental problems.
- [CO4] Be able to plan strategies to control, reduce and monitor pollution.
- [CO5] Be able to select the most appropriate technique to purify and/or control the emission of pollutants.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

SEWAGE CHARACTERISTICS: General Terms: sewerage, domestic sewage, sewage treatment, disposal scope, Role of an Environmental engineer, historical overview. Quality parameters: BOD, COD, TOC, Solids, DO, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Standards of disposal into natural watercourses and on land, Indian standards

COLLECTION OF SEWAGE: Systems of sewerage, Separate, combined, and partially separate, components of sewerage systems, systems of layout, quantity of sanitary sewage and variations, quantity of storms water, rational method, shapes of sewer, Hydraulic design of sewers: diameter self-cleansing velocity and slopes, construction and testing of sewer line, Sewer materials, joints and appurtenances, Sewage pumping and pumping stations, maintenance of sewerage system.

SEWAGE TREATMENT: Various units: their purpose, sequence and efficiencies, preliminary treatment, screening and grit removal units, oil and grease removal, primary treatment, secondary treatment, activated sludge process, trickling filter, sludge digestion and drying beds, stabilization pond, septic tank, soakage systems, recent trends in sewage treatment, advanced wastewater treatment :nutrient removal, solids removal

WASTEWATER DISPOSAL AND REUSE AND GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES ROLE: Disposal of sewage by dilution, self- purification of streams, sewage disposal by irrigation sewage farming, wastewaters reuse. Government authorities and their roles in water supply, sewerage disposal. Solid waste management and monitoring/control of environmental pollution

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT: Domestic and Storm water, Quantity of Sewage, Sewage flow variations. Conveyance of sewage- Sewers, shapes design parameters, operation and maintenance of sewers, Sewage pumping; Sewerage, Sewer appurtenances, Design of sewerage systems. Small bore systems, Storm Water- Quantification and design of Storm water; Sewage and Sullage, Pollution due to improper disposal of sewage, National River cleaning plans, Wastewater treatment, aerobic and anaerobic treatment systems, suspended and attached growth systems, recycling of sewage – quality requirements for various purposes.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- T2. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. AarneVesilind, Susan M. Morgan, Thompson /Brooks/Cole; Second Edition 2008.
- T3. Peavy, H.s, Rowe, D.R, Tchobanoglous, G. Environmental Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill International Editions, New York 1985.
- T4. MetCalf and Eddy. Wastewater Engineering, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Manual on Water Supply and Treatment. Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi. Plumbing Engineering. Theory, Design and Practice, S.M. Patil, 1999
- R2. Integrated Solid Waste Management, Tchobanoglous, Theissen& Vigil. McGraw Hill Publication
- R3. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, Part A, B and C. Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Ministry of Urban Development

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COF	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	S				RELA' H PRO	TION GRAM	4
														SPEC	CIFIC COME		-
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 03	PS O 4
[CO1]	Students will be able to understand key current environmental problems like level of pollution	-	3	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	3	2	1	2
[CO2]	Be able to identify and value the effect of the pollutants on the environment: atmosphere, water and soil.	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	3
[CO3]	Be able to analyze an industrial activity and identify the environmental problems.	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	3
[CO4]	Be able to plan strategies to control, reduce and monitor pollution.	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
[CO5]	Be able to select the most appropriate technique to purify and/or control the emission of pollutants.	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Rural Water Supply and onsite Sanitation System

Code: BTE26317

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

• This course is design to explain the concepts behind water demand & supply and treatment of sewage.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Identify problems pertaining to rural water supply and sanitation.
- [CO2] Design water supply and sanitation system for rural community.
- [CO3] Design low cost waste management systems for rural areas.
- [CO4] Plan and design an effluent disposal mechanism

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. I types of leaves including medical

D. SYLLABUS

IMPORTANT AND SOURCE OF WATER: General: Importance of village community in India, Condition of Indian villages with special regard to economics, social and health aspects. Traditional sources of water in rural areas. Different types of wells, sanitary aspects in well construction, pumps used for village wells, Hand pump Technology, its operation and maintenance. Water harvesting techniques

QUALITY OF WATER AND COMMUNICABLE DISEASES: Estimation of total water requirement including cattle water demand, quality of water needed for village community, water quality surveillance, standards of water quality. Diseases and immunity, Source of communicable diseases, Mode of transfer, Control of communicable diseases, Guinea worm Eradication.

WATER TREATMENT AND SCHEMES OF RURAL WATER SUPPLY: Slow sand filter, horizontal roughing filter and their combination. Disinfection of rural water sources, Fluoride and its removal. Different Schemes of Rural water supply in Rajasthan, Their Design and project formulation including the programmes and standards laid by Govt. of India and Govt. of Rajasthan.

MILK AND FOOD SANITATION: Essentials of dairy farm and cattle shed sanitation, Tests for milk and dairy products, food epidemics, food poisoning, Botulism. Fly and Mosquito

control: Life cycle of flies and mosquitoes, various methods of flies and mosquito control.

RURAL SANITATION: Village latrines, VIP latrines, pour flush latrines, materials, construction and cost of the latrines, Pollution aspects and pollution travel from latrines. Storm water and sludge problems. Septic tank, soak pit, small-bore sewer system; its design and construction. Animal waste, method of composting, Biogas, collection and disposal ofwastes. Community Awareness and user participation: Planning of communication support in rural supply and sanitation projects.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Rural Water Supply & Sanitation Manual by Govt. of India
- T2. Municipal and Rural Sanitation E.W. Steel, McGraw Hill Book Co.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Reports of Rajeev Gandhi National Drinking Water Mission
- R2. The Innovator's Dilemma: The Revolutionary Book That Will Change the Way Clayton M. Christensen

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	zs			WITI SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Identify problems pertaining to rural water supply and sanitation.	-	3	-	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	3	2	2
[CO2]	Design water supply and sanitation system for rural community.	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	2
[CO3]	Design low cost waste management systems for rural areas.	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3
[CO4]	Plan and design an effluent disposal mechanism	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Design of Steel Structures

Code: BTE26134

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- To understand the concepts involved in the design of riveted and welded connections.
- To know the provisions of BIS code for design of built up section
- To identify short and long columns and their design provisions.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Design of riveted and welded connections.
- [CO2] Design of built up sections.
- [CO3] Ability to analyze and design of simple bolted and welded connections
- [CO4] Ability to design steel framing system and connections of a building in a team setting
- [CO5] Familiarity with structural steel fabrication process and construction through field trip and or speaker presentation

C. Assessment I lan.								
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks					
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20					
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5					
		Assignment	5					
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70					
Examination(ESE)								
Total			100					
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a					
		student to be qualified for taking up the End Semester examination						
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medica						
		leaves.						

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Steel structures, material properties, Limit states and design philosophies; analysis and design methods, Loads, partial safety factors and load combinations, analysis of roof for wind loads. Codes and standards. Section Classification: Plastic, compact, semicompact, and slender sections. Connections: Structural fasteners - Rivets, bolts and welds, strength under combined stresses, Bolted and Welded Connections - Simple and Eccentric and Column bases.

TENSION MEMBERS: Design based on net section including shear lag effects and block shear, lug angles. Compression members.

DESIGN OF MEMBER: Design for flexural and flexural-torsional buckling, Effective length factor: Sway and Non-sway frames, Local buckling, Built-up columns - Battens and lacings. Laterally Supported and Unsupported Beams

DESIGN STRENGTH USING SHEAR-MOMENT INTERACTION: Built-up beams, Shear buckling strength, Plate girders and design of stiffeners, Lateral torsional buckling, Effect of restraints and effective length.

BEAM-COLUMNS: Effect of axial load on flexure behavior, P-M interaction and moment amplification, Flexural torsional buckling and Bi-axial bending

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. McCormac, J.C., Nelson, J.K. Jr., Structural Steel Design. 3rd edition. Prentice Hall, N.J., 2003.
- T2. Gal ambos, T.V., Lin, F.J., Johnston, B.G., Basic Steel Design with LRFD, Prentice Hall, 1996
- T3. Segui, W. T., LRFD Steel Design, 2nd Ed., PWS Publishing, Boston.
- T4. Salmon, C.G. and Johnson, J.E., Steel Structures: Design and Behavior, 3rd Edition, Harper & Row, Publishers, New York, 1990.
- T5. Related Codes of Practice of BIS
- T6 .NBC, National Building Code, BIS (2017).
- T7. ASCE, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, ASCE 7-02, American Society of Civil Engineers, Virginia, 2002.
- T8. Subramanian, N. (2010). Steel Structures: Design and Practice, Oxford University Press.
- T9 Duggal, S.K. (2014). Limit State Design of Steel Structures, McGraw Hill.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. ASCE, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, ASCE 7-02, American Society of Civil Engineers, Virginia, 2002.
- R2. Subramanian, N. (2010). Steel Structures: Design and Practice, Oxford University Press.
- R3. Duggal, S.K. (2014). Limit State Design of Steel Structures, McGraw Hill.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	ŻS			WITI SPEC	RELA H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
		1	2	5	4	5	U	/	0	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Design of riveted and welded connections.	3	2	2	2	-	-					-	1	2	2	2	1
[CO2]	Design of built up sections.	3	2	2	2	-						-	1	2	2	2	1
[CO3]	Ability to analyze and design of simple bolted and welded connections	3	2	2	2	-						-	1	2	2	2	1
[CO4]	Ability to design steel framing system and connections of a building in a team setting	3	1	1	1	1						2	1	1	1	1	1
[CO5]	Familiarity with structural steel fabrication process and construction through field trip and or speaker presentation	3	3	3	1	1						2	1	3	1	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Earthquake Engineering

Code: BTE26318

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- To provide a coherent development to the student for the courses in the sector of earthquake engineering.
- To present the foundation of many basic engineering concept related earthquake engineering.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] The students will learn to understand the theoretical and practical aspects of earthquake engineering along with the planning and design aspect
- [CO2] The student will get the diverse knowledge of earthquake engineering practices apply to real life problems.
- [CO3] Describe the potential consequences of an earthquake
- [CO4] Differentiate between earthquake intensity and earthquake magnitude
- [CO5] Appreciate the enormous energies released by earthquakes

C. Assessment I lan.								
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks					
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20					
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5					
		Assignment	5					
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70					
Examination(ESE)								
Total			100					
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a					
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.					
		The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves including medical						
		leaves.						

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTORY SEISMOLOGY: Various terminology related with earthquake, Causes of earthquake, plate tectonics, Tsunami. Seismic wave propagation. Magnitude, intensity & energy of earthquake, magnitude & intensity scales, classifications of earthquakes, Seismic zoning case histories of earthquakes. Seismic hazards, induced hazards..

MEASUREMENT AND CAUSE OF EARTHQUAKE: Earthquake recording, Seismic instruments, Seismographs & Seismograms. Basic concept of liquefaction and isolation. Introduction to various IS related codes. Structural systems, Effects of earthquake on buildings in general, structural and nonstructural failures. Dynamic characteristics of buildings, natural period

of vibration, damping, stiffness etc. Seismic performance of traditionally built masonry constructions, typical failure mechanism of masonry buildings under earthquakes.

IS CODE PROVISION: IS 4326: 1993: Planning consideration & architectural concept, provisions for earthquake resistant construction/ seismic strengthening of masonry constructions.

SEISMIC PERFORMANCE OF REINFORCED CONCRETE BUILDINGS: Plan, elevation & stiffness irregularities & their effects. Typical earthquake damages of RC constructions, short column effect, soft storey effect, strong column-weak beam analogy. IS 13920: 1993: Ductile detailing of reinforced concrete buildings and shear wall concept. BEAM-COLUMNS: Effect of axial load on flexure behavior, P-M interaction and moment amplification, Flexural torsional buckling and Bi-axial bending

SEISMIC DESIGN PHILOSOPHY, IS 1893 (PART I):2002 CODALPROVISIONS: Load combinations, Design lateral loads, response reduction factors, structural modeling of building frames, and equivalent load method for earthquake analysis of multistory frames.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Structural Dynamics by Anil K Chopra, PearsonEducation.

T2. Dynamics of Structures by Clough & Penzin, McGraw Hill BookCo.

T3. Earthquake Engineering by PankajAgarwal& Manish Shree Khande, Prentice Hall ofIndia.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

T4. Earthquake Tips by C.V R. Murthy, IIT Kanpur.

T5. Earthquake-Resistant Design of Steel Structures by Duggal, Oxford UniversityPress

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES			
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	The students will learn to understand the theoretical and practical aspects of earthquake engineering along with the planning and design aspect	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	3	3	1
[CO2]	The student will get the diverse knowledge of earthquake engineering practices apply to real life problems.	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	3	2	2
[CO3]	Describe the potential consequences of an earthquake	3	1	2	1	3	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	3	2	1	1
[CO4]	Differentiate between earthquake intensity and earthquake magnitude	3	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	1	3
[CO5]							-	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	2	2	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Design of Concrete Structure-I Code: BTE26319

3 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

• This course aims at providing students with a solid background on principles of structural engineering design. Students will be exposed to the theories and concepts of both concrete and steel design and analysis both at the element and system levels. Hands-on design experience and skills will be gained and learned through problem sets and a comprehensive design project. An understanding of real-world open-ended design issues will be developed. Weekly recitations and project discussions will be held besides lectures

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Acquainted with basic information on various types of disasters
- [CO2] Knowing the precautions and awareness regarding various disasters
- [CO3] Decide first action to be taken under various disasters
- [CO4] Familiarized with organization in India which are dealing with disasters
- [CO5] Able to select IT tools to help in disaster management

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. I types of leaves including medical

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: concepts of energy principles, safety, sustainable development in performance; what makes a structure; principles of stability, equilibrium; what is a structural engineer, role of engineer, architect, user, builder; what are the functions' what do the engineers design, first principles of process of design

INTRODUCTION TO REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES: Basic material properties: stress- strain relation of concrete and reinforcing steel Planning and Design Process; Materials, Loads, and Design Safety; Behaviour and Properties of Concrete and Steel; Wind and Earthquake Loads Design philosophy: assumptions and code of practice.

SINGLY REINFORCED MEMBERS: Theory of singly reinforced members in bending, Design of simply supported and continuous beams with rectangular and flanged section,

LIMIT STATE METHOD: Limit state of collapse in shear, Design for bond, Design of oneway and two-ways lab systems

DESIGN COLUMN: Design of columns under uniaxial and biaxial bending, Design of footings and stair case

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Nilson, A. H.Design of ConcreteStructures.13th edition. McGraw-Hill ,2004

T2. McCormac, J.C., Nelson, J.K.Jr., Structural Steel Design. 3rdedition. Prentice Hall, N.J., 2003.

 $T3.\ Galambos, T.V., Lin, F.J., Johnston, B.G., Basic Steel Design with LRFD, Prentice Hall, 1996$

T4. Segui, W. T., LRFDSteel Design, 2nd Ed., PWSPublishing, Boston.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Salmon, C.G. and Johnson, J.E., Steel Structures: Design and Behavior, 3rdEdition, Harper & Row, Publishers, NewYork, 1990.
- R2. Mac Gregor, J.G. ,Reinforced Concrete: Mechanics and Design, 3rdEdition, Prentice Hall, NewJersey, 1997.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	ORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES				
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 03	PS O 4	
[CO1]	Acquainted with basic information on various types of disasters	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	3	1	
[CO2]	Knowing the precautions and awareness regarding various disasters	3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	3	2	2	
[CO3]	Decide first action to be taken under various disasters	3	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	2	
[CO4]	Familiarized with organization in India which are dealing with disasters	3	-	2	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3	
[CO5]	Able to select IT tools to help in disaster management	3	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	2	2	2	

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Transportation Engineering-I Lab Code: BTE25098 1 Credits | Semester VI

A. Introduction:

- To understand terminologies in contract and tender document and their significance.
- To know different types of contracts and their uses.
- To learn preparation of typical Tender documents for civil engineering work.
- To get acquainted with rent fixation and valuation of civil structures
- **B.** Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - [CO1] Understand various types of contract and when they are used
 - [CO2] Suggest the relevant type of contract for the given civil engineering work
 - [CO3] Prepare the typical Tender document for the given civil engineering work
 - [CO4] Decide type of payment for the executed work
 - [CO5] Justify the rent fixation and valuation of given civil structure

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks					
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	5					
Assessment (CIA)	Attendance	5					
	Assignment	5					
End Semester	End Semester Examination	35					
Examination(ESE)							
Total		50					
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by					
	a student to be qualified for tak	ing up the End Semester					
	examination. The allowance of 25% includes all types of leaves						
including medical leaves.							

D. SYLLABUS

SR. NO.	EXCERCISE/LAB WORK	LECTURES
	Any Eight	
1	Determination of Angularity Number for given aggregate sample.	2
2	Determination of Angularity number and Elongation index for given aggregate sample.	2
3	Specific Gravity and water absorption test of given sample of	2

	aggregate.	
4	Falsh and fire point test of Bitumen.	2
5	Penetration test on Bitumen material.	2
6	Marshall method of Mix Design.	2
7	Specific Gravity test on Bitumen materials	2
8	To Perform Ductility Test on Asphalt.	1
9	Softening point of Bitumen (Ring and Ball Apparatus)	1
10	CBR value of sub-grade soil dry CBR test	1
11	CBR value of sub-grade soil wet CBR test.	1
12	Study of Benkelman beam Apparatus	1

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, 'Highway Engineering', Revised 10th Edition, Nem Chand & Bros, 2017
- T2. Kadiyalai, L.R., 'Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning', Khanna Publishers.
- T3. Partha Chakraborty, 'Principles of Transportation Engineering, PHI Learning,

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S. Washburn, Walter P. Kilareski, 'Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis', 4th Edition, John Wiley
- R2. Srinivasa Kumar, R, Textbook of Highway Engineering, Universities Press, 2011, Monojit Chakraborti, Kolkata.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES			
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand various types of contract and when they are used	3	3	3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	1	1	3
[CO2]	Suggest the relevant type of contract for the given civil engineering work	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	1	1	2
[CO3]	Prepare the typical Tender document for the given civil engineering work	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[CO4]	Decide type of payment for the executed work	3	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	1	3
[CO5]	Justify the rent fixation and valuation of given civil structure	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-VII

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	A	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	A	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	A	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	A	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	A	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	A	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	A	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	A	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	А	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SCHEME OF THE STUDY SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA *	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	РСС	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER-IV

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	МС	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

SEMESTER VI

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC 3 3		100	70	20	5	5	
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII

				1	1		[r	
S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
	Elective IV								
1	Air and Noise Pollution and Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management								
	Elective V								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Prestressed Concrete								
	Open Elective II								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

End Mid Contact Term Term Type of Hours Total Theory/ Theory/ Attendan S.No CIA* Name of the Subject Credit Paper Per Marks Practic Practic ce Week al al Exam Exam Elective VI Bridge Engineering 1 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Ground Water Engineering Elective VII **Railway Engineering** 2 PEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Traffic Engineering and Management **Open Elective III** Soft Skills and Interpersonal 3 100 OEC 3 3 70 20 5 5 Communication Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior Open Elective IV Civil Engineering Design-I 4 OEC 3 3 100 70 20 5 5 Geographic Information Systems and Science **Practical** 5 Major Project PROJ 8 16 200 140 60 0 0 Extra- Curricular/ Co-PROJ 0 6 Curricular Activity 0 100 70 30 0 0 TOTAL 700 490 170 20 28 20 20

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA - Continuous Internal Assessment - Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1].Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2].Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3].Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4].Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels ,railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Air & Noise Pollution and Control Code: BTE27341

3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- An understanding of the nature and characteristics of air pollutants, noise pollution and basic concepts of air quality management
- Ability to identify, formulate and solve air and noise pollution problems
- Ability to design stacks and particulate air pollution control devices to meet applicable laws.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Different models of dispersion
- [CO2] Air quality measurement and the standards set by different organizations.
- [CO3] Sampling Methods and collection techniques
- [CO4] Measurement of Air Quality
- [CO5] Basic of Noise Pollution & its control

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Air pollution: composition and structure of atmosphere, global implications of air pollution. Classification of air pollutants: particulates, hydrocarbon, carbon monoxide, oxides of sulphur, oxides of nitrogen and photochemical oxidants. Indoor air pollution, Effects of air pollutants on humans, animals, property and plants. Dispersion and interaction of pollutants, Air quality, Mass balance approaches, Box model approaches, Air quality dispersion-modeling approaches, Water quality, Mass balance approaches, Aquatic ecosystem modeling approaches, Air and water chemistry

MEASUREMENT OF AIR QUALITY: Air pollution chemistry, meteorological aspects of air pollution dispersion; temperature lapse rate and stability, wind velocity and turbulence, plume behavior, dispersion of air pollutants, the Gaussian Plume Model, stack height and dispersion. Different measurement methods, Monitoring and modeling of indoor and ambient air quality,

Emission inventory, Key meteorological data, Pollution of surface and ground water resources and control mechanisms, Baseline monitoring of surface waters, Ground water quality, Mitigation measures.

AIR SAMPLING & COLLECTION: Ambient air quality and standards, air sampling and measurements; Ambient air sampling, collection of gaseous air pollutants, collection of particulate air pollutants, stack sampling Control devices for particulate contaminants: gravitational settling chambers, cylone separators, wet collectors, fabric filters (Bag-house filter), electrostatic precipitators (ESP).

CONTROL OF GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS: Control of gaseous contaminants: Absorption, Adsorption, Condensation and Combustion, and Control of sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, and hydrocarbons. Automotive emission control, catalytic convertor, Euro-I, Euro-II and Euro-III specifications, Indian specifications.

NOISE POLLUTION: Basics of acoustics and specification of sound; sound power, sound intensity and sound pressure levels; plane, point and line sources, multiple sources; outdoor and indoor noise propagation Psycho-acoustics and noise criteria, effects of noise on health, annoyance rating schemes special noise environments: Infra-sound, ultrasound, impulsive sound and sonic boom; noise standards and limit values; noise instrumentation and monitoring procedure. Noise indices

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Peavy, Rowe and Tchobanoglous: Environmental Engineering.
- T2. Martin Crawford: Air Pollution Control Theory.
- T3. Warkand Warner: Air Pollution: Its Origin and Control.
- T4. Rao and Rao: Air Pollution Control Engineering.
- T5. Keshav Kant and Rajni Kant, "Air Pollution and Control Engineering", Khanna Publishing House.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. C.S. Rao, Air pollutionand control
- R2. Environmental Noise Pollution PE Cunniff, McGraw Hill, New York, 1987
- R3. Nevers: Air Pollution Control Engineering.
- R4. M. P. Poonia and S C Sharma," Environmental Engineering, Khanna Publishing House.
- R5. My cock, Mc Kenna and Theodore: Handbook of Air Pollution Control Engineering and Technology. Suess and Crax ford: W.H.O. Manualon Urban Air Quality Management OP Gupta,Elements of Environmental Polluton Control, Khanna Publishing House.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	2S			CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		РО	O PO											PS	PS	PS	PS			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04			
[CO1]	Different models of dispersion	3	2	-	1	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	1	-			
[CO2]	Air quality measurement and the standards set by different organizations.	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	1	-	2	-	1	2	2	1	2			
[CO3]	Sampling Methods and collection techniques	3	2	2	2	-	2	2	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	-			
[CO4]	Measurement of Air Quality	2	2	-	2	2	-	2	1	1	-	2	1	2	2	1	1			
[CO5]	Basic of Noise Pollution & its control	-	2	1	-	2	2	3	1	2	1	-	1	2	2	1	-			

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Solid & Hazardous Waste Management

Code: BTE27342

3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- To provide comprehensive overview of solid, biomedical and hazardous waste management.
- To provide knowledge on solid waste management design aspects.
- To learn about the different methods of solid waste management

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Knowledge of the solid waste generation and its types
- [CO2] Apply methods to dispose solid wastes depending upon hazardous level.
- [CO3] Design of landfill sites
- [CO4] Take measures for minimization of waste.
- [CO5] The current site remediation facilities present in the country.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Solid Wastes: Origin, Analysis, Composition and Characteristics. Integrated Solid Waste Management System: Collection, Storage, Segregation, Reuse and Recycling possibilities, Transportation, Treatment / Processing and Transformation Techniques, Municipal solid waste, Composition and various chemical and physical parameters of MSW, MSW management: Collection, transport, treatment and disposal of MSW. Special MSW: waste from commercial establishments and other urban areas, solid waste from construction activities, biomedical wastes, Effects of solid waste on environment: effects on air, soil water surface and ground health hazards. Disposal of solid waste-segregation, reduction at source, recovery and recycle. Disposal methods- Integrated solid waste management. **DISPOSAL MANAGEMENT:** Final Disposal. Management of: Municipal, Biomedical, Nuclear, Electronic and Industrial Solid Wastes and the rules and regulations. Introduction to Hazardous wastes, Definition of Hazardous waste, Landfilling methods Design goals, basis, and variables Design of landfill cover and drainage/liner systems

DESIGN OF LANDFILL SITE: The magnitude of the problem; Hazardous waste: Risk assessment, Environmental legislation, Characterization and site assessment Status, types, principles, equipment used, application ranges, and Comparisons of different treatment facilities General design criteria and special requirements.

WASTE MINIMIZATION: Waste minimization and resource recovery, Transportation of hazardous waste, Physical, chemical and biological treatment, Ground water contamination, Landfill disposal, Principles and techniques of Waste minimization ;Examples of waste types and phase separation processes; Design criteria and examples

SITE REMEDIATION FACILITIES: Current Management Practices, Environmental audit, Pollution Prevention, Facility Development and operation, Site Remediation: Quantitative risk assessment, site and subsurface characterization, Containment, remedial alternatives. Case Studies: Sanitary Landfills, Hazardous Waste Landfill, Radioactive Waste Treatment/Landfill

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Tchobanoglous G., Theissen H., and Eliassen R.(1991), "Solid Waste Engineering -Principles and Management Issues", McGraw Hill, New York.
- T2. PavoniJ.L(1973)., "Handbook of Solid Waste Disposal".
- T3. Peavy, Rowe and Tchobanoglous (1985), "Environmental Engineering", McGraw Hill Co. 4th Edition
- T4. Mantell C.L., (1975), "Solid Waste Management", John Wiley.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. CPHEEO, Manual on Municipal Solid waste management, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organisation, Government of India, New Delhi, 2000.
- R2. WHO Manual on Solid Waste Management.
- R3. Vesiland A.(2002), "Solid Waste Engineering", Thompson Books.
- R4. Hazardous waste (management and handling) rules, 2001
- R5. Biomedical (Handling and Management) Rules 2008

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES PS PS PS PS										
		PO	O PO												PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	O 4
[CO1]	Knowledge of the solid waste generation and its types	3	2	-	1	2	2	3	1	-	-	-	1	2	2	1	-
[CO2]	Apply methods to dispose solid wastes depending upon hazardous level.	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	1	-	2	-	1	2	2	1	2
[CO3]	Design of landfill sites	3	2	2	2	-	2	2	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	-
[CO4]	Take measures for minimization of waste.	2	2	-	2	2	-	2	1	1	-	2	1	2	2	1	1
[CO5]	The current site remediation facilities present in the country.	-	2	1	-	2	2	3	1	2	1	-	1	2	2	1	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Design of Concrete Structure-II Code: BTE27343 3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- Ability to perform analysis and design of members of a structure
- Ability to design water tanks.
- Ability to design retaining walls

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Knowledge of continuous beam design
- [CO2] Understand various parameters associated with design of water tanks
- [CO3] Understand the different types of stair cases
- [CO4] Knowledge of Retaining Wall Design.
- [CO5] Understand the design concept of framed structures.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

DESIGN OF CONTINUOS BEAMS: Design of continuous beams and building frames, Moment redistribution, Estimation of wind and seismic loads Desirable features of earthquake resistant construction, Detailing for earthquake resistant construction – ductility criteria

WATER TANKS: Types of water tanks, Design of circular water tanks resting on ground with rigid base Design of circular water tanks resting on ground with flexible base, Design of overhead water tank (Intz type tank).

DESIGN OF STAIR CASES: General specifications, Types of stair cases, Loads on stair cases, Effective span of stairs, Design of dog legged stair case, Design of open well stair case

DESIGN OF RETAINING WALL: General specifications, Forces acting on retaining walls Stability consideration, Wall proportioning Design of cantilever type retaining walls Design of counterfort type retaining walls

MULTI-STOREY BUILDING FRAMES: Introduction to multi-storey building frames Analysis of multi- storey frames, Method of substitute frames.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Pillai, S. U., Mennon, D., "Reinforced Concrete Design", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- T2. Raju, N. K., "Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design", CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2013.
- T3. Sinha, S. N., "Reinforced Concrete Design", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2007.
- T4. IS 456: 2000, "Plain and Reinforced Concrete Code of Practice", 4th Revision, BIS, New Delhi.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. SP 16: "Design Aid for RC to IS: 456-1978", BIS, New Delhi.
- R2. SP 34: "Handbook on Concrete Reinforcement and Detailing", BIS, New Delhi.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	ŻS			CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES						
		PO	PO											PS	PS	PS	PS			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04			
[CO1]	Knowledge of continuous beam design	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	-			
[CO2]	Understand various parameters associated with design of water tanks	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	2	-			
[CO3]	Understand the different types of stair cases	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	1			
[CO4]	Knowledge of Retaining Wall Design.	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	3	-			
[CO5]	Understand the design concept of framed structures.	3	3	3	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	2	1			

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Prestressed Concrete

Code:BTE27344

3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- This course deals with the introduction and design of prestressed concrete members.
- Ability to analyze a prestressed structure and the losses included

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understanding of behavior of prestressed concrete structure which is an advanced topic of civil engineering.
- [CO2] Design, analysis, detailing and construction of prestressed concrete structural.
- [CO3] Ability to determine dflecural strength
- [CO4] Ability to solve deflections
- [CO5] Ability to obtain the mechanism of transfer of prestress.

C. Assessment Plan:			
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION TO PRESTRESSING: Basic concepts of prestressing, High strength concrete and steel, Stress-strain characteristics and properties various prestressing systems, Pretensioning and Post- tensioning systems with anchorages Advantages and limitations of prestressed concrete.

ANALYSIS OF SECTIONS FOR FLEXURE: Basic assumptions, Analysis of stresses in concrete due to pre- stress and loads for different types of cross section Pressure line or thrust line, Cable profile, Concept of load balancing, Cracking moment.

LOSSES OF PRESTRESS & DEFLECTION: Nature of losses in pre-stress, Various losses encountered in pretensioning and post tensioning methods, Deflection, Factors influencing deflection, Elastic deflection under transfer loads and due to different cable profile. Deflections limits as per IS-1343. Effects of creep on deflection crack widths.

FLEXURAL & SHEAR STRENGTH OF PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SECTIONS: Types of flexural failure, IS code recommendations for flexure Ultimate flexural strength of section. Shear and principal stresses Ultimate shear resistance of prestressed concrete members, Shear reinforcement

TRANSFER OF PRESTRESS: Transmission of pre-stress in pre-tensioned members, Transmission length, Bond stresses Codal provisions for bond and transmission length, Anchorage stress in post- tensioned member. Bearing stress and bursting tensile force, IS code provisions.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Raju, N. K., "Pre-stressed concrete", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1st Edition, 2012.
- T2. Ramamruthum, S., "Pre-stressed Concrete", DhanpatRai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Lin, T. Y., Burns, N. H., "Design of pre- stressed Concrete Structures", John Wiley and Sons. New York, 3rd Edition, 1981.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI		CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES										
		PO 1											PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4	
[CO1]	Understanding of behavior of prestressed concrete structure which is an advanced topic of civil engineering.	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	-
[CO2]	Design, analysis, detailing and construction of prestressed concrete structural.	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	2	-
[CO3]	Ability to determine flexural strength	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	1
[CO4]	Ability to solve deflections	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	3	-
[CO5]	Ability to obtain the mechanism of transfer of prestress.	3	3	3	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	2	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Metro Systems & Engineering Code: BTE27345 3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- Understand the advancement in railway engineering.
- Understand the concept of railway engineering with the perspective of other engineering branches.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Understand the various types of metro systems
- [CO2] Role of Civil Engineering in Metro Rail Technology
- [CO3] Role of Electronics & Communication Engineering in Metro Rail Technology
- [CO4] Role of Mechanical Engineering in Metro Rail Technology
- [CO5] Role of Electrical Engineering in Metro Rail Technology

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Overview of Metro Systems; Need for Metros, Routing studies; Basic Planning and Financials

CIVIL ENGINEERING ASPECT: Overview and construction methods for: Elevated and underground Stations; Viaduct spans and bridges; Underground tunnels; Depots; Commercial and Service buildings Initial Surveys & Investigations; Basics of Construction Planning & Management Construction Quality & Safety Systems. Traffic integration, multimodal transfers and pedestrian facilities; Environmental and social safeguards Track systems-permanent way. Facilities Management

ELECTRICONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING ASPECTS: Signaling systems; Automatic fare collection, Operation Control Centre (OCC and BCC); SCADA and

other control systems; Platform Screen Doors.

MECHANICAL & TV + AC ENGINEERING ASPECTS: Rolling stock, vehicle dynamics and structure; Tunnel Ventilation systems. Air conditioning for stations and buildings; Fire control systems; Lifts and Escalators.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING ASPECTS: OHE, Traction Power; Substations- TSS and ASS; Power SCADA; Standby and Back-up systems; Green buildings, Carbon credits and clear air mechanics.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Practical Railway Engineering by Clifford F Bonnet, Imperial College Press.
- T2. Railway Engineering by Satish Chandra & MM Agarwal, Oxford Publications.
- T3. Railway Engineering by SC Saxena& SP Arora, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
- T4. Contact Lines for Electric Railways: Planning, Design, Implementation & Maintenance by Kiessing, Puschmann, Schmieder, Schneider; Siemens Publications.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Handbook of Research on Emerging Innovations in Rail Transportation Engineering by B. Umesh Rai; IGI Global Publisher of Timely Knowledge.
- R2. Industrial Automation with SCADA: Concept, Communications and Security by KS Manoj; Notion Press.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	2S			WIT SPEC	RRELATION FH PROGRAM ECIFIC FCOMES		
		PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	O 4
[CO1]	Understand the various types of metro	3	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	-
	systems																
[CO2]	Role of Civil Engineering in Metro Rail Technology	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	2	-
[CO3]	Role of Electronics & Communication	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	1
	Engineering in Metro Rail Technology																
[CO4]	Role of Mechanical Engineering in Metro	2	2	2	1	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	3	-
	Rail Technology																
[CO5]	Role of Electrical Engineering in Metro Rail Technology	2	2	3	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	-	2	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: History of Science & Engineering Code: BTE27346 3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- To provide a better understanding of the advancement in science & technology with time.
- To understand the role of various researchers and engineers in the advancement of technology

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Development of science wrt different branches
- [CO2] Science & Technology during Medieval India
- [CO3] Science & Technology during Coloniel India
- [CO4] Indian Scientis& their contributions
- [CO5] Civil Engineers & their roles

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY- THE BEGINNING: Development in different branches of Science in Ancient India: Astronomy, Mathematics, Engineering and Medicine. Developments in metallurgy: Use of Copper, Bronze and Iron in Ancient India Development of Geography: Geography in Ancient Indian Literature

DEVELOPMENT IN SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY IN MEDIEVAL INDIA: Scientific and Technological Developments in Medieval India; Influence of the Islamic world and Europe; The role of maktabs, madrasas and karkhanas set up Developments in the fields of Mathematics, Chemistry, Astronomy and Medicine Innovations in the field of agriculture - new crops introduced new techniques of irrigation etc.

DEVELOPMENT IN SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY IN COLONIAL INDIA: Early European Scientists in Colonial India- Surveyors, Botanists, Doctors, under the Company's Service. Indian Response to new Scientific Knowledge, Science and Technology in Modern India: Development

of research organizations like CSIR and DRDO; Establishment of Atomic Energy Commission; Launching of the space satellites.

PROMINENT SCIENTIST OF INDIA & THEIR ACHIEVEMENT: Mathematics and Astronomy: Baudhayan, Aryabhtatta, Brahmgupta, Bhaskaracharya, Varahamihira, Nagarjuna Medical Science of Ancient India (Ayurveda & Yoga): Susruta, Charak, Yoga &Patanjali. Scientists of Modern India: Srinivas Ramanujan, C.V. Raman, Jagdish Chandra Bose, HomiJehangirBhabha and Dr. Vikram Sarabhai.

GREAT RESEARCHERS & PROJECTS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING: Sir M. Visvesvaraya, Kanwar Sen, E. Sreedharan and their contribution to Indian Civil Engineering. John Smeaton and his contribution to Civil Engineering Case Studies of ongoing mega-projects

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Landmarks in Western Science: From Prehistory to the Atomic Age by Peter Whitfield

T2. The Timetables of History: A Horizontal Linkage of People and Events by Bernard Grun, Daniel J. Boorstind

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

- R1. Science and Technology in World History: An Introduction by J. E. I. McClellan and H. Dorn
- R2. The Timetables of Science: A Chronology of the Most Important People and Events in the History of Science by Alexander Hellemans and Bryan Bunch

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	S			WITI SPEC	H PRO CIFIC	RELATION I PROGRAM IFIC COMES			
		PO <							PS	PS	PS	PS							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04		
[CO1]	Development of science wrt different branches	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	3	-		
[CO2]	Science & Technology during Medieval India	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	1	2	-		
[CO3]	Science & Technology during Colonial India	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	1		
[CO4]	Indian Scientist& their contributions	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	3	-		
[CO5]	Civil Engineers & their roles	3	3	3	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	-	2	1		

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: River Engineering

Code: BTE27347

3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- To provide a better understanding of river associated problems.
- To understand the river hydraulics and the sedimentation.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] To get knowledge of fluvial geomorphology
- [CO2] To understand concept of analysis of river flow hydraulics
- [CO3] To be able to analyses hydraulic geometry and to design stable alluvial channels
- [CO4] To be able to do fluvial design for river bank protection
- [CO5] To be able to understand the environmental aspect of river engineering

C. Assessment Plan:			
Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

ELEMENTS OF RIVER ENGINEERING: Origin and properties of sediments, river problems, control of vegetation and river morphology. Stable channel and their geometry, flow around river bends, braided river and meandering river

SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENTS YIELD: Types of erosion, mechanism of soil erosion sediment delivery ratio, and process based modeling of soil erosion.

HYDRAULICS OF STREAM: Incipient motion, modes of sediment transport, bed-forms, resistance to flow in alluvial rivers bed load transport, suspended load transport Hydraulics geometry of gravel Bed Rivers, armoring, bed forms and resistance to flow in gravel Bed Rivers.

BED LEVEL VARIATIONS IN STREAM: Degradation, local scour, Aggradations Reservoir sedimentation, mathematical modeling for river bed variations

RIVERS AND ENVIRONMENT: Environmental effects of hydraulic structures, Structures, River Pollution, River action Plans, Stream restoration

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Rosgen, D., "Applied River Morphology", Wildland Hydrology books, Pagosa Springs, 1996.
- T2. Graf, W. H., Altinakar, M. S., "Fluvial Hydraulics: Flow and Transport Processes in Channels of Simple Geometry", John Wiley, 1999

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Garde, R. J., "River Morphology", New Age International, 2006.

R2. Julin, P. Y., "Erosion and Sedimentation", Cambridge University Press, 1998.

R3. Jansen, P. P. H., "Principles of River Engineering", VSSD Publications, 1994.

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	Ουτο	COME	zs			WIT SPEC	RRELATION FH PROGRAM ECIFIC TCOMES		
									PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4					
[CO1]	To get knowledge of fluvial geomorphology	3	3	2	1	-	1	-	1	1	2	-	1	2	-	3	-
[CO2]	To understand concept of analysis of river flow hydraulics	3	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	2
[CO3]	To be able to analyses hydraulic geometry and to design stable alluvial channels	3	3	2	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	1
[CO4]	To be able to do fluvial design for river bank protection	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	1	2	-	-	2	3	1	3	2
[CO5]	To be able to understand the environmental aspect of river engineering	3	3	3	2	-	1	2	-	1	2	2	2	2	-	2	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Summer Internship-II

Code: BTE27349 3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction:

- Following are the intended objectives of internship training:
- Will expose Technical students to the industrial environment, which cannot be simulated in the classroom and hence creating competent professionals for the industry.
- Provide possible opportunities to learn understand and sharpen the real time technical / managerial skills required at the job.
- Exposure to the current technological developments relevant to the subject area of training.
- Experience gained from the 'Industrial Internship' in classroom will be use in classroom discussions.
- Create conditions conducive to quest for knowledge and its applicability on the job

B. Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	30
Assessment (CIA)		
End Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)		
Total		100
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance	e is required to be maintained by
	a student to be qualified for taki	ing up the End Semester
	examination. The allowance of	25% includes all types of leaves
	including medical leaves.	

GUIDELINES FOR INTERNSHIP

Summer Internship –II should be undertaken in an industry only

S.No.	Suggested Schedule	Suggested Duration (In weeks)	Activities
1	Summer/winter vacation after 4th Semester	4-6	Inter/Intra Institutional Activities

Subject:Minor Project Code:BTE27348 3 Credits | Semester VII

A. Introduction: The objective of this course is to prepare students to use applications of the theory and practical learned during the course. It will also help students to develop an industry or research oriented project. This course helps students how to carry out project/studies in the field of interest of the student or as given by the industry.

B.Assessment Plan:

Criteria	Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous Internal	Internal Examination	30
Assessment (CIA)		
End Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)		
Total		100
Attendance	A minimum of 75% Attendance is	s required to be maintained by a
	student to be qualified for taking u	p the End Semester examination.
	The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
	leaves.	

GUIDELINES FOR PROJECT

Minor Project should be based on real/live problems of the Industry/Govt./NGO/MSME/Rural Sector or an innovative idea having the potential of a Startup and this project to be carried over to next semester.



Syllabus of B.Tech. in Civil Engineering Semester-VIII

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand

School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering Scheme of Study (w.e.f Batch 2020-24)

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics–I	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	А	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	В	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	А	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	В	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	А	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	В	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	В	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	А	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	В	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
9	Engineering Graphics & Design	А	0-0-2	2
	Workshop Practices	В	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –I

Sr. No.	Name of the Subject	Group	L-T-P	Credit
1	Engineering Mathematics-II	A & B	3-1-0	4
2	Engineering Chemistry	В	3-0-0	3
	Programming for Problem Solving	А	3-0-0	3
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	В	3-1-0	4
	Engineering physics	А	3-1-0	4
4	Engineering Mechanics	В	3-0-0	3
	English for Communication	А	3-0-0	3
5	Constitution of India	А	0-0-0	0
	Practical			
6	Engineering Chemistry Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Physics Lab	А	0-0-1	1
7	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	А	0-0-2	2
8	Engineering Mechanics Lab	В	0-0-1	1
	Engineering Graphics& Design	В	0-0-2	2
9	Workshop Practices	А	0-0-2	2
	TOTAL	A or B	12-2-5	19

SEMESTER –II

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –I (Group-A)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –I	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER I (Group-B)

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attenda nce
1	Engineering physics	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics –II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	English for Communication	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Constitution of India	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
6	Engineering physics Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
8	Workshop Practices	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	26	600	420	105	37.5	37.5

SEMESTER II (Group-A)

S.N o	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Mathematics–II	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	ESC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
4	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
6	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
7	Engineering Mechanics Lab	ESC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Graphics& Design	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		19	24	600	420	100	40	40

SEMESTER –II (Group-B)

SEMESTER-III

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA *	Attendanc e
1	Engineering Mathematics -III	BSC	4	4	100	70	20	5	5
2	Biology for Engineers	BSC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Surveying & Geomatics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Introduction to Civil Engineering	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Environmental Science	MC	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	Practical								
7	Surveying & Geomatics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Mechanics of Solid	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	ESC	2	4	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		20	26	700	490	125	42.5	42.5

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Engineering Geology	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Structural Analysis - I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Geotechnical Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Civil Engineering-Societal & Global Impact	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
7	Material Testing & Evaluation	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
8	Engineering Geology Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	26	800	560	140	50	50

SEMESTER-IV

SEMESTER V

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Hydraulic Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Structural Analysis II	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
3	Hydrology & Water Resource Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
4	Environmental Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
5	Open Elective I Humanities I Professional Practice, Law & Ethics Organizational Behavior	HSMC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Disaster Preparedness & Planning	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
7	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	МС	0	2	50	35	10	2.5	2.5
	PRACTICAL								
8	Hydraulic Engineering Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
9	Structural Analysis II Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
10	Summer Internship –I (3-4 week)	PROJ	2	0	50	35	15	0	0
	TOTAL		22	24	800	560	155	42.5	42.5

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credi t	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory / Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
1	Construction Engineering & Management	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Transportation Engineering-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
6	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Elective I								
3	Rock Mechanics	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Foundation Engineering								
	Elective II								
4	Environmental Engineering II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Rural water supply & Onsite Sanitation System								
	Elective III								
6	Design of Steel Structure	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Earthquake Engineering								
7	Design of Concrete Structures-I	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
8	Transportation Engineering I Lab	PCC	1	2	50	35	5	5	5
	TOTAL		22	23	750	525	145	40	40

SEMESTER VII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practical Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practical Exam	CIA*	Attendance
	Elective IV								
1	Air and Noise Pollution and Control	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Solid and hazardous Waste Management								
	Elective V								
2	Design of Concrete Structure - II	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Prestressed Concrete								
	Open Elective II								
3	Metro System & Engineering	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	History of Science & Engineering								
4	River Engineering	PCC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Minor Project	PROJ	3	6	100	70	30	0	0
6	Summer Internship –II –(4-6 Week)	PROJ	3	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		18	18	600	420	140	20	20

SEMESTER VIII

S.No	Name of the Subject	Type of Paper	Credit	Contact Hours Per Week	Total Marks	End Term Theory/ Practic al Exam	Mid Term Theory/ Practic al Exam	CIA*	Attendan ce
	Elective VI								
1	Bridge Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Ground Water Engineering								
	Elective VII								
2	Railway Engineering	PEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
2	Traffic Engineering and Management	TEC	5	5	100	70	20	5	5
	Open Elective III								
3	Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication Human Resource Development and Organizational Behavior	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Open Elective IV								
4	Civil Engineering Design-I Geographic Information Systems and Science	OEC	3	3	100	70	20	5	5
	Practical								
5	Major Project	PROJ	8	16	200	140	60	0	0
6	Extra- Curricular/ Co- Curricular Activity	PROJ	0	0	100	70	30	0	0
	TOTAL		20	28	700	490	170	20	20

Sl. No	Type of Paper	No. of Paper	Total Credit
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses (HSMC)	4	12
2	Basic Science courses(BSC)	8	24
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc(ESC)	9	20
4	Professional core courses (PCC)	26	60
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch(PEC)	7	21
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects (OEC)	3	9
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere(PROJ)	5	16
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition](MC)	3	0
	Total	65	162

Distribution of Credit across 8 semesters:

CIA – Continuous Internal Assessment – Based on Projects / Assignment during the semester

Note:

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program (For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.

There are two groups (A & B) in semester 1 & 2. The Group division will be decided by The Dean SoE & IT before commencement of classes

ARKAJAIN University, Jharkhand School of Engineering & IT Department of Engineering Faculty – Bachelor of Technology in Civil Engineering PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

After completing this undergraduate program, a learner:

[PO.1]. Engineering knowledge: An ability to apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to get the solution of the engineering problems.

[PO.2]. Problem analysis: Ability to Identify, formulates, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems.

[PO.3]. Design/Development of Solutions: Ability to design solutions for complex Engineering Problems by considering social, Economic and Environmental aspects.

[PO.4]. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge to design, conduct analyses experiments to get valid conclusion.

[PO.5]. Modern tool usage: ability to create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, and to model complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

[PO.6]. The engineer and society: Ability to apply knowledge by considering social health, safety, legal and cultural issues.

[PO.7]. Environment and sustainability: Understanding of the impact of the adopted engineering solutions in social and environmental contexts.

[PO.8]. Ethics: Understanding of the ethical issues of the civil engineering and applying ethical principles in engineering practices.

[PO.9]. Individual and teamwork: Ability to work effectively as an individual or in team, as a member or as a leader.

[PO.10]. Communication: An ability to communicate clearly and effectively through different modes of communication.

[PO.11]. Project management and finance: Ability to handle project and to manage finance related issue.

[PO.12]. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

[PSO.1]. Professional skills – The ability to analyze and design civil engineering structures as per the guidelines in Indian standards and other relevant codes like buildings, bridges, tunnels ,railways, airports, water and sewage treatment plants etc

[PSO.2]. Problem solving skills – The ability to managed large infrastructural projects by making use of latest techniques of project management for optimum utilization of resources via man, material and money.

[PSO.3]. Successful Career and Entrepreneurship – Strong desire to acquire modern scientific knowledge by pursuing higher studies, which will lead them to identify problems in the civil engineering domains and thereby become entrepreneur to propose solution

[PSO.4]. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community & with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend & write effective reports & design documentation, make effective presentations & give & receive clear instructions

Subject: Bridge Engineering Code: BTE28365 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To discuss basic definitions, types, and components of bridges.
- To understand standard specification for bride design.
- To perform design of various slab type reinforced concrete bridges.
- To perform design of bridges sub-structures, bearings and joints.
- To have knowledge of quality control and maintenance aspects of bridges.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Define the load-flow mechanisms and identify loads on bridges.
- [CO2] Interpret the load-carrying capacity of various types of bridges.
- [CO3] Execute the concepts of proportioning and design of bridges in terms of aesthetics, geographical location and functionality.
- [CO4] Select a design of bridge starting from conceptual design, selecting suitable bridge, geometry to sizing of its elements.
- [CO5] Design short and medium span bridges, using existing codes of practice.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: General; classification of bridges, site selection, geometric and hydraulic design consideration, loading. Standards for highway and railway bridges, general design consideration; optimum spans

REINFORCED CONCRETE & STEEL BRIDGES: Concrete bridges: culverts; Slab, Tbeam, box girder bridges, balanced cantilever bridge, cable stayed bridge, arch bridge; Special requirements for Prestressed Concrete bridges; Steel bridges: plate girder bridge, truss bridge, suspension cable bridge, cable stayed bridge

BRIDGE SUBSTRUCTURE: Substructures: design of piers and abutments, pile and well foundations

JOINTS & BEARINGS: Bearings and expansion joints, special wearing coats; seismic design considerations;

STABILITY AND MAINTENANCE: Aerodynamic stability considerations; special durability Measures. Provisions for inspection and maintenance;

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. Design of Bridges N.Krishna Raju
- T2. RCC Designs- B.C. Punmia

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Design of Bridge Structures- T.R.Jagadeesh& M.A. Jayaram

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

CO	STATEMENT	COI	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	XS			WIT SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAN	1
		PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Define the load-flow mechanisms and identify loads on bridges.	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	-	-
[CO2]	Interpret the load-carrying capacity of various types of bridges.	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	1	-
[CO3]	Execute the concepts of proportioning and design of bridges in terms of aesthetics, geographical location and functionality.	3	3	3	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	2	3	3	2	1
[CO4]	Select a design of bridge starting from conceptual design, selecting suitable bridge, geometry to sizing of its elements.	2	3	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	2	3	2	-
[CO5]	Design short and medium span bridges, using existing codes of practice.	2	2	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	3	3	2	-

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Ground Water Engineering Code: BTE28389 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To introduce engineers to groundwater topics
- To survey the fundamental science of hydrogeology
- To introduce the distribution and movement of water through geologic formations
- To explore the mathematical models of fluid flow and methods for solving these equations
- To address practical groundwater engineering problems

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Recall the basic concepts of Hydrogeology, Well Hydraulics and Groundwater Management.
- **[CO2]** Address practical groundwater engineering problems.
- [CO3] Characterize the subsurface using aquifer tests, transport and remediation of contaminants, and innovations in groundwater management.
- [CO4] Select the best method of Surface and Subsurface investigation.
- [CO5] Develop a conceptual model of an area's hydrogeology that can be used to guide a site investigation or engineering design project.

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. I types of leaves including medical

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

GROUNDWATER RESOURCE: Groundwater hydrology, well hydraulics and well construction, geophysical explorations, Problems and perspectives regarding groundwater in India; Groundwater quality and management of groundwater resources;

HYDROGEOLOGY: Hydrogeology: Darcy's Equation; flow characteristics; general flow equations; unsaturated flow;

WELL HYDRAULICS: Well Hydraulics: Steady and unsteady radial flows in aquifers; partially penetrating wells; multiple well systems; Characteristic well losses; specific capacity,

Surface and Subsurface investigations (Geologic methods; remote sensing; geophysical explorations; electrical resistivity and seismic refraction)

WATER WELLS: Water Wells: Construction; completion, development, protection and rehabilitation of wells; Groundwater quality

GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT: Groundwater Management: Basin management, investigations, conjunctive use, modeling, artificial recharge; Saline water intrusion

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Soil and Water conservation engineering – Dr. R. Suresh

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Groundwater Hydrology - M.Karamouz, A. Ahmadi, M. Akhbari

R2. Hydrogeology Groundwater Science and Engineering – Alain Dassargues

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

CO	STATEMENT	CO	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTO	COME	ES			COR	RELA	TION	
														WIT	H PRO	GRAN	1
														SPEC	CIFIC		
														OUT	COME	ES	
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	O 4
[CO1]	Recall the basic concepts of Hydrogeology, Well Hydraulics and Groundwater Management.	2	1	-	1	1	3	1	-	-	1	-	2	2	2	2	1
[CO2]	Address practical groundwater engineering problems.	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	-
[CO3]	Characterize the subsurface using aquifer tests, transport and remediation of contaminants, and innovations in groundwater management.	2	2	-	2	2	3	1	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	-	1
[CO4]	Select the best method of Surface and Subsurface investigation.	2	1	-	1	2	3	1	1	-	1	-	1	2	1	2	1
[CO5]	Develop a conceptual model of an area's hydrogeology that can be used to guide a site investigation or engineering design project.	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	-	1	3	2	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Railway Engineering Code:BTE28366 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To introduce the fundamental principles for railway engineering
- To develop the concepts of basic track geometry parameters
- To make the students understand the influence of railway transportations in the society
- To make the students understand the process of execution of railway projects

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

[CO1]Understand the basic concepts of Track components, geometric design, track and railway maintenance.

- [CO2] Demonstrate different Interlocking and modern Signal Systems in Railways.
- [CO3] Analyze various facets of geometric design of tracks.
- [CO4] Select the most suitable method of track maintenance, rehabilitation and renewal of track.
- [CO5] Develop simple track layout.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
			up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Railway track gauge, alignment of railway lines, engineering surveys and construction of new lines, Tracks and track stresses; rails, sleepers; ballast; subgrade and formation,

GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF TRACK: Track fittings and fastenings, creep of rails, geometric design of track, curves and super-elevation, points and crossings, Track junctions and simple track layouts; rail joints and welding of rails;

TRACK MAINTENANCE: Track maintenance, track drainage; modern methods of track maintenance, rehabilitation and renewal of track; tractive resistance and power,

RAIL STATIONS & SIGNALLING: Railway stations and yards; railway tunneling; signaling and interlocking;

RAILWAY MANTENANCE: Maintenance of railways and high speed trains.

E. TEXT BOOKS

- T1. A Textbook of Railway Engineering S.C. Saxena, S. P. Arora
- T2. Railway Engineering Rangwala

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. . Railway Engineering - Satish Chandra, M.M. Agarwal

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	zs			WIT SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	Understand the basic concepts of Track components, geometric design, track and railway maintenance.	2	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	-
[CO2]	Demonstrate different Interlocking and modern Signal Systems in Railways.	3	1	2	2	3	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	2	1	-	1
[CO3]	Analyze various facets of geometric design of tracks.	2	1	3	1	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	3	3	2	1	2
[CO4]	Select the most suitable method of track maintenance, rehabilitation and renewal of track.	2	2	-	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	3	-
[CO5]	Develop simple track layout.	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	3	2	-	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Traffic Engineering & Management Code:BTE28367 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To have an overall knowledge of the traffic components and assess the traffic characteristics and related problems
- To develop a strong knowledge base of traffic planning and its management in any transportation area.
- To provide knowledge of traffic control devices and its techniques in transportation interaction.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Have a basic understanding of Traffic Forecast, Accident Analysis and Traffic Simulation.
- **[CO2]** Estimate the basic characteristics of traffic stream.
- **[CO3]** Conduct traffic studies and analyse traffic data.
- [CO4] Determine the capacity of highways.
- [CO5] Design traffic signal system.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

TRAFFIC FORECAST: Traffic Forecast: General travel forecasting principles, different methods of traffic forecast - Mechanical and analytical methods, Demand relationships, methods for future projection; Design Hourly Volume for Varying Demand Conditions: Concept of Design vehicle units and determination of PCU under mixed traffic conditions, Price-volume relationships, demand functions. Determination of design hourly volume; critical hour concept;

HIGHWAY CAPACITY: Highway Capacity: Factors affecting capacity, level of service; Capacity studies - Capacity of different highway facilities including un-signalised and signalised intersections. Problems in Mixed Traffic flow; Case studies; **ACCIDENT ANALYSIS:** Accident Analysis: Analysis of individual accidents and statistical data; Methods of representing accident rate; Factors in traffic accidents Influence of roadway and traffic conditions on traffic safety; accident coefficients; Driver strains due to roadway and traffic conditions;

TRAFFIC FLOW THEORY: Traffic Flow Theory: Fundamental flow relationship and their applications, Traffic flow theories and applications; Shock waves; Queuing theory and applications Probabilistic Aspects Of Traffic Flow: Vehicle arrivals, distribution models, gaps and headway distribution models; gap acceptance merging parameters, delay models, applications;

CONCEPT OF TRAFFIC SIMULATION: Simulation: Fundamental principle, application of simulation techniques in traffic engineering Formulation of simulation models, Case studies. Formulation of system models.

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning – Dr. L.R. Kadiyali

T2. Textbook of Highway and Traffic Engineering - Subhash C. Saxena

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Traffic & Highway Engineering - Nicholas J. Garber, Lester A. Hoel

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	S			WITI SPEC		GRAM	1
		РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	O 2	03	04
[CO1]	Have a basic understanding of Traffic Forecast, Accident Analysis and Traffic Simulation.	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	2	-	1
[CO2]	Estimate the basic characteristics of traffic stream.	2	3	2	2	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	2	2	3	-	2
[CO3]	Conduct traffic studies and analyse traffic data.	2	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	2	-	2
[CO4]	Determine the capacity of highways.	2	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	-
[CO5]	Design traffic signal system.	1	3	3	1	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	2	2	3	1	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication Code: BTE25386 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To give each student a realistic perspective of work and work expectations
- To guide students in making appropriate and responsible decisions
- To create a desire to fulfill individual goals
- To educate students about unproductive thinking, self-defeating emotional impulses, and self- defeating behaviors.

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] State the Corporate communication culture.
- [CO2] Implement Corporate Social Responsibility and Ethics.
- [CO3] Acquire corporate email, mobile and telephone etiquette.
- [CO4] Judge presentation and entrepreneurial skills of individuals.
- [CO5] Develop business reports and proposals expected of a corporate professional.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. l types of leaves including medical

D. SYLLABUS

LANGUAGE ENHANCEMENTS: English Language Enhancement: Verbs and tenses, Phrasal verbs, Synonyms, Antonyms, Homonyms - Descriptive Words, Combining Sentences, Business Idioms, Indianisms in English

ART OF COMMUNICATION: Art of Communication, Communication process- Non-verbal Communication- Effective Listening. Interpersonal and Intra Personal Communication Skills-Self-Awareness- Self-Esteem and Confidence- Assertiveness and Confidence- Dealing with Emotions-

TEAM CONCEPT: Team Concept- Elements of Teamwork- Stages of Team Formation-Effective Team-Team Player Styles-Leadership

CAMPUS TO COMPANY: Campus to Company- Dressing and Grooming- The Corporate Fit-Business Etiquette Communication; media etiquette

PRESENTATION & ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILLS: Group Discussions, Interviews, and Presentation Skills. Interview handling skills- Effective Resume-- Common Interview Mistakes-Body-language Content Aid, Visual Aids- Entrepreneurial Skills Development. Reading

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. K.Alex, Soft Skills: Know Yourself & Know The world, S. Chand; 2009.

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1 Robert M. Sherfield, Developing Soft Skills, Montgomery and Moody Fourth Edn. Pearson, 2009.

R2. Robert Bramson, Coping with Difficult People, Dell, 2009

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	CS			WIT SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COMF	GRAM	Л
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS 0 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	State the Corporate communication culture.	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	3	3	1	2	-	-	2	3
[CO2]	Implement Corporate Social Responsibility and Ethics.	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	3	3	2	-	2	-	-	3	2
[CO3]	Acquire corporate email, mobile and telephone etiquette.	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	3	3
[CO4]	Judge presentation and entrepreneurial skills of individuals.	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	3	3
[CO5]	Develop business reports and proposals expected of a corporate professional.	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	3	3	-	3	-	1	3	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Human Resource Development &Organizational Behavior Code: BTE26387 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

[CO1] Define the key ideas and issues in OB.

- [CO2] Interpret the dynamics of human behavior in work context.
- [CO3] Examine the determinants of work behavior from different levels.
- [CO4] Judge the issues in OB that influence the way people behave in an organizational setting.

[CO5] Develop competencies of analyzing behavioral issues in the work environment

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		A minimum of 75% Attendance	is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes all	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

C. Assessment Plan:

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Study of OB: Definition, Meaning, Why Study OB, Learning- Nature of Learning, How learning occurs, Learning and OB

INDIVIDUAL BEHAVIOUR & MOTIVATION: Foundations of Individual Behaviour: Personality- Meaning and Definition, Determinants of Personality, Personality Traits, Personality and OB Perception- Meaning and Definition, Perceptual Process, Importance of Perception in OB Motivation- Nature and Importance, Herzberg's Two Factor Theory, Maslow's Need Hierarchy Theory, Alderfer's ERG Theory, Evaluations

ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR PROCESSES: Communication- Importance, Types, Gateways and Barriers to Communication, Communication as a tool for improving interpersonal effectiveness. Groups in Organisations- Nature, Types, Why do people join groups, Group cohesiveness and Group Decision making. Managerial Implications, Effective Team building

LEADERSHIP & CONFLICT MANAGEMENT: Leadership & Management, Theories of leadership- Trait theory, Leader, Behaviour theory, Contingency Theory, Leadership, Leadership

and Followership, How to be an effective leader Conflict- Nature of Conflict and conflict resolution An introduction to transactional analysis

ORGANISATION CULTURE & HRM: Organisational Culture- Meaning & Definition, Culture and Organisational effectiveness Introduction to Human Resource Management-Selection, Orientation, Training& Development, Performance Appraisal, Incentives Organisational Changes- Importance of Change, Planned Change and OB techniques International Organisational Behaviour- Trends in International Business, Cultural Differences and Similarities, Individual and Interpersonal Behaviour in global perspective

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Keith Davis, Organizational Behavior, McGraw Hill

T2.K.Aswathappa, Organizational Behavior, Himalaya Publishing House

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Stephen P. Robbins, Organizational Behavior, Prentice Hall of India

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	RREL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	ES			WIT SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	ſ
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
			2	5	•		Ū	,	0	,	10		12		02	0.5	04
[CO1]	Define the key ideas and issues in OB.	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	3	2	3	-	1	-	-	2	3
[CO2]	Interpret the dynamics of human behavior in work context.	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	3	3
[CO3]	Examine the determinants of work behavior from different levels.	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	2	-	-	3	3
[CO4]	Judge the issues in OB that influence the way people behave in an organizational setting.	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	3
[CO5]	Develop competencies of analyzing behavioural issues in the work environment	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	2	3

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Civil Engineering Design-I Code:BTE28368 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To introduce the concept of Design.
- To explain the role of geomatics in Civil Engineering Drawing.
- To make the students understand the scientific laws in design
- To interpret the need of Site appraisal and Safety in Design To explain the concept of EIA

B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

- [CO1] Define the concept of Design and EIA.
- [CO2] Demonstrate the role of Geomatics in Civil Engineering Design.
- [CO3] Examine the importance of modern tools and software in design.
- [CO4] Judge the relevance of Site Appraisal and Safety in Design.
- **[CO5]** Develop the Plan of a Building using modern tools.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance			is required to be maintained by a
		student to be qualified for taking	up the End Semester examination.
		The allowance of 25% includes al	l types of leaves including medical
		leaves.	

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION: Concept of design and its contribution to the quality of life;

CIVIL ENGINEERING DESIGN: Civil Engineering Design, the role of geomatics, the environment, and scientific laws in design Introduction to the design of buildings and Civil Engineering Infrastructure,

APPRAISAL &EIA :Site appraisal; Risk and vulnerability in design; Health and safety in Civil Engineering Design, Environmental impact assessment;

INTRODUCTION TO CAD: Civil Engineering drawing, CAD techniques

GIS :Introduction to GIS technique

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Drawing for Civil Engineering, Second Edition – Jan A van der Westhuizen

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Principles of Applied Civil Engineering Design - Ying-Kit Choi

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	REL	ATIO	N WI	TH P	ROGI	RAM	OUTC	COME	zs			WIT SPEC	RELA' H PRO CIFIC COME	GRAM	1
		РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PS	PS	PS	PS
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	01	02	03	04
[CO1]	Define the concept of Design and EIA.	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	1	1	-	2	2	-	-	1
[CO2]	Demonstrate the role of Geomatics in Civil Engineering Design.	2	1	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	2	-	1	1
[CO3]	Examine the importance of modern tools and software in design.	2	1	1	-	2	-	1	1	2	1	-	3	2	-	3	1
[CO4]	Judge the relevance of Site Appraisal and Safety in Design.	2	2	-	-	-	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	1	1	2
[CO5]	Develop the Plan of a Building using modern tools.	1	1	-	-	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	-	3	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Subject: Geographic Information Systems & Science Code: BTE28369 3 Credits | Semester VIII

A. Introduction:

- To comprehend fundamental concepts and practices of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and advances in Geospatial Information Science and Technology
- To apply basic graphic and data visualization concepts
- To give examples of interdisciplinary applications of Geospatial Information Science and Technology.
- To apply GIS analysis to address geospatial problems and/or research questions
- B. Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to
 - [CO1] State the basic concepts of GIS and list the software/hardware requirements for implementing GIS Project.
 - [CO2] Demonstration of geospatial features in computing environment.
 - [CO3] Analyse spatial and attribute data for solving spatial problems.
 - [CO4] Judge the relationship of GIS to GPS and satellite generated data.
 - [CO5] Create GIS and cartographic outputs for presentation.

C. Assessment Plan:

Criteria		Description	Maximum Marks
Continuous	Internal	Internal Examination	20
Assessment (CIA)		Attendance	5
		Assignment	5
End	Semester	End Semester Examination	70
Examination(ESE)			
Total			100
Attendance		student to be qualified for taking	is required to be maintained by a up the End Semester examination. I types of leaves including medical

D. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION TO GIS: Investigation of geographic information systems (GIS) and science (GI Science) including theory and applications areas.

GIS SOFTWARES: Use of a current widely-used GIS computer software system.

GEOGRAPHIC DATA: Aspects of geographic data entry and editing, spatial analysis, and map development and display

GIS & GPS: Relationship of GIS to the Global Positioning System (GPS) and satellite generated data

E. TEXT BOOKS

T1. Fundamentals of Geographic Information System – Debashis Chakraborty, Rabi N. Sahoo T2. Introductory Geographic Information Systems – John R. Jensen, Ryan R. Jensen

F. REFERENCE BOOKS

R1. Principles of Geographical Information System - Peter A. Burrough, Rachael A. McDonnell

G. Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs)

СО	STATEMENT	COI	CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES											CORRELATION WITH PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES			
		PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4
[CO1]	State the basic concepts of GIS and list the software/hardware requirements for implementing GIS Project.	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
[CO2]	Demonstration of geospatial features in computing environment.	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	-	2	2	-	1	2	1	1	2
[CO3]	Analyse spatial and attribute data for solving spatial problems.	2	3	-	1	3	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	2
[CO4]	Judge the relationship of GIS to GPS and satellite generated data.	3	1	-	1	3	1	-	-	2	2	-	1	2	1	1	2
[CO5]	Create GIS and cartographic outputs for presentation.	3	2	-	1	3	1	-	-	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Major Project-II Code:BTE28364 8 Credits | Semester VIII

The object of Project Work & Dissertation is to enable the student to extend further the investigative study, either fully theoretical/practical or involving both theoretical and practical work, under the guidance of a Supervisor from the Department alone or jointly with a Supervisor drawn from R&D laboratory/Industry. This is expected to provide a good training for the student(s) in R&D work and technical leadership. The assignment to normally include:

- 1. In-depth study of the topic assigned in the light of the Report;
- 2. Review and finalization of the Approach to the Problem relating to the assigned topic;
- 3. Preparing an Action Plan for conducting the investigation, including team work;
- 4. Detailed Analysis/Modeling/Simulation/Design/Problem Solving/Experiment as needed;
- 5. Final development of product/process, testing, results, conclusions and future directions;
- 6. Preparing a paper for Conference presentation/Publication in Journals, if possible;
- 7. Preparing a Dissertation in the standard format for being evaluated by the Department.
- 8. Final Seminar Presentation before a Departmental Committee.

Extra-Curricular/Co-Curricular Activity Code: BTE28390 0 Credits | Semester VIII

AICTE Activity Points to be earned by students admitted to Degree program(For more details refer to Chapter 6, AICTE, Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines):

Every regular student, who is admitted to the 4 year Degree program, is required to earn 100 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. Students entering 4 years Degree Program through lateral entry are required to earn 75 activity points in addition to the total credits earned for the program. The activity points earned by the student shall be reflected on the students 8th Semester grade card.

The activities to earn the points can be spread over the duration of the course. However, minimum prescribed duration should be fulfilled.

Activity Points (non-credit) have no effect on SGPA/CGPA and shall not be considered for vertical progression.

Incase student fail to earn the prescribed activity points, Eight semester Grade Card shall be issued only after earning the required activity Points.

Students shall be eligible for the award of degree only after the release of the Eight Semester grade card.